

Industrial Production in the Republic of Uzbekistan

January–July 2026

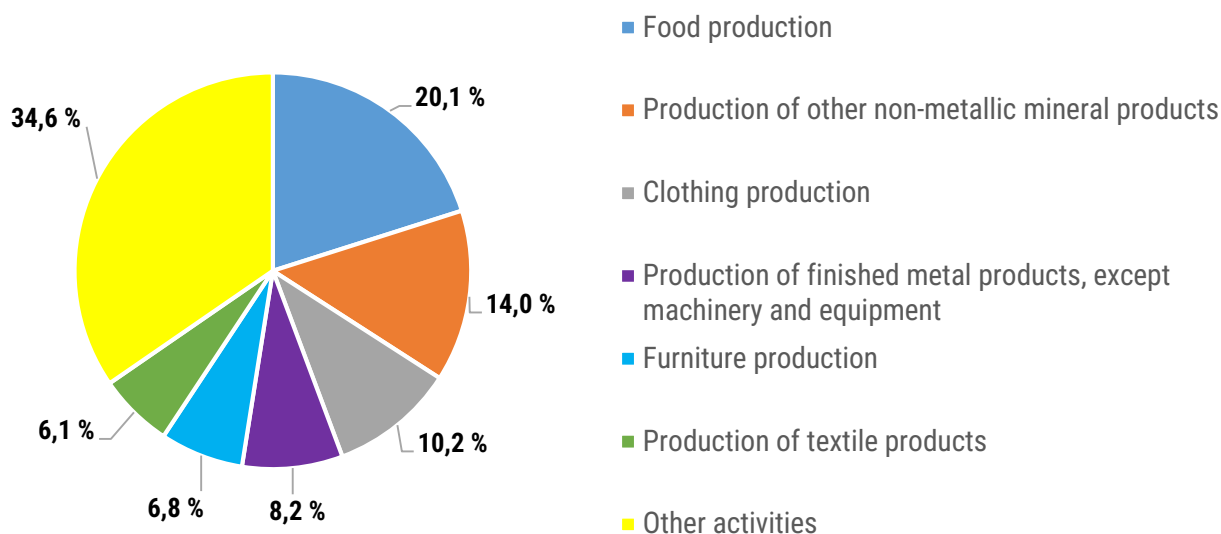
- I. Number of Operating Industrial Enterprises in Uzbekistan
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I. Number of Operating Industrial Enterprises in Uzbekistan

As of August 1, 2026, there were 63.9 thousand industrial enterprises operating in the Republic. An analysis by main types of economic activity shows that the largest shares were concentrated in the following activities:

- food production – 12,8 thousand (20,1%);
- production of other non-metallic mineral products – 9,0 thousand (14,0%);
- apparel manufacturing – 6,5 thousand (10,2%);
- manufacturing of fabricated metal products – 5,2 thousand (8,2%);
- furniture manufacturing – 4,4 thousand (6,8%);
- textile manufacturing – 3,9 thousand (6,1%);
- production of rubber and plastic products – 3,0 thousand (4,6%).

Figure 1. Share of Industrial Enterprises by Main Type of Economic Activity
as of August 1, 2026



II. Key Indicators of Industry in Uzbekistan

In January–July 2026 enterprises in the republic produced industrial goods worth **795,4** trillion soums. This represents an increase of **7,9%** compared to the same period last year.

Table 1. Industrial Production Volume and Physical Volume Index by Region

	Volume, billion UZS	Physical Volume Index, %
Republic of Uzbekistan	795 447,4	107,9
<i>Regions:</i>		
Republic of Karakalpakstan	19 679,2	107,3
Andijan Region	64 638,7	109,0
Bukhara Region	32 365,6	108,4
Jizzakh Region	25 987,2	112,7
Kashkadarya Region	33 836,4	108,2
Navoi Region	182 712,7	106,8
Namangan Region	28 335,7	108,5
Samarkand Region	43 426,8	109,7
Surkhandarya Region	15 134,9	108,4
Syrdarya Region ¹⁾	17 890,5	107,3
Tashkent Region	124 830,3	108,2
Fergana Region	39 197,6	108,4
Khorezm Region	23 398,2	108,3
Tashkent City	135 363,4	108,0

Related Indicators:

[Industrial Production Volume \(monthly\)](#)

[Industrial Production Volume \(annual\)](#)

[Physical Volume Index of Industrial Production \(monthly\)](#)

[Physical Volume Index of Industrial Production \(annual\)](#)

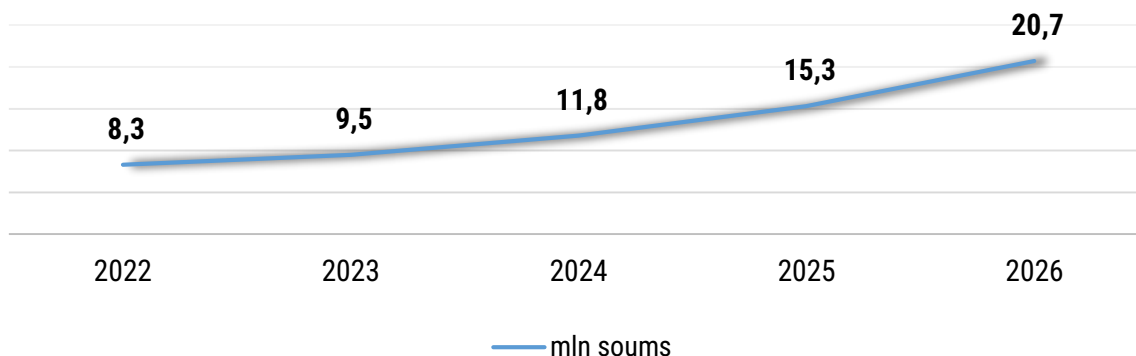
Volume of industrial production per capita

An analysis of the volume of industrial production per capita shows that figures higher than the national average (**20,7** million UZS) were recorded in the Navoi Region (**163,8** million UZS), the City of Tashkent (**42,4** million UZS), and the Tashkent Region (**39,3** million UZS).

At the same time, while the growth rate of industrial production per capita for the republic was **106,0%**, the Jizzakh Region (**110,6%**), the Samarkand Region (**107,7%**), and the Andijan Region (**107,2%**) all recorded figures above the national level.

¹⁾ Taking into account the increased electricity output from newly established enterprises in the region operating on the basis of public-private partnerships

Figure 2. Volume of industrial production per capita
(January-July)



Thematic Indicators:

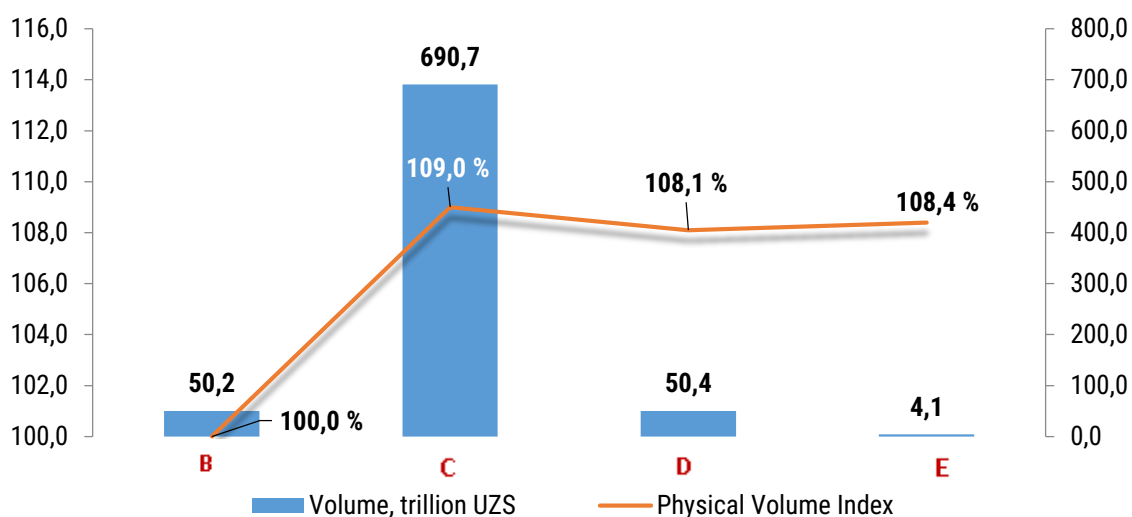
[Industrial Production Volume per Capita \(Annual\)](#)

[Industrial Production Volume per Capita \(Monthly\)](#)

Main Sectors of Industrial Production in the Republic

In the structure of industrial production for January-July 2026, the manufacturing industry accounted for the largest share at **690,7** trillion soums, representing a share of total industrial output of **86,8%**; mining and quarrying accounted for **50,2** trillion soums (**6,3%**); electricity, gas, steam, and air conditioning supply accounted for **50,4** trillion soums (**6,4%**); and water supply, sewerage, waste collection, and disposal accounted for **4,1** trillion soums (**0,5%**).

Figure 3. Production volume by main industrial sectors
and physical volume index
for January-July 2026



The industrial production structure consists of 4 main sections: B, C, D, and E.

B - Mining and quarrying

C - Manufacturing

D - Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply

E - Water supply; sewerage, waste collection and disposal

III. Production of selected industrial goods by large industrial enterprises

In January-July 2026, the republic produced the following:

Natural gas – **21,6** billion m³, oil – **368,7** thousand tons, coal – **3,5** million tons, motor gasoline – **731,9** thousand tons, diesel fuel – **683,4** thousand tons, Portland cement – **12,1** million tons, yarn – **478,2** thousand tons, common wheat and spelt flour – **841,1** thousand tons.

Table 2. Production of selected industrial products by large industrial enterprises

Industrial products	January-July 2024 ¹⁾	January-July 2025 ¹⁾	January-July 2026
Automotive engines, units	142 238	131 796 ²⁾	137 606
Motor gasoline, thousand tons	791,3	672,1	731,9
Diesel fuel, thousand tons	624,4	673,7	683,4
Coal, million tons	3,5	4,0	3,5
Oil, thousand tons	424,8	378,8	368,7
Natural gas, billion m3	26,3	25,4	21,6
Gas condensate, thousand tons	725,7	667,9	567,5
Portland cement, million tons	9,1	12,0	12,1

¹⁾ Product output volumes for January-July 2024-2025 are compiled based on data provided by enterprises, adjusted in accordance with the annual balance.

²⁾ For January-July 2026, as well as for the corresponding period of the previous year, UZAUTO MOTORS POWERTRAIN JSC has submitted revised data on the production volumes of automotive engines and cylinder blocks separately.

Related indicators:

[Production volume of selected industrial products \(annual\)](#)

Industrial production volumes for selected types of economic activity within the manufacturing industry

In the manufacturing industry, the share of food, beverage, and tobacco product manufacturing is **19,1%**; the share of textile, clothing, leather, and leather goods manufacturing is **12,4%**; the share of finished metal products manufacturing (excluding machinery and equipment; computers, electronic, and optical products; electrical equipment; machinery and equipment not elsewhere classified; motor vehicles, trailers, and semi-trailers; other transport equipment; as well as the repair and installation of machinery and equipment) is **15,1%**; and the share of chemical, rubber, and plastic product manufacturing is **6,4%**.

**Table 3. Number of automobiles produced in Uzbekistan
for January-July, units**

Industrial products	2025¹⁾	2026
Trucks	2 572	3 175
Passenger cars	241 109	263 731
of which:		
specialized passenger cars	28 953	32 445
"Cobalt"	83 167	91 140
"Damas"	51 587	47 521
"CHEVROLET DAMAS MOVE" ²⁾	-	932
"Tracker"	26 385	25 779
"Onix"	18 734	20 445
"KIA"	14 419	17 125
"Chery"	4 838	4 801
"Haval"	4 425	5 778
"BYD"	8 601	17 765

¹⁾ Production volumes for January-July 2025 are based on data provided by enterprises, adjusted in accordance with the annual balance.

²⁾ In April 2026, 132 cars were produced, in May—324, and in June—144.

By section: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply

In January-July 2026, 52 504,4 million kWh of electricity was generated, which is 6,4% more than in the corresponding period of the previous year (excluding electricity generated by small businesses and households for which electricity production is not their primary activity).

The volume of heat energy produced by large enterprises decreased by 18,3 percent.

In January–July 2026, no gas was produced through underground coal gasification.

Table 4. Electricity and thermal energy generation indicators

Industrial products	January-July 2024¹⁾	January-July 2025¹⁾	January-July 2026
Total electricity generated, million kWh	47 905,6	49 344,4	52 504,4
<i>of which:</i>			
<i>by large enterprises (according to statistical reports)</i>	<i>42 865,1</i>	<i>36 577,7</i>	<i>35 250,6</i>
<i>by small business entities (according to survey data) ²⁾</i>	<i>5 040,5</i>	<i>12 766,7</i>	<i>17 253,8</i>
Thermal energy, thousand Gcal (large enterprises)	14 058,0	12 387,8	10 117,6

¹⁾ Production volumes for January-July 2024-2025 were compiled by enterprises based on data adjusted in accordance with the annual balance.

²⁾ Small enterprises whose primary activity is electricity production.

Table 5. Selected indicators for water supply, sewerage, waste collection and disposal

Industrial products	January-July 2024¹⁾	January-July 2025¹⁾	January-July 2026
Wastewater removal, transportation, and treatment services, billion soums	364,4	392,5	444,6
Services for emptying, cleaning, and treating cesspools, settling tanks, and septic tanks, million soums	232,6	237,7	241,9
Textile waste, tonnes	10 732,7	14 492,4	15 601,8

¹⁾ Production volumes for January-July 2024-2025 were generated based on data adjusted by enterprises in accordance with the annual balance.



IV. Methodological explanations and metadata

Data on the volume of industrial production by product type are generated using the codes of the Statistical Classifier of Products (Goods, Works, Services) of the Republic of Uzbekistan by type of economic activity (O'zDSt 2014:2014). These include the mining and quarrying industry, the manufacturing industry, electricity supply, gas supply, steam and air conditioning supply, water supply, wastewater treatment, and waste collection and processing services (sections B, C, D, E).

In some cases, minor discrepancies between the total and the sum of its components are due to data rounding.

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