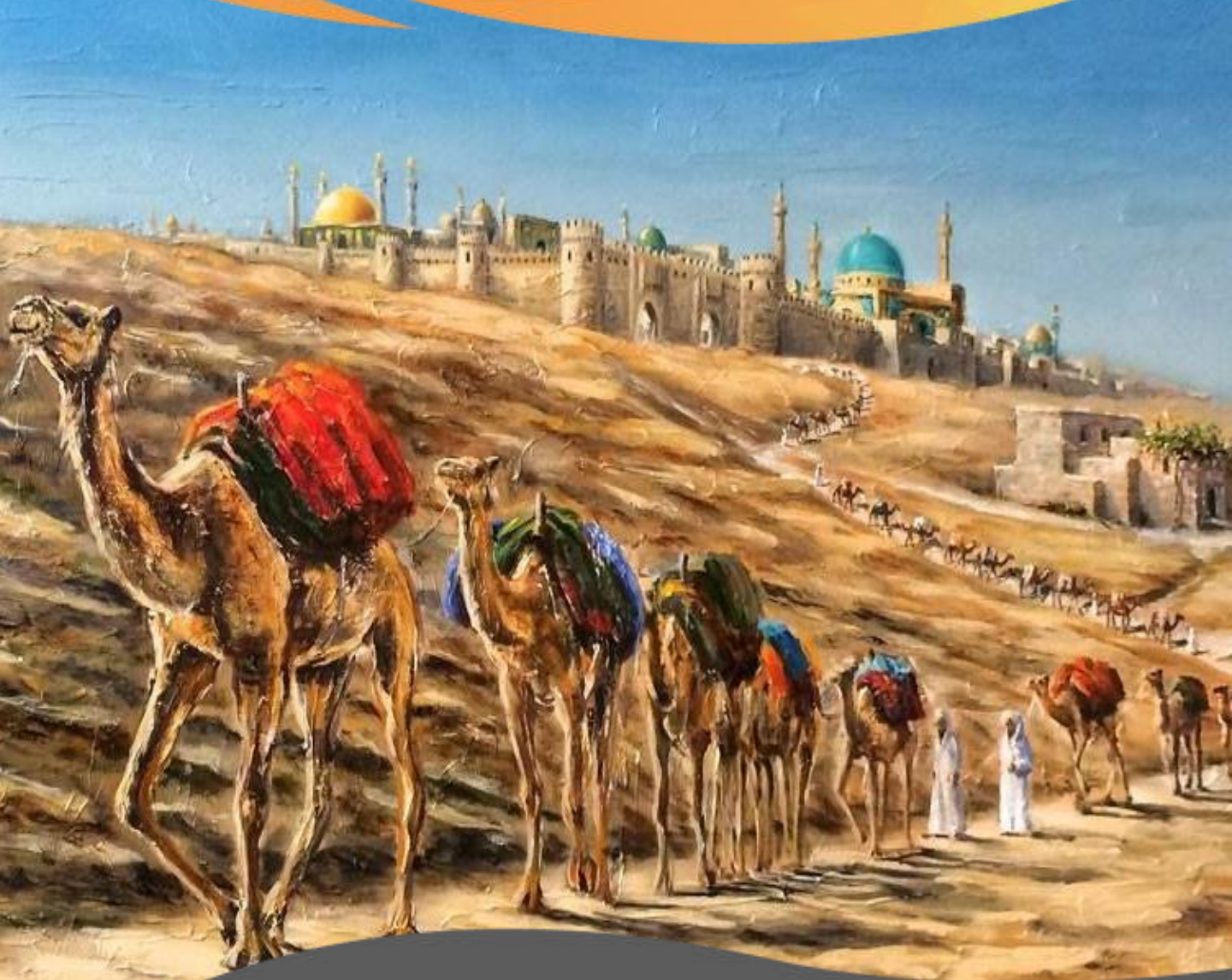




FOREIGN TRADE TURNOVER OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN



*(preliminary data
for January 2021)*

The strategy for the development of the economy of Uzbekistan aims to create a diversified and competitive economy, the maximum use of national resources with the involvement of innovative technologies and new methods of market management. An important role in this process is played by the development of foreign economic activity as the end result of the policy implemented in the country, which directly affects the standard of living of the population.

At the end of January 2021, the republic's foreign trade turnover reached **2 303.0** million US dollars, which, compared to the same period in 2020, decreased by **657.6** million US dollars (a decrease of **22.2%**).



DYNAMICS OF STRUCTURE OF FOREIGN TRADE TURNOVER

(for January, million US dollars)

	2020	2021	Growth rate, in %	Specific weight, in %
Foreign trade turnover	2 960,5	2 303,0	77,8 %	x
Export 	1 286,5	694,8	54,0 %	100,0
 <i>products</i>	568,3	528,9	93,1	76,1
 <i>services</i>	228,5	165,9	72,6	23,9
 <i>gold</i>	489,8	-	-	-
Import 	1 674,0	1 608,1	96,1 %	100,0
 <i>products</i>	1 487,9	1 552,3	104,3	96,5
 <i>services</i>	186,2	55,8	30,0	3,5
 Balance	-387,5	-913,3	x	x
Export without gold	796,7	694,8	87,2 %	x

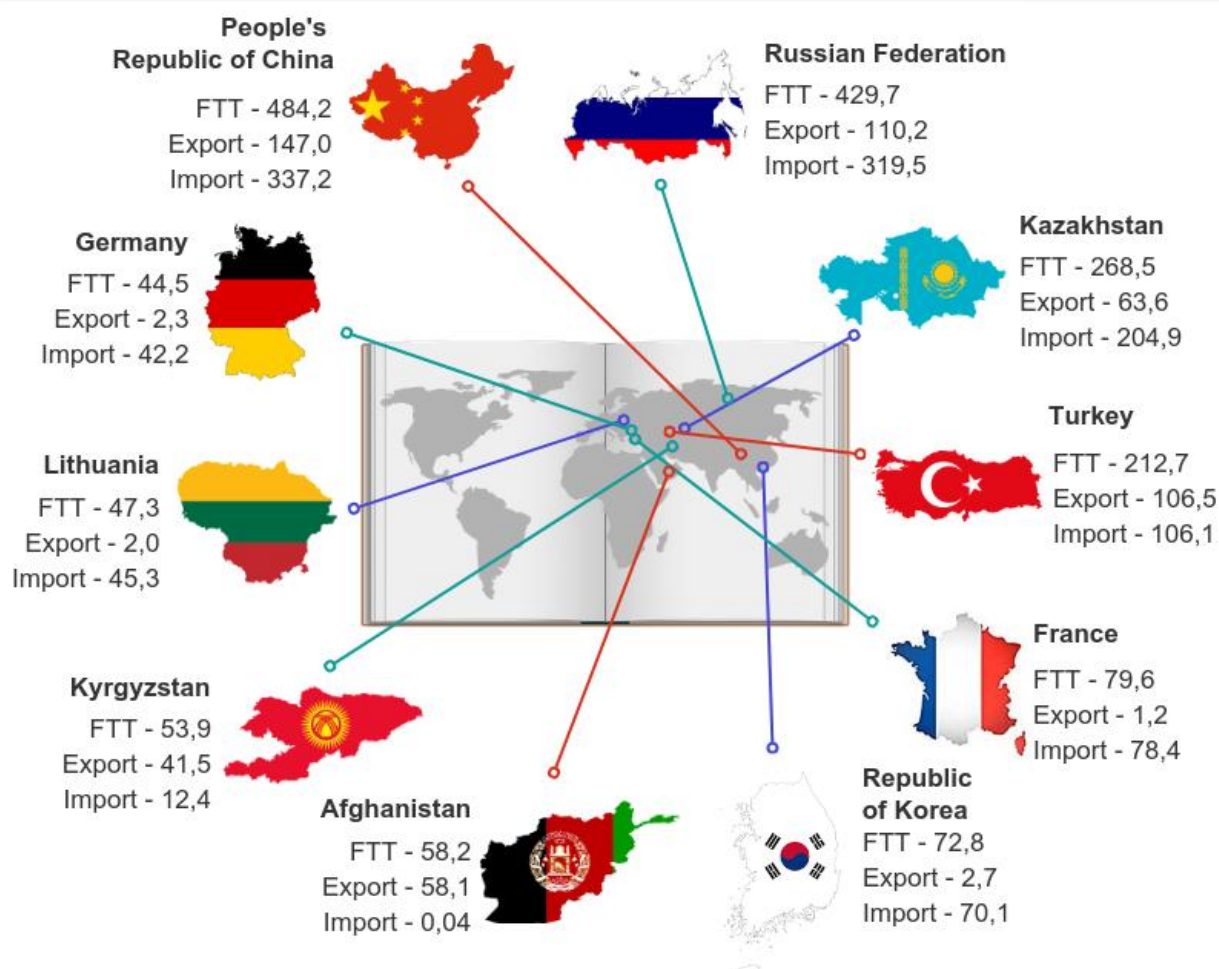


For reference: When compiling statistics on foreign trade in goods of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the United Nations International Standard Trade Classification (hereinafter - SITC) is used, which allows for analytical purposes to group exported and imported goods. Assignment of SITC codes to goods is carried out using transition keys between the HS and SITC.

Of the total volume of the FTT, exports amounted to **694.8** million US dollars (by January 2020, a decline of **46.0%** was noted), and imports – **1 608.1** million US dollars (a decrease by **3.9%**). As a result, the foreign trade balance amounted to a passive balance in the amount of **913.3** million US dollars.

TOP TEN COUNTRIES WITH THE LARGEST TRADE TURNOVER WITH THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN

(for January 2021, million US dollars)



The necessary resource base has been created in the republic to ensure stable and uninterrupted operation of enterprises and branches of the real economy. As a result of an increase in the production of products that replaced imported goods and the diversification of industrial production, significant changes have been achieved in the structure of exports.

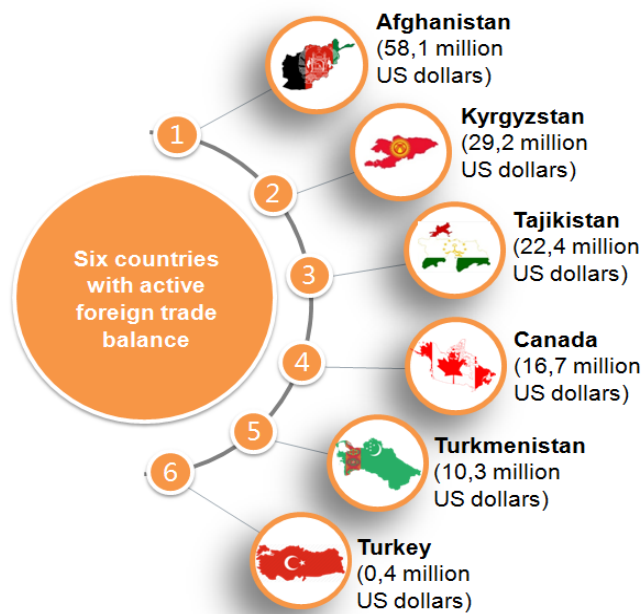
In addition, the strengthening of relations with neighboring states is noted, a lot of work is being done to develop relations in the socio-economic, commercial, industrial and cultural spheres with these countries.

In particular, in recent years there have been significant changes in the WTO with neighboring states, for example, with such as Kazakhstan and Kyrgyzstan. The presence of an active foreign trade balance with Afghanistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Canada, Turkmenistan and Turkey can be viewed as a positive result in the country's foreign trade.



SIX COUNTRIES WITH AN ACTIVE FOREIGN TRADE BALANCE

(for January 2021, million US dollars)



Among the 20 large partner countries in foreign economic activity, there is also an active foreign trade balance with six countries, in particular with such as Afghanistan (**58.1** million US dollars), Kyrgyzstan (**29.2** million US dollars), Tajikistan (**22.4** million US dollars), Canada (**16.7** million US dollars), Turkmenistan (**10.3** million US dollars) and Turkey (**0.4** million US dollars). A passive balance of foreign trade turnover remains with the rest of the 14 countries.











Today Uzbekistan carries out trade relations with almost **128** countries of the world. The largest volume of foreign trade turnover was recorded with the PRC (**21.0%**), the Russian Federation (**18.7%**), Kazakhstan (**11.7%**), Turkey (**9.2%**), France (**3.5%**), the Republic of Korea (**3.2%**) and Afghanistan (**2.5%**).



DYNAMICS OF LARGE PARTNER COUNTRIES IN THE FOREIGN TRADE TURNOVER OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN

(for January, million US dollars)













Countries	2019	2020	2021
 PRC	494,1	513,7	484,2
<i>Export</i>	170,0	163,0	147,0
<i>Import</i>	324,1	350,7	337,2
 Russian Federation	362,2	470,6	429,7
<i>Export</i>	103,2	170,7	110,2
<i>Import</i>	258,9	299,9	319,5
 Kazakhstan	242,1	221,5	268,5
<i>Export</i>	70,2	56,0	63,6
<i>Import</i>	171,9	165,5	204,9
 Turkey	153,6	168,9	212,7
<i>Export</i>	78,4	97,9	106,5
<i>Import</i>	75,2	71,0	106,1
 France	28,3	6,7	79,6
<i>Export</i>	22,8	1,7	1,2
<i>Import</i>	5,5	5,0	78,4
 Republic of Korea	246,1	191,8	72,8
<i>Export</i>	5,5	4,6	2,7
<i>Import</i>	240,6	187,2	70,1
 Afghanistan	30,3	50,2	58,2
<i>Export</i>	30,2	50,0	58,1
<i>Import</i>	0,2	0,2	0,04
 Kyrgyzstan	24,1	37,7	53,9
<i>Export</i>	18,7	26,0	41,5
<i>Import</i>	5,4	11,7	12,4
 Lithuania	37,4	29,1	47,3
<i>Export</i>	1,8	1,2	2,0
<i>Import</i>	35,7	27,9	45,3
 Germany	40,6	46,6	44,5
<i>Export</i>	2,4	5,5	2,3
<i>Import</i>	38,3	41,1	42,2



DYNAMICS OF LARGE PARTNER COUNTRIES IN THE FOREIGN TRADE TURNOVER OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN *(for January, million US dollars)*




Countries	2019	2020	2021
 India	32,3	28,1	44,2
<i>Export</i>	0,9	1,5	2,5
<i>Import</i>	31,4	26,7	41,8
 Ukraine	30,7	26,1	37,0
<i>Export</i>	6,8	6,9	7,6
<i>Import</i>	23,9	19,3	29,4
 Turkmenistan	49,9	37,1	36,7
<i>Export</i>	5,0	7,7	23,5
<i>Import</i>	44,9	29,4	13,2
 Brazil	26,1	26,7	30,6
<i>Export</i>	0,0001	0,001	0,6
<i>Import</i>	26,1	26,7	30,0
 Tajikistan	27,7	41,3	30,2
<i>Export</i>	17,7	29,9	26,3
<i>Import</i>	10,0	11,4	3,9
 Italy	17,1	36,6	27,7
<i>Export</i>	1,3	2,1	1,3
<i>Import</i>	15,7	34,5	26,4
 Latvia	30,0	32,1	22,7
<i>Export</i>	2,5	4,7	3,8
<i>Import</i>	27,4	27,4	18,8
 Canada	0,8	0,8	21,6
<i>Export</i>	0,03	0,03	19,1
<i>Import</i>	0,8	0,8	2,5
 Poland	8,1	12,0	17,6
<i>Export</i>	2,6	4,7	4,5
<i>Import</i>	5,5	7,3	13,1
 Iran	21,7	29,3	16,3
<i>Export</i>	9,8	15,9	7,7
<i>Import</i>	11,9	13,5	8,6



VOLUME AND RATE OF GROWTH OF FOREIGN TRADE TURNOVER BY REGIONS OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN (for January 2021)



	Volume, million US dollars	Growth rate, in %
Republic of Uzbekistan	2 303,0	77,8
Republic of Karakalpakstan	53,9	122,1
<i>regions:</i>		
Andijan	130,0	59,8
Bukhara	47,1	61,7
Jizzakh	32,4	119,0
Kashkadarya	26,0	74,4
Navoi	73,4	106,3
Namangan	70,9	105,7
Samarkand	132,4	130,4
Surkhandarya	31,7	122,2
Syrdarya	79,2	2,3 t.
Tashkent	348,0	89,9
Fergana	108,5	116,6
Khorezm	58,3	171,8
Tashkent city	1 045,9	121,0

Highest volume,
million US dollars

Tashkent city – 1 045,9

Tashkent – 348,0

Samarkand – 132,4

Lowest volume,
million US dollars

Jizzakh – 32,4

Surkhandarya – 31,7

Kashkadarya – 26,0

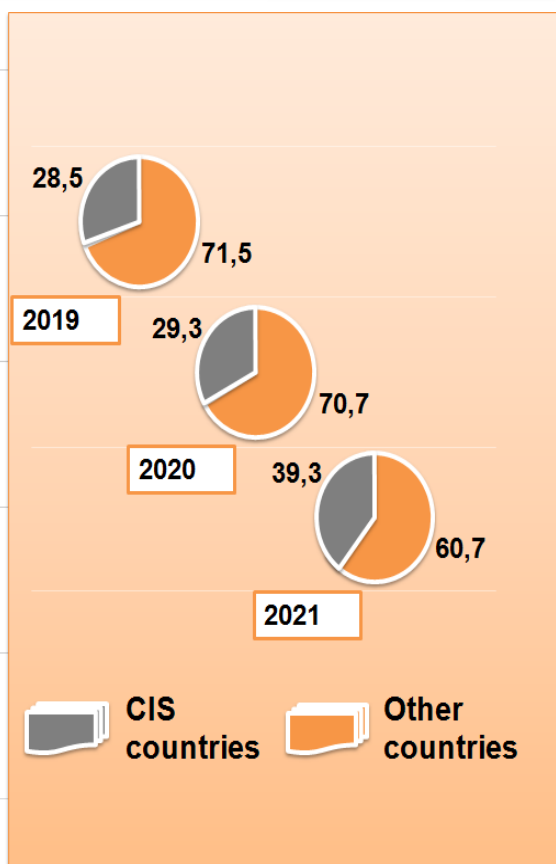
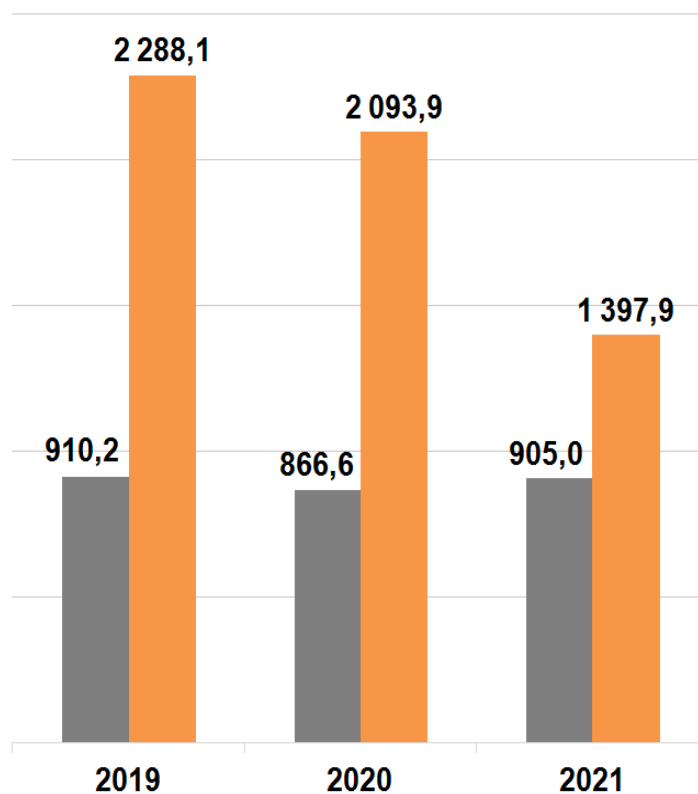
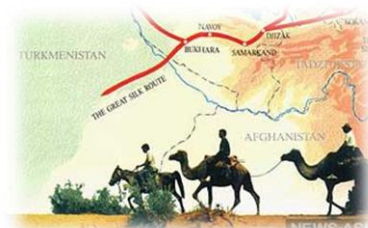
In the structure of the republic's foreign trade turnover, a significant share is noted in the city of Tashkent, which is **45.4%**, or **1 045.9** million US dollars.

In this structure, the smallest share was recorded at the level of **1.1%**, or **26.0** million. US dollars, which is marked in Kashkadarya region. .



One third of the FTT volume falls on the CIS countries and, in recent years, this indicator has changed slightly. The share of foreign trade turnover of the CIS countries, compared to the same period in 2020, increased by **10.0%**. For the same period of 2019, an increase was noted by **10.8%** and their share in foreign trade turnover, at the end of January 2021, amounted to **39.3%**.

DYNAMICS OF THE VOLUME OF THE CIS AND OTHER FOREIGN STATES IN THE FOREIGN TRADE TURNOVER OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN (for January, million US dollars, share %)



The volume of foreign trade turnover of other states in January 2021, compared to the same period of 2019-2020, accordingly decreased and amounted to **60.7%** of the total volume of foreign trade turnover.



FOREIGN TRADE TURNOVER OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN WITH THE CIS COUNTRIES

(for January 2021, million US dollars)



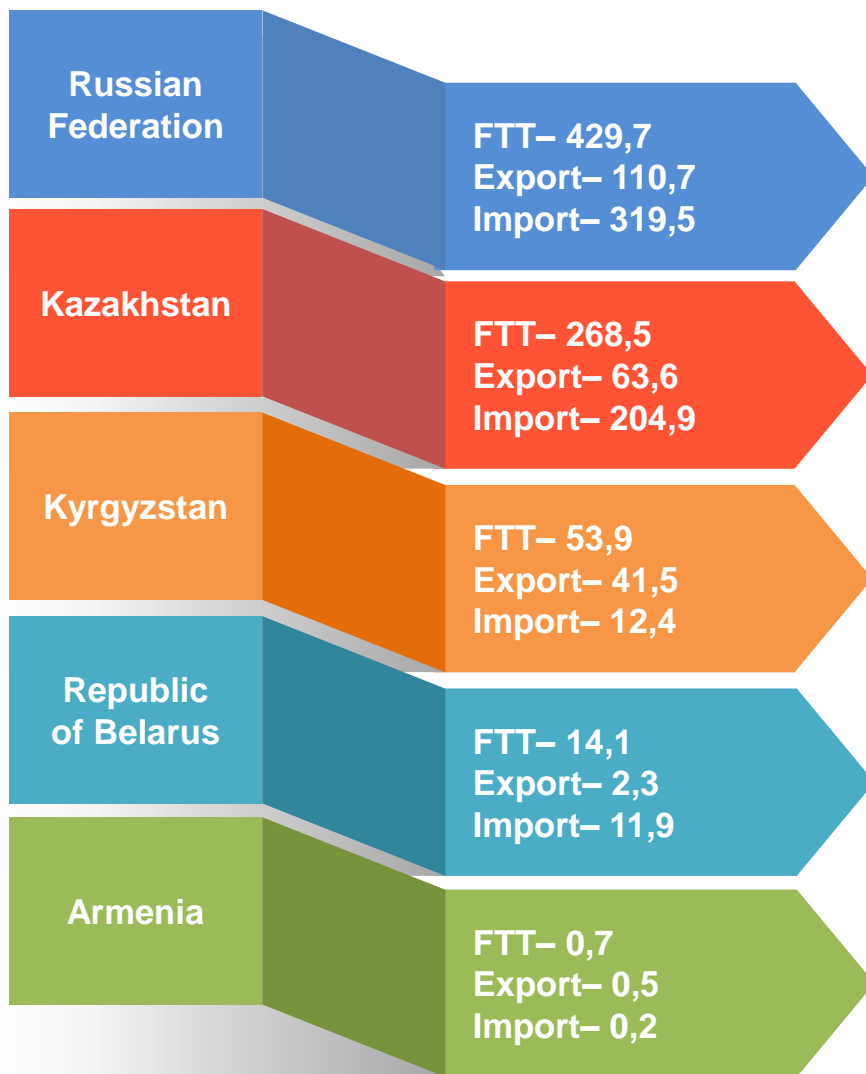
Foreign trade turnover of the Republic of Uzbekistan with the CIS countries reached **905.0** million US dollars. Of these, the volume of exports amounted to **289.3** million US dollars, and the volume of imports - **615.8** million US dollars.

The largest volume of foreign trade turnover with the CIS countries was recorded with the Russian Federation (**47.5%**), Kazakhstan (**29.7%**), Kyrgyzstan (**6.0%**), Ukraine (**4.1%**) and Turkmenistan (**4.1%**).

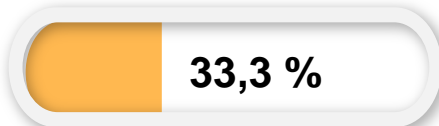


FOREIGN TRADE OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN WITH THE EAEU COUNTRIES

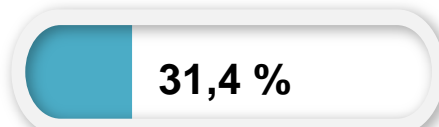
(for January 2021, million US dollars)



share in total foreign trade turnover



share in total exports



share in total imports



On December 11, 2020, the Republic of Uzbekistan received observer status in the Eurasian Economic Union. Foreign trade turnover of the Republic of Uzbekistan with the EAEU amounted to **767.0** million US dollars. Of these, the volume of exports amounted to **218.1** million US dollars, and the volume of imports - **548.8** million US dollars.

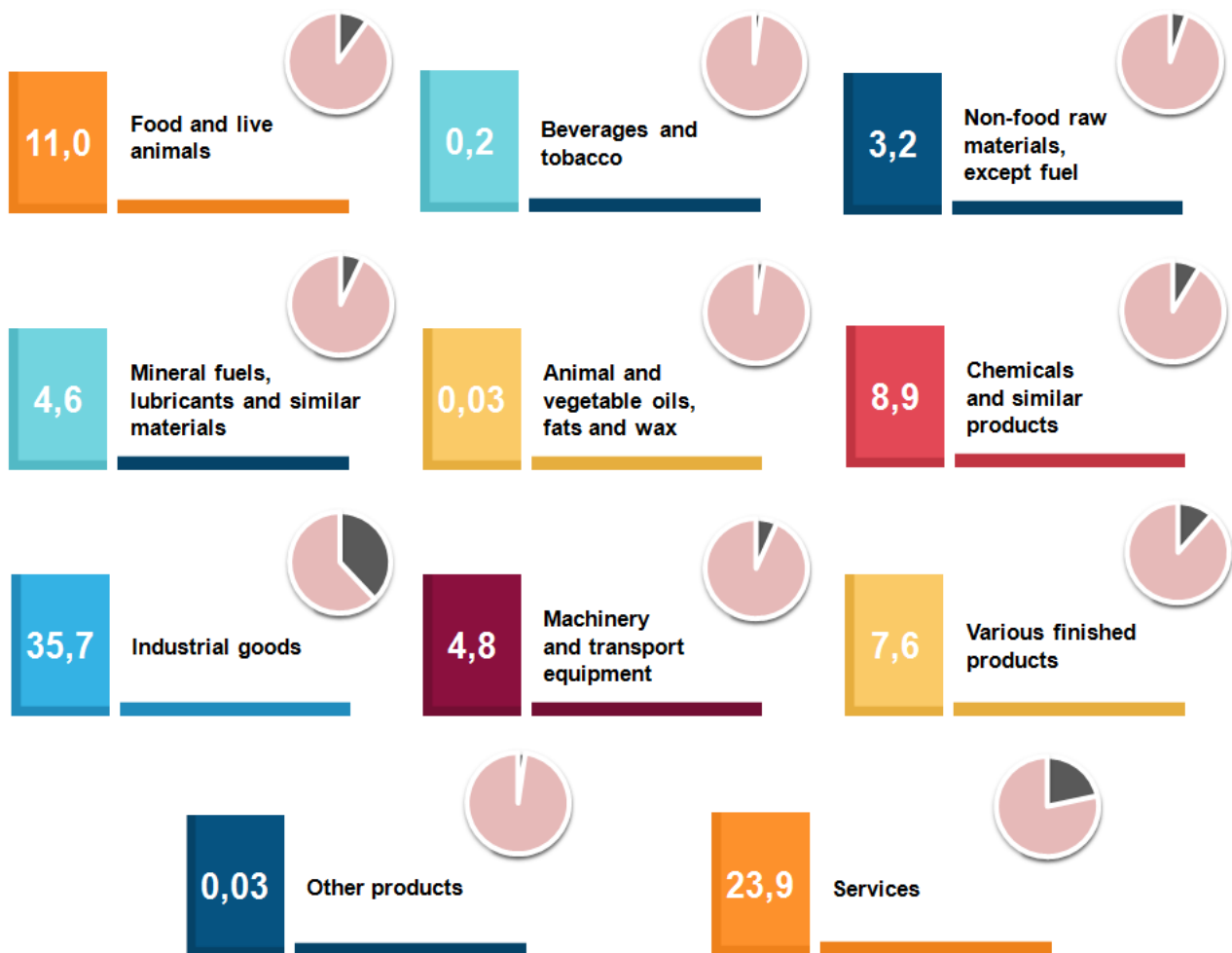


EXPORT OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN *(for January 2021)*



In January 2021, the total number of exporting entities amounted to **2 046**, which ensured the increase in the volume of exports, excluding special exports, to **694.8** million US dollars (a decrease, compared to the same period in 2020, amounted to **46.0%**).

EXPORT STRUCTURE BY SITC SECTIONS *(for January 2021, share %)*



In the structure of exports, **76.1%** are goods, which mainly fall on industrial goods (**35.7%**), food products and live animals (**11.0%**), chemicals and similar products (**8.9%**).



EXPORT STRUCTURE OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN BY SITC (for January)



SITC structure	Million US dollars		In% to the previous year		In% to the total	
	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021
Total	1 286,5	694,8	84,9	54,0	100,0	100,0
including:						
Food and live animals	59,7	76,2	111,9	127,5	4,6	11,0
Beverages and tobacco	2,1	1,1	2,0 t.	52,3	0,2	0,2
Non-food raw materials, except for fuel	31,9	22,3	122,8	69,9	2,5	3,2
Mineral fuels, lubricating oil and similar materials	154,3	32,2	175,6	20,9	12,0	4,6
Animal and vegetable oils, fats and wax	1,0	0,2	31,3 t.	20,3	0,1	0,03
Chemicals and similar products	42,4	62,0	60,7	146,4	3,3	8,9
Industrial goods	209,4	248,2	100,2	118,6	16,3	35,7
Machinery and transport equipment	21,5	33,5	87,0	156,2	1,7	4,8
Various finished products	42,9	53,0	171,3	123,6	3,3	7,6
Other goods	493,0	0,2	60,3	0,04	38,3	0,03
<i>of which gold</i>	<i>489,8</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>60,3</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>38,1</i>	<i>-</i>
Services	228,5	165,9	113,5	72,6	17,8	23,9



STRUCTURE OF SEPARATE EXPORTED GOODS BY SECTION SITC (for January 2021)



Name of section, Structure of SITC	Million US dollars	In % by 2020
Food and live animals		
Vegetables and fruits	41,6	103,6
Cereals and products from them	28,1	189,8
Animal feed (except non-ground cereals)	2,9	161,8
Coffee, tea, cocoa, spices and products from them	1,9	183,0
Beverages and tobacco		
Beverages	1,0	53,6
Tobacco and tobacco products	0,1	44,2
Non-food raw materials, except for fuel		
Textile fibers (except for tops and other combed wool) and their wastes (not processed into yarn or fabric)	11,2	44,3
Raw materials of animal and vegetable origin, not elsewhere classified	5,2	2,3 t.
Metal ores and scrap metal	0,2	43,9
Paper pulp and waste paper	2,4	115,5
Mineral fuels, lubricants and similar materials		
Natural and artificial gas	15,5	11,7
Electricity	12,5	80,1
Oil, petroleum products and similar materials	4,2	64,1
Animal and vegetable oils, fats and wax		
Vegetable oils and fats, whether crude, refined or fractionated	0,2	20,3
Chemicals and similar products		
Inorganic chemicals	23,8	6,4 t.
Primary plastics	29,7	117,0
Fertilizers	4,4	43,7
Medical and pharmaceutical products	0,9	90,6



STRUCTURE OF SEPARATE EXPORTED GOODS BY SECTION SITC (for January 2021)



Name of section, Structure of SITC	Million US dollars	In % by 2020
Industrial goods		
Textile yarn, fabrics, finished goods, not elsewhere classified, and similar products	145,9	124,0
Nonferrous metal	77,0	111,2
Cast iron and steel	9,4	92,3
Non-metallic mineral products not included in other categories	7,1	191,8
Machinery and transport equipment		
Cars (including hovercraft)	17,6	2,3 t.
Electrical machines, apparatus and appliances, not included in other categories, and their electrical parts (including non-electrical parts of electrical household appliances, not included in other categories)	13,5	150,7
Power generating machines and equipment	0,2	41,9
Non-specialized machinery and equipment for industry not elsewhere classified and machine parts not elsewhere classified.	13,5	150,7
Various finished products		
Garments and clothing accessories	47,1	131,4
Various finished products not included in other categories	2,7	134,0
Footwear	2,2	89,8
Special, scientific and control instruments and apparatus not elsewhere classified	0,2	9,0
Other goods		
Special operations and goods not classified by type	0,2	5,6

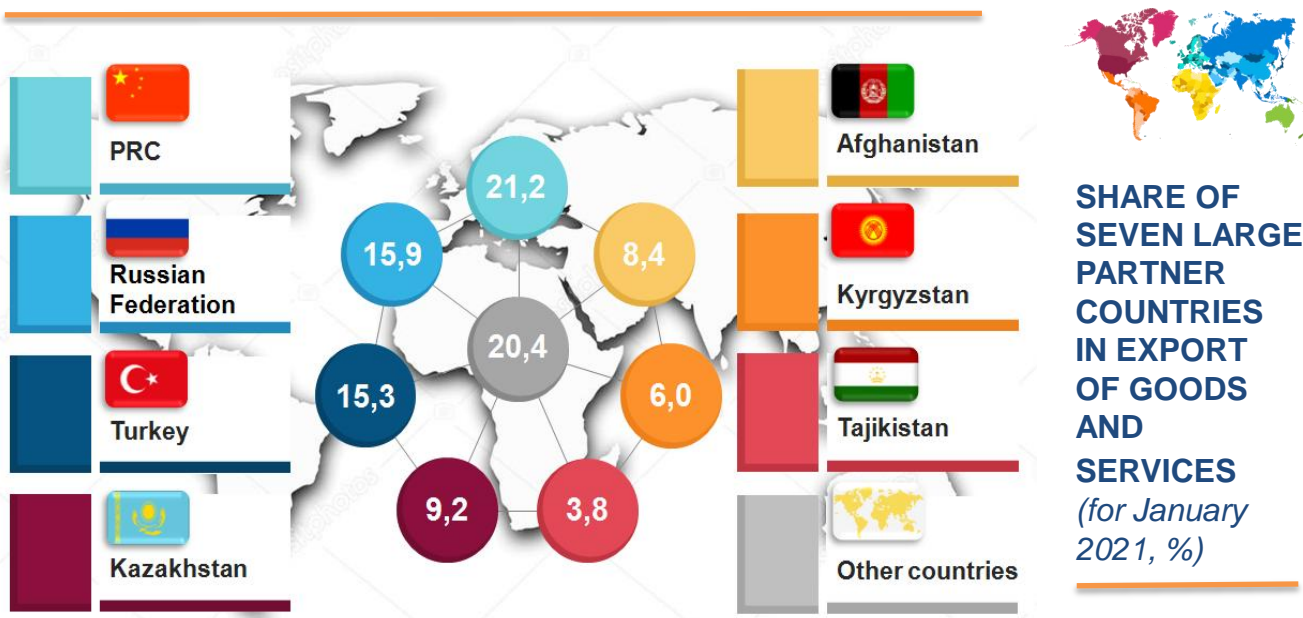
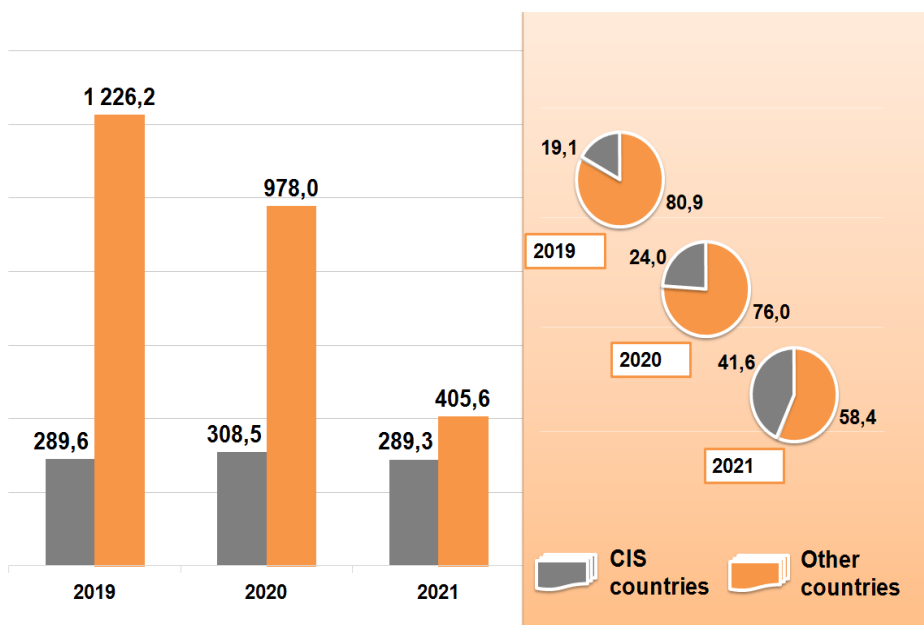


DYNAMICS OF EXPORT VOLUME TO CIS COUNTRIES AND OTHER FOREIGN STATES

(for January, million US dollars, share %)



Due to a decrease in exports to other foreign countries, the share of exports to the CIS countries increased and their share in its total volume amounted to **41.6%**. Accordingly, the share in the total export volume of other foreign countries decreased from **76.0%** to **58.4%**.



Compared to 2019-2020, our main partners in the export of goods and services in foreign trade in January 2021 were countries such as China (**21.2%** of total exports), the Russian Federation (**15.9%**), Turkey (**15.3%**), Kazakhstan (**9.2%**), Afghanistan (**8.4%**), Kyrgyzstan (**6.0%**) and Tajikistan (**3.8%**). Their share in the total export volume reached **79.6%**.

VOLUME AND GROWTH RATE OF EXPORT OF GOODS AND SERVICES OF TWENTY LARGE PARTNER COUNTRIES

(for January 2021)




Countries	Million US dollars		Growth rate, %		Position	
	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021
PRC	163,0	147,0	95,9	90,2	2	1
Russian Federation	170,7	110,2	165,4	64,6	1	2
Turkey	97,9	106,5	124,8	108,8	3	3
Kazakhstan	56,0	63,6	79,7	113,6	4	4
Afghanistan	50,0	58,1	165,8	116,3	5	5
Kyrgyzstan	26,0	41,5	139,4	159,8	7	6
Tajikistan	29,9	26,3	169,2	87,9	6	7
Turkmenistan	7,7	23,5	153,1	3,0 t.	10	8
Canada	0,03	19,1	73,5	765,4 t.	66	9
Iran	15,9	7,7	161,6	48,3	8	10
Ukraine	6,9	7,6	101,0	111,6	11	11
Pakistan	6,2	6,4	136,3	102,0	12	12
Poland	4,7	4,5	180,6	96,1	15	13
Latvia	4,7	3,8	186,3	81,4	16	14
Azerbaijan	5,2	3,7	2,0 t.	71,1	14	15
Singapore	1,9	2,8	29,3	143,9	24	16
Republic of Korea	4,6	2,7	83,7	59,8	17	17
UAE	10,8	2,7	2,4 t.	25,4	9	18
Egypt	1,5	2,7	3,3 t.	179,6	28	19
India	1,5	2,5	167,1	168,2	29	20



VOLUMES AND RATES OF EXPORT GROWTH BY REGIONS OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN

(for January 2021)



	Volume, million US dollars	Growth rate, in %
Republic of Uzbekistan	694,8	54,0
Republic of Karakalpakstan	34,1	110,3
<i>regions:</i>		
Andijan	51,2	2,1 t.
Bukhara	18,2	71,6
Jizzakh	14,8	195,1
Kashkadarya	11,8	58,7
Navoi	29,2	4,1 t.
Namangan	27,5	98,6
Samarkand	25,3	84,9
Surkhandarya	10,9	87,1
Syrdarya	18,5	180,0
Tashkent	124,8	109,1
Fergana	35,3	102,8
Khorezm	12,8	158,4
Tashkent city	254,4	113,9

Highest volume,
million US dollars

Tashkent city – 254,4

Tashkent– 124,8

Andijan– 51,2

Lowest volume,
million US dollars

Khorezm– 12,8

Kashkadarya– 11,8

Surkhandarya– 10,9

In the structure of the republic's exports, a significant share is noted in the city of Tashkent, which is **36.6%**, or **254.4** million US dollars.

In the structure of exports, the smallest share was recorded at the level of **1.6%**, or **10.9** million US dollars, which is marked in the Surkhandarya region.



EXPORT OF VEGETABLE PRODUCTS

(for January 2021, million US dollars)



The fruit and vegetable sector in Uzbekistan is an important segment in ensuring the food security of the country and regions. Therefore, in this area, all possible measures are being taken to accelerate the development of the production of fruit and vegetable products, which are yielding results. Thus, the volume of exports of fruits and vegetables amounted to **63.8** thousand tons and, in value terms, exceeded **40.8** million US dollars (the growth rate, compared to the same period in 2020, respectively, amounted to **6.2%**). Based on this, **46.9** thousand tons of vegetables were exported in the amount of **25.4** million US dollars (the growth rate in value terms, compared to the same period in 2020, respectively, amounted to **23.9%**), as well as **8.8** thousand tons of fruits and berries in the amount of **7.1** million US dollars (the rate of decline in value terms, compared to the same period in 2020, respectively, amounted to **22.4%**).

EXPORT OF VEGETABLE PRODUCTS

(for January 2021, million US dollars)



The main export markets for fruits and vegetables are in Kazakhstan, China, Russia and Kyrgyzstan.

Such branches of agriculture as horticulture, horticulture and viticulture developed at an accelerated pace. Thus, in January 2020, the share of fruits and vegetables in total exports amounted to **5.9%**.



GEOGRAPHY OF EXPORT OF FRUIT AND VEGETABLES (for January 2021)



Countries	thousand tons	million US dollars	specific weight, %*
 Kazakhstan	23,6	8,1	19,8
 PRC	9,9	7,6	18,7
 Russian Federation	9,3	7,3	17,8
 Kyrgyzstan	4,8	3,7	9,0
 Afghanistan	3,6	3,0	7,5
 Pakistan	3,1	3,0	7,4
 Azerbaijan	1,4	1,2	3,0
 Turkey	0,8	0,8	2,0
 USA	0,2	0,7	1,7
 Turkmenistan	2,4	0,7	1,7
 Tajikistan	1,0	0,6	1,4
 Belarus	0,4	0,5	1,2
 UAE	0,4	0,5	1,1
 Iran	0,5	0,4	1,0
 Ukraine	0,6	0,4	1,0
 Other	1,8	2,3	5,8

* from value expression

At the end of January 2021, the largest volume in value terms of exports of fruits and vegetables falls on Kazakhstan (**19.8%** of the total volume of fruits and vegetables), which exceeds the volume of exports to Afghanistan by **2.7** times.



EXPORT OF TEXTILE PRODUCTS












The increase in the volume of exports of textile products can be directly considered as a result of reforms in the production of finished products and the formation of added value instead of the production of raw cotton. For example, at the end of January 2021, textile products were exported in the amount of **193.2** million US dollars, which amounted to **27.8%** of the total export volume and, compared to January 2020, it increased by **24.9%**.

Cotton yarn (**55.5%**), as well as finished knitwear and garments (**23.9%**) occupy the main share in the structure of textile exports. In January 2021, more than **254** types of textile products were exported to **48** countries of the world.

DYNAMICS OF EXPORT OF TEXTILE PRODUCTS

(for January, million US dollars)



		2019	2020	2021
Product Name		107,6	154,6	193,2
	Cotton yarn	64,7	86,9	107,2
	Ready-made knitwear and garments	22,3	34,4	46,2
	Carpets	2,0	1,8	2,4
	Knitted fabric	5,9	10,5	16,6
	Other made-up textiles, rags	3,4	8,2	7,0
	Cotton fabrics	5,6	5,8	8,5
	Silk and silk products	1,6	4,2	1,9
	Cotton wool, felt and nonwovens, rope products	1,7	2,3	2,6
	Other	0,5	0,5	0,7



DYNAMICS OF THE STRUCTURE OF EXPORT OF TEXTILE PRODUCTS BY COUNTRIES

(for January, million US dollars)



		2019	2020	2021
	Russian Federation	44,0	59,6	62,9
	PRC	33,3	38,9	58,2
	Kyrgyzstan	5,1	9,6	24,4
	Turkey	7,6	19,8	17,0
	Poland	1,7	2,8	3,8
	Kazakhstan	2,8	3,2	3,4
	Pakistan	0,4	1,8	3,1
	Iran	2,5	3,7	2,6
	Egypt	0,4	1,4	2,5
	Ukraine	1,5	2,9	2,4
	Azerbaijan	0,5	0,9	1,3
	Italy	0,9	1,2	1,1
	Belarus	1,6	1,3	1,0
	Republic of Moldova	0,2	0,3	0,9
	Other countries	5,0	7,3	8,6

The largest share of textile exports falls on the Russian Federation (62.9 million US dollars - 32.5%), China (58.2 million US dollars - 30.1%) and Kyrgyzstan (24.4 million US dollars - 12.7%).



Transport services 78,1



Trips (tourism) 7,9



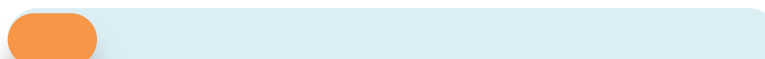
Telecommunication, computer and information services 6,3



Construction services 3,3



Other services 4,4



The volume of exports of services at the end of January 2021 amounted to **165.9** million US dollars, or **23.9%** of the total trade exports and decreased, compared to the same period in 2020, by **27.4%**. The lion's share of the export of services is taken by transport services (**78.1%**), travel (tourism) (**7.9%**), telecommunications, computer and information services (**6.3%**), construction services (**3.3%**).

At the same time, other services (**4.4%**) account for the largest share, respectively, for other business services (**2.4%**), financial services (**0.8%**), maintenance and repair services (**0.4%**), etc.



IMPORT OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN

(for January 2021)

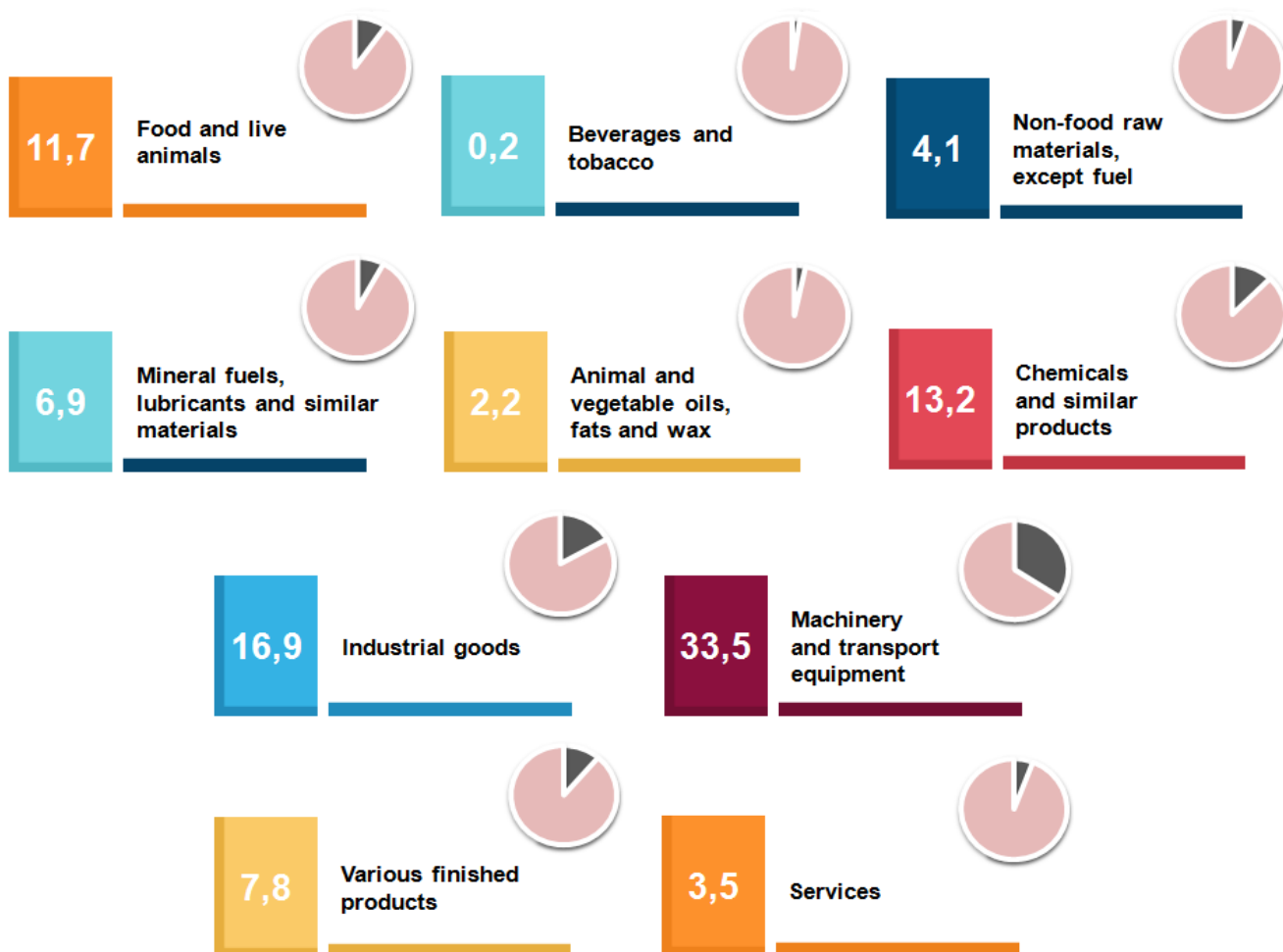


During the reporting period, imports amounted to **1 608.1** million US dollars (a decrease in growth rates, compared to January 2020, amounted to **3.9%**).

The main share in its structure is occupied by machinery and transport equipment (**33.5%**), industrial goods (**16.9%**), as well as chemicals and similar products (**13.2%**).

IMPORT STRUCTURE BY SITC SECTIONS

(for January 2021, share %)



Analysis of the dynamics of imports of goods also showed that in January 2021, compared to the same period in 2020, the volume of imports of goods increased by **64.4** million US dollars and amounted to **1 552.3** million US dollars, while imports of services reached **55.8** million US dollars.



STRUCTURE OF IMPORT OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN BY SECTION OF SITC (for January 2021)



SITC structure	Million US dollars		In% to the previous year		In% to the total	
	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021
Total	1 674,0	1 608,1	99,5	96,1	100,0	100,0
including:						
Food and live animals	105,5	188,4	75,0	178,5	6,3	11,7
Beverages and tobacco	2,2	3,9	56,3	179,0	0,1	0,2
Non-food raw materials, except for fuel	123,9	66,2	148,4	53,4	7,4	4,1
Mineral fuels, lubricating oil and similar materials	90,9	110,9	114,2	122,1	5,4	6,9
Animal and vegetable oils, fats and wax	18,0	35,0	76,8	194,5	1,1	2,2
Chemicals and similar products	180,6	211,8	96,3	117,3	10,8	13,2
Industrial goods	256,6	272,5	104,5	106,2	15,3	16,9
Machinery and transport equipment	615,9	538,4	93,6	87,4	36,8	33,5
Various finished products	89,4	125,2	99,4	140,0	5,3	7,8
Other goods	5,0	-	192,9	-	0,3	-
Services	186,2	55,8	110,8	30,0	11,1	3,5

STRUCTURE OF SEPARATE IMPORTED GOODS AND SERVICES BY SECTION OF SITC

(for January 2021)



Name of section, SITC section	Million US dollars	In % by 2020
Food and live animals		
Cereals and products thereof	64,8	175,3
Sugar, sugar products and honey	42,9	181,1
Various foods and preparations	17,4	2,2 t.
Coffee, tea, cocoa, spices and products from them	8,6	99,5
Beverages and tobacco		
Tobacco and tobacco products	2,0	115,1
Beverages	1,9	4,4 t.
Non-food raw materials, except for fuel		
Cork and timber	18,9	84,3
Metal ores and scrap metal	23,3	28,8
Raw materials for fertilizers and mineral raw materials (except coal, oil and precious stones)	4,7	79,2
Raw materials of animal and vegetable origin, not included in other categories	2,7	50,4
Mineral fuels, lubricants and similar materials		
Oil, petroleum products and similar materials	101,3	165,9
Coal, coke and briquettes	9,6	94,2
Gas, natural and artificial	0,04	-
Animal and vegetable oils, fats and wax		
Vegetable oils and fats, raw, refined or fractionated	29,4	2,0 t.
Animal and vegetable oils and fats, processed; animal and vegetable wax; technical mixtures and preparations from animal or vegetable fats and oils	5,4	157,9
Chemicals and similar products		
Medical and pharmaceutical products	101,8	165,3
Plastics in primary form	26,8	72,1
Chemical materials and products not included in other categories	23,6	81,0
Essential oils, resinoids and perfume materials; toilet preparations, polishes and detergents	13,5	123,0

STRUCTURE OF SEPARATE IMPORTED GOODS AND SERVICES BY SECTION OF SITC

(for January 2021)



Name of section, SITC section	Million US dollars	In % by 2020
Industrial goods		
Cast iron and steel	125,3	115,8
Metal products, not elsewhere classified	32,6	89,7
Non-metallic mineral products not included in other categories	27,8	135,5
Textile yarns, fabrics, finished products not included in other categories, and similar products	25,1	116,0
Machinery and transport equipment		
Machines specifically designed for specific industries	149,1	74,2
Non-specialized machinery and equipment for industry, not included in other categories, and machine parts, not included in other categories	96,4	109,6
Car parts and accessories	45,3	45,3
Motor vehicles, mainly intended for the carriage of passengers (except for vehicles intended for the carriage of 10 or more people)	5,8	23,0
Various finished products		
Special, scientific and control devices and apparatuses not included in other categories	44,5	131,5
Block buildings, fittings and fixtures for water supply and sewerage, heating and lighting equipment	21,8	80,9
Various finished products not included in other categories	47,2	279,1

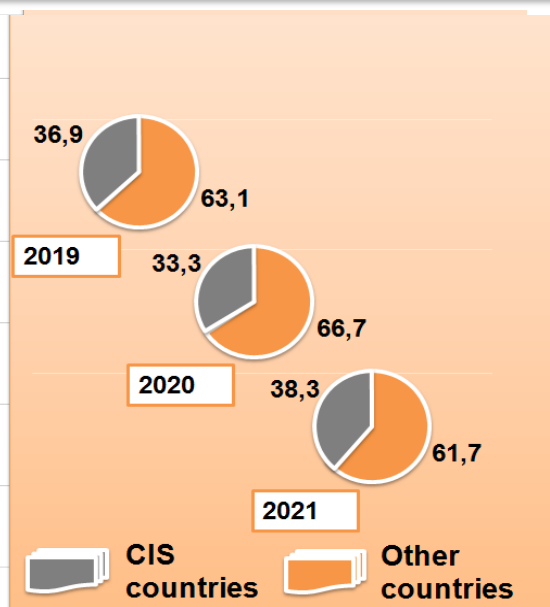
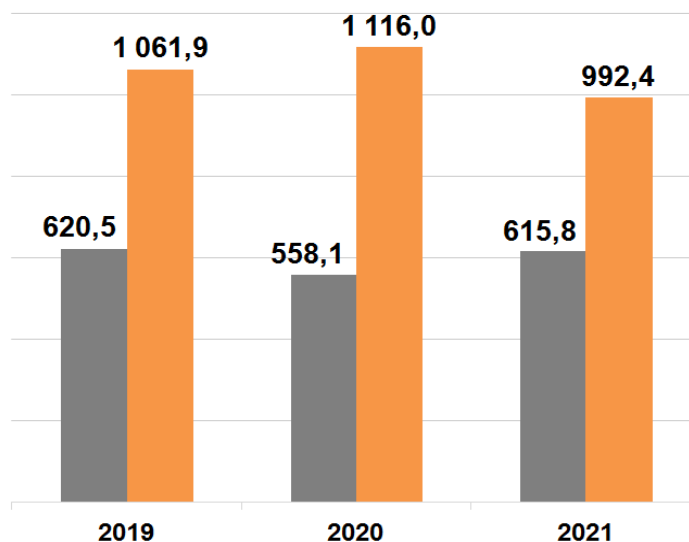
Despite the general background of a decrease in imports of goods, there is an increase in some groups of commodity items, for example, such as medical and pharmaceutical products - **101.8** million US dollars (an increase of **65.3%**), essential oils, resinoids and perfumery substances, toilet preparations, polishes and detergents - **13.5** million US dollars (**+ 23.0%**), cereals and products from them - **64.8** million US dollars(**+ 75.3%**).



In recent years, the dynamics of the preservation of the share of imports with the CIS countries and other foreign countries, which, within the limits, is a ratio of **38.3: 61.7**.

DYNAMICS OF IMPORT FROM THE CIS COUNTRIES AND OTHER FOREIGN STATES

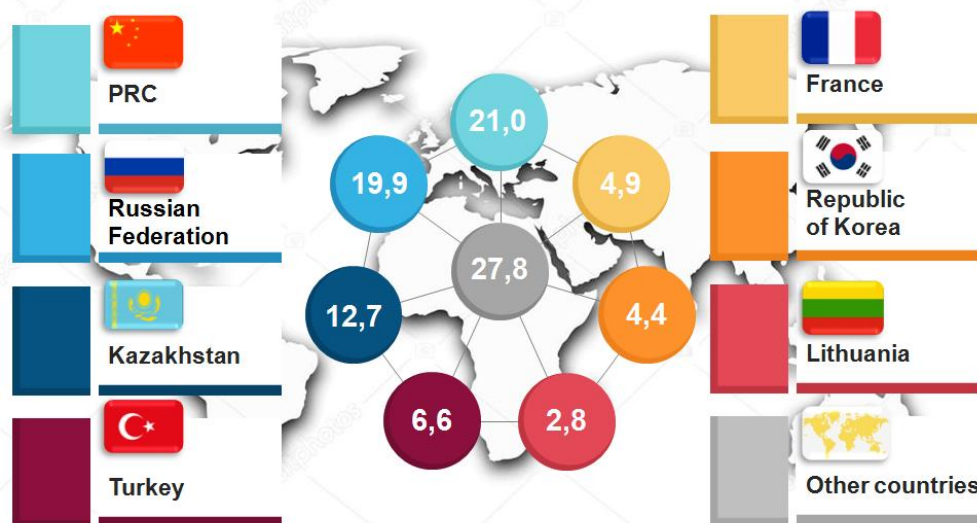
(for January, million US dollars, share %)



In general, at the end of January 2021, goods and services from **114** countries were imported to the Republic of Uzbekistan. A third of imports (**1 161.5** million US dollars) are accounted for by such large partner countries as the PRC (share in the total imports of **21.0%**), the Russian Federation (**19.9%**), Kazakhstan (**12.7%**), Turkey (**6.6%**), France (**4.9%**), Republic of Korea (**4.4%**) and Lithuania (**2.8%**).

SHARE OF SEVEN LARGE PARTNER COUNTRIES IN IMPORT OF GOODS AND SERVICES

(for January 2021, share %)



VOLUME OF TWENTY LARGE COUNTRIES-PARTNERS IN THE IMPORT OF GOODS AND SERVICES *(for January)*




Countries	Million US dollars		Growth rate, %		Position	
	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021
PRC	350,7	337,2	108,2	96,1	1	1
Russian Federation	299,9	319,5	115,8	106,5	2	2
Kazakhstan	165,5	204,9	96,3	123,8	4	3
Turkey	71,0	106,1	94,4	149,6	5	4
France	5,0	78,4	91,8	15,6 t.	28	5
Republic of Korea	187,2	70,1	77,8	37,4	3	6
Lithuania	27,9	45,3	78,3	162,1	9	7
Germany	41,1	42,2	107,3	102,8	6	8
India	26,7	41,8	85,0	156,5	11	9
Brazil	26,7	30,0	102,1	112,4	12	10
Ukraine	19,3	29,4	80,6	152,6	13	11
Italy	34,5	26,4	2,2 t.	76,4	7	12
Latvia	27,4	18,8	99,8	68,7	10	13
Turkmenistan	29,4	13,2	65,6	45,0	8	14
Poland	7,3	13,1	132,8	179,1	24	15
Czech Republic	9,1	13,0	187,5	143,9	22	16
Kyrgyzstan	11,7	12,4	2,2 t.	105,5	19	17
Belarus	18,9	11,9	44,1	63,0	14	18
Netherlands	4,3	9,9	58,6	2,3 t.	30	19
USA	12,7	9,9	54,9	77,9	18	20



VOLUME AND GROWTH RATES OF IMPORTS BY REGIONS OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN

(for January 2021)



	Volume, million US dollars	Growth rate, in %
Republic of Uzbekistan	1 608,1	96,1
Republic of Karakalpakstan	19,8	149,6
<i>regions:</i>		
Andijan	78,8	40,9
Bukhara	28,9	56,8
Jizzakh	17,6	89,7
Kashkadarya	14,3	95,4
Navoi	44,2	71,5
Namangan	43,4	110,7
Samarkand	107,1	149,3
Surkhandarya	20,8	154,7
Syrdarya	60,8	2,6 t.
Tashkent	223,1	81,9
Fergana	73,2	124,6
Khorezm	45,5	176,0
Tashkent city	791,5	123,4

Highest volume,
million US dollars

Tashkent city – 791,5

Tashkent – 223,1

Samarkand – 107,1

Lowest volume,
million US dollars

Republic of Karakalpakstan – 19,8

Jizzakh – 17,6

Kashkadarya – 14,3

In the structure of imports of the republic, a significant share is noted in the city of Tashkent, which is **49.2%**, or **791.5** million US dollars.

The smallest share was recorded in Kashkadarya - **0.9%**, or **14.3** million US dollars.



IMPORT OF SERVICES OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN

(for January 2021, share %)



The volume of imports of services in January 2021 amounted to **55.8** million US dollars, or **3.5%** of its total volume and decreased, compared to the same period in 2020, by **70.0%**. Travel (tourism - **55.6%**), transport services (**15.0%**), other business services (**11.1%**) and telecommunications, computer and information services (**9.8%**) account for the bulk of imports of services. In addition, other services accounted for **8.4%** of total imports of services, including a high share of fees for the use of intellectual property (**3.9%**), maintenance and repair services (**1.7%**), services to individuals and services in the field of culture and recreation (**1.3%**), etc.

Travel (tourism)



Other business services



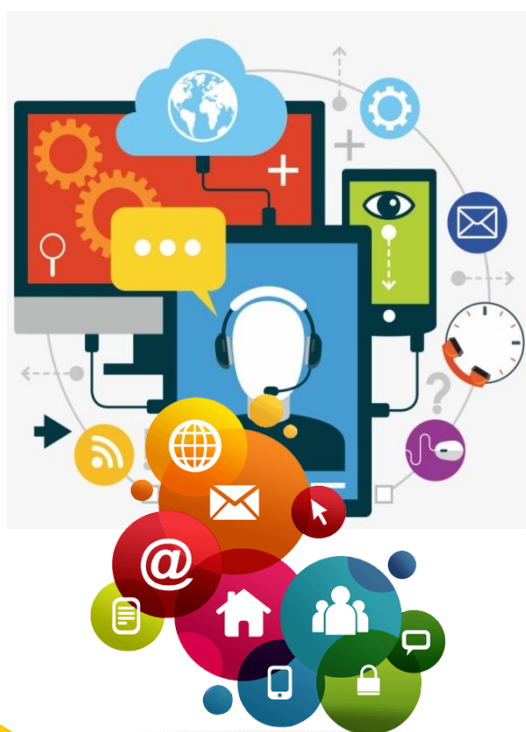
Transport services



Telecommunication and information services



Other services



The quarantine restrictions imposed during the pandemic have also impacted the service sector.

In particular, as a result of restrictions on the transit of international traffic by the countries of the near and far abroad, the import of transport services decreased by **3.2** times and amounted to **8.4** million US dollars.

At the same time, compared to 2020, the import of some services increased. In particular, imports of other business services reached **6.2** million US dollars (an increase of **28.9%**), maintenance and repair services increased **2.1** times and amounted to **1.0** million US dollars.



IMPORT OF MACHINES AND TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT



At the end of January 2021, the volume of machinery and transport equipment in the structure of imports reached **538.4** million US dollars and decreased, compared to the same period in 2020, by **12.6%**, in general, the share in the total volume of imports was **33.5 %**.

The decrease in the volume of imports of machinery and transport equipment was due to machinery specially designed for specific industries (by **27.7%**), as well as non-specialized machinery and equipment for industry (by **17.9%**).

MAIN COUNTRIES - PARTNERS EXPORTING MACHINES AND TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT TO THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN *(for January 2021)*



35,8% **PRC**
192,8 million US dollars

12,6% **France**
67,8 million US dollars

8,6% **Turkey**
46,4 million US dollars

8,0% **Republic of Korea**
42,9 million US dollars

7,3% **Russian Federation**
39,4 million US dollars

It is important to note that the increasing volume of imports of machinery and equipment is a reflection of the industrialization policy, as well as active reform to support foreign direct investment in the creation, modernization and increase of production capacities.

IMPORT OF INDUSTRIAL GOODS



At the end of January 2021, the volume of industrial goods in the structure of imports reached **272.5** million US dollars and increased by **6.2%** compared to the same period in 2020, in general, the share in the total volume of imports was **16.9%**.

MAIN PARTNER COUNTRIES EXPORTING INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS TO THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN

(for January 2021)



Russian Federation

95,9 million US dollars,
specific weight – 35,2 %



PRC

66,4 million US dollars,
specific weight – 24,4 %



Kazakhstan

44,2 million US dollars,
specific weight – 16,2 %



Republic of Korea

15,4 million US dollars,
specific weight – 5,7 %



Turkey

5,9 million US dollars,
specific weight – 2,2 %



The main imports of industrial goods are in cast iron and non-alloy steel products (**63.8** million US dollars), rubber tires and tubes for all types of wheels (**8.3** million US dollars), aluminum (**9.1** million US dollars), paper and cardboard (**14.8** million US dollars), plywood, particle board, other processed wood (**17.0** million US dollars), etc.

Department of Foreign Economic Activity
and Trade Statistics

Contact number: (71) 202 80 42 (44,45)

