

**Gross regional product
of the Republic of Uzbekistan¹**
for January-March 2026²

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I. Gross regional product

In accordance with the Statistics program, the National statistics committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan carried out a preliminary assessment of the gross regional product (GRP) of the Republic of Karakalpakstan, regions and Tashkent city for January-March 2026.

Volume and growth rate of GDP (GRP), for January-March

	2025 ³		2026	
	Volume, billion soums	Growth rate, %	Volume, billion soums	Growth rate, %
Republic of Uzbekistan ⁴	372 829,9	106,8	447 935,3	108,7
Republic of Karakalpakstan	10 272,0	104,3	12 495,8	112,9
<i>regions:</i>				
Andijan	19 064,6	105,8	22 701,2	108,6
Bukhara	15 214,0	106,0	18 176,9	109,6
Jizzakh	9 240,4	107,4	11 067,8	107,7
Kashkadarya	16 768,8	105,4	19 548,0	107,7
Navoi	39 859,2	110,5	52 553,1	106,1
Namangan	14 755,2	106,4	17 403,4	108,8
Samarkand	22 401,2	106,3	27 568,3	109,6
Surkhandarya	11 295,4	105,0	13 415,5	109,1
Syrdarya	6 280,0	99,5	7 756,4	108,8
Tashkent	35 246,8	106,6	43 243,1	107,6
Fergana	20 477,6	106,7	24 361,9	110,4
Khorezm	11 888,0	106,8	14 280,8	110,6
Tashkent city	78 727,6	109,9	94 510,1	113,0

Link to topic:

[GDP \(GRP\) volume \(quarterly\)](#)

[GDP \(GRP\) growth rate \(quarterly\)](#)

¹ The data are presented taking into account the results of statistical surveys on the assessment of the non-observed economy.

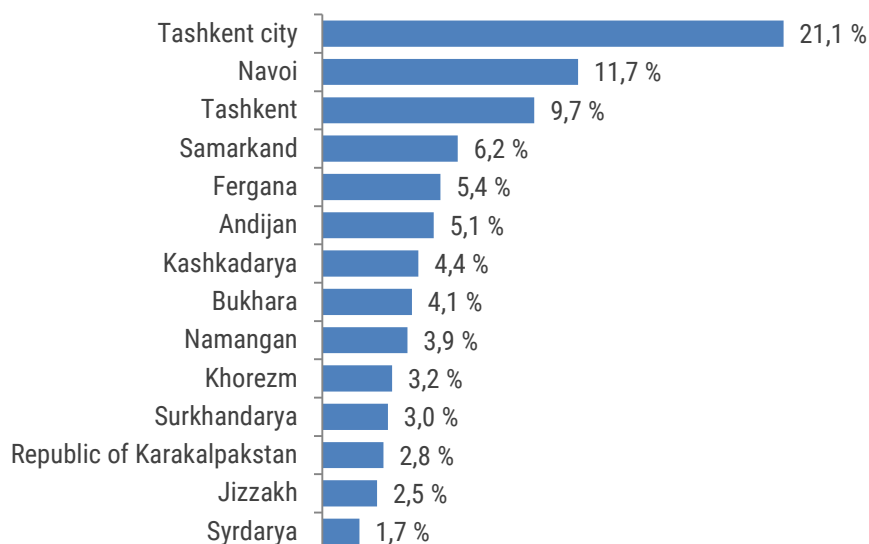
² The data are preliminary.

³ The data for January-March 2025 have been revised.

⁴ Including data not allocated by region.

In January-March 2026, Tashkent city made the largest contribution to the republic's GDP, accounting for **21,1 %**. Navoi and Tashkent regions followed, with figures of **11,7 %** and **9,7 %** respectively. Jizzakh (**2,5 %**) and Syrdarya (**1,7 %**) regions have the lowest share in the formation of the republic's GDP.

Regional participation in GDP formation for January-March 2026



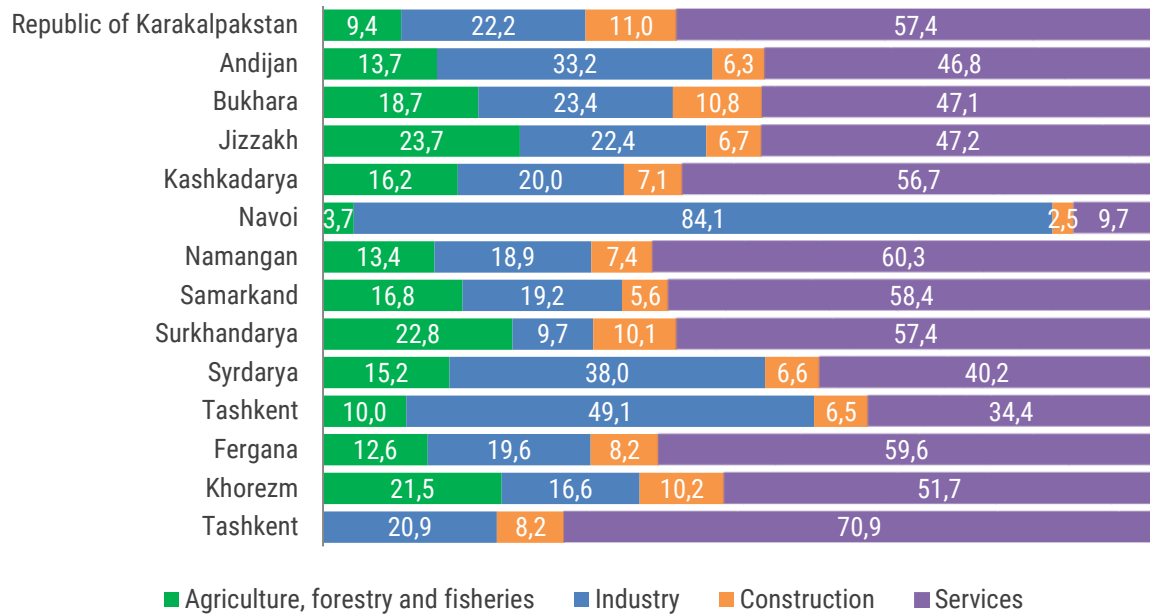
II. Sectoral structure of the gross regional product

GDP (GRP) by industry for January-March 2026, billion soums

	GDP (GRP)	Agriculture, forestry and fisheries	Industry	Construction	Service sector	Net taxes on products
Republic of Uzbekistan	447 935,3	36 182,4	124 852,4	26 393,0	240 079,0	20 428,5
Republic of Karakalpakstan	12 495,8	1 143,4	2 694,3	1 338,7	6 956,1	363,3
<i>regions:</i>						
Andijan	22 701,2	3 016,8	7 285,9	1 378,8	10 277,3	742,4
Bukhara	18 176,9	3 304,8	4 137,0	1 900,6	8 334,9	499,6
Jizzakh	11 067,8	2 544,9	2 405,0	717,8	5 074,0	326,1
Kashkadarya	19 548,0	3 080,0	3 802,2	1 351,4	10 758,3	556,1
Navoi	52 553,1	1 916,8	43 792,3	1 298,6	5 071,5	473,9
Namangan	17 403,4	2 277,7	3 224,1	1 268,0	10 272,5	361,1
Samarkand	27 568,3	4 535,6	5 187,6	1 523,8	15 799,8	521,5
Surkhandarya	13 415,5	3 014,0	1 277,9	1 337,3	7 567,6	218,7
Syrdarya	7 756,4	1 145,4	2 852,4	493,7	3 021,0	243,9
Tashkent	43 243,1	4 209,3	20 613,6	2 729,5	14 393,4	1 297,3
Fergana	24 361,9	3 006,0	4 655,3	1 948,7	14 177,9	574,0
Khorezm	14 280,8	2 987,5	2 316,7	1 413,6	7 204,0	359,0
Tashkent city	94 510,1	-	18 103,9	7 161,2	61 541,7	7 703,3

According to the results of January-March 2026, the largest shares of agriculture, forestry, and fisheries in the sectoral structure of GRP were held by Jizzakh (**23,7 %**) and Surkhandarya (**22,8 %**) regions, industry – Navoi (**84,1 %**) and Tashkent (**49,1 %**) regions, construction – the Republic of Karakalpakstan (**11,0 %**) and Bukhara region (**10,8 %**), services – Tashkent city (**70,9 %**) and Namangan region (**60,3 %**).

Sectoral structure of GRP for January-March 2026, in % of total



GDP (GRP) growth rate by industry for January-March 2026, in %

	GDP (GRP)	Agriculture, forestry and fisheries	Industry	Construction	Service sector	Net taxes on products
Republic of Uzbekistan	108,7	105,1	108,0	115,0	108,8	108,2
Republic of Karakalpakstan	112,9	102,3	107,4	170,0	109,4	120,0
<i>regions:</i>						
Andijan	108,6	105,6	108,4	113,3	108,7	111,0
Bukhara	109,6	106,0	108,2	122,5	108,7	114,1
Jizzakh	107,7	104,2	107,8	118,6	107,7	110,9
Kashkadarya	107,7	104,8	107,4	107,7	108,3	111,8
Navoi	106,1	105,3	105,3	124,3	108,3	106,3
Namangan	108,8	104,6	108,8	116,1	108,7	113,6
Samarkand	109,6	105,3	109,0	109,7	110,7	116,3
Surkhandarya	109,1	109,7	108,7	109,7	108,8	111,1
Syrdarya	108,8	107,8	108,9	114,6	107,9	112,6
Tashkent	107,6	102,4	107,8	106,7	108,7	110,2
Fergana	110,4	104,3	108,0	125,3	110,5	113,8
Khorezm	110,6	105,0	108,1	127,6	110,4	117,1
Tashkent city	113,0	-	107,1	109,3	115,1	113,8

III. Gross regional product per capita

In January-March 2026, Navoi region became the region with the highest GRP per capita among all regions of Uzbekistan. At current prices, its volume amounted to **47,2** million soums.

Tashkent city ranked second with a GRP per capita of **29,7** million soums, while Tashkent region rounded out the top three with **13,7** million soums.

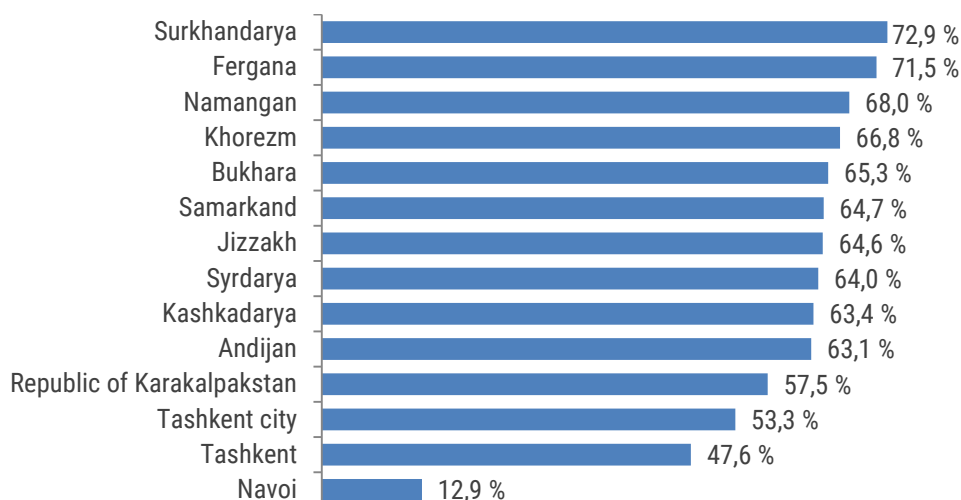
Volume and growth rate of GDP (GRP) per capita, for January-March

	2025		2026	
	Volume, thousand soums	Growth rate, %	Volume, thousand soums	Growth rate, %
Republic of Uzbekistan	9 910,3	104,7	11 692,5	106,7
Republic of Karakalpakstan	5 054,1	103,0	6 079,2	111,7
<i>regions:</i>				
Andijan	5 498,1	103,8	6 434,9	106,7
Bukhara	7 314,8	104,4	8 616,3	108,1
Jizzakh	5 996,7	105,3	7 049,1	105,7
Kashkadarya	4 597,1	103,1	5 248,6	105,4
Navoi	36 334,8	108,5	47 196,3	104,5
Namangan	4 701,6	104,2	5 444,2	106,8
Samarkand	5 201,8	104,1	6 282,2	107,5
Surkhandarya	3 825,5	102,6	4 445,3	106,8
Syrdarya	6 733,1	97,7	8 182,8	107,1
Tashkent	11 315,2	104,7	13 651,7	105,8
Fergana	4 930,3	104,6	5 757,6	108,4
Khorezm	5 838,9	104,9	6 891,9	108,6
Tashkent city	25 228,4	107,4	29 654,9	110,6

IV. The share of small entrepreneurship (business) in GDP (GRP)

As of January-March 2026, the share of small business (business) in the republic's GDP was **45,6** %. Regionally, its largest share was observed in Surkhandarya (**72,9** % of the total gross value added created in the region), Fergana (**71,5** %) and Namangan (**68,0** %) regions. The smallest share was observed in Navoi region (**12,9** %), followed by Tashkent region (**47,6** %).

The share of small entrepreneurship (business) in GDP (GRP) for January-March 2026



V. Explanations

Gross domestic product (GDP) is one of the most important indicators of the System of National Accounts (SNA), characterizing the final result of the production activities of resident economic units, measured by the value of goods and services produced by these units for final use.

Gross regional product (GRP) is a summary indicator of regional development. GRP is identical to GDP in its economic content; it represents the value of final goods and services produced by economic units resident in a given region.

GRP is calculated at the national level for 14 administrative-territorial entities of the Republic of Uzbekistan (the Republic of Karakalpakstan, 12 regions, and Tashkent city) using the production method.

The production method for calculating GRP is based on the principles of constructing the SNA production account and estimates GRP as the sum of gross value added by type of economic activity at basic prices and net taxes on products. The methodological principles for calculating GRP and its components are similar to those for calculating GDP at the economy-wide level. However, certain components of GDP are not calculated at the regional level or distributed among regions due to the absence or limited availability of information at the regional level, as well as the specific nature of their accounting. Therefore, they are included in the calculation as an undistributed portion only for the Republic of Uzbekistan as a whole.

GDP (GRP) per capita is determined by dividing the total GDP (GRP) at current prices by the average population of the country (region) over a given period.

The following data are used as inputs to calculate the gross domestic (regional) product per capita: gross domestic (regional) product data and demographic and labor statistics.

VI. Links

[Methodological provisions for calculating gross regional product](#)

[Methodological provisions for statistical assessment of the non-observed economy](#)

[Gross regional product](#)

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