

UZBEKISTAN
Metadata
Indicators of the main types of mining activities

H.HEADER DATA

0. PREREQUISITES

A. 0.1 Legal environment

0.1.1 Responsibility for collecting, processing, and disseminating statistics

State Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan on Statistics

The State Statistics Committee (SSC) is operating independently under the Law on "State Statistics" of the Republic of Uzbekistan, dated December 12, 2002, amended in 2012, which regulates relations in the sphere of organization of state statistics work, defines powers of state statistics agencies and creates a normative basis for maintaining the uniform system of statistical information.

In September 2017, a new Statute on the State Statistics Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan has been introduced to specifying the mandate, the functions and the structure of the SSC, which shall be the principal data collecting, processing, analyzing and dissemination agency responsible for co-coordinating, monitoring and supervising the National Statistical System. Its functions include the provision of a uniform statistical methodology corresponding to international standards.

The SSC, like other State statistics agencies performing statistical work, shall have the right, within the limits of their powers, to request and obtain state statistical reports, administrative accounting data, and other data necessary for the conduct of state statistical observations, as well as explanations appended to the reports from other offices.

According to the presidential decree Nr.5054, dated December 12, 2017, economic and financial data in the country should be compliant and coordinated under the IMF GDSS system.

0.1.2 Data sharing and coordination among data producing agencies

State Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan on Statistics

According to the Article 9 of the Law on Statistics, State statistics agencies shall perform statistical work in interaction with other state bodies in fulfillment of the Program of State Statistical Works. State statistics agencies permit other state agencies and legal entities to perform separate actions concerning their powers in accordance with the procedure established by the legislation. Other state agencies and legal entities shall conduct statewide

statistical observations according to the Program of State Statistical Work, as well as departmental statistical observations according to the forms coordinated with the authorized state statistics agency. The data of departmental statistical observations shall be submitted to the authorized state statistics agency at its request. In addition, the Statistics Council, a collegial advisory body, ensures coordination on problems associated with the development, functioning and coordination of state statistics under the authorized state statistics agency. The Statistics Council may appoint expert commissions to examine separate matters of state statistics. Experts may be invited to meetings of the Statistical Council and the expert commissions, and representatives of ministries, state committees and departments may be heard on matters of state statistics. The composition of the Statistical Council shall be approved by the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan.

0.1.3 Confidentiality of individual reporters' data

State Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan on Statistics

Under the Article 7 of the Law on State Statistics, State statistics agencies shall be obliged to ensure confidentiality of individual statistical data, preservation of state secrets and trade secrets of legal entities and anonymity of data regarding individuals. In addition, the Statute of the State Statistics Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan (Sep.2017) stipulates that the SSC shall take security measures to prevent confidentiality issues (art. 13.c, §15), including on bank secrecy (13.c, §11). Lastly, according to the Article 5 of the Law on State Statistics, interference by state agencies and local public authorities in the state statistics activities shall not be permitted.

The employees of SSC must follow a Code of Ethics, including an oath of secrecy, not to disclose any information availed to them while carrying out their duties as assigned to them. They are informed of duties upon appointment. Each employee of the SSC is required to sign a contract which requires him not to disclose such data.

A. 0.2 Resources

0.2.1 Staff, facilities, computing resources, and financing (Encouraged)

[Staff, facilities, computing resources, and financing for statistical programs currently available as well as what would be required for programmed statistical outputs.]

Indicators of the main types of mining activities

There are 14 employees in the Central Office and 4-5 - in the industrial statistics divisions of the regional departments of statistics who are engaged in formation of summary indicators.

The number of employees is sufficient to fulfill the tasks set for the formation of statistical data on industrial statistics.

All employees have a higher education in the economics and at least 1 time in 2 years are trained in courses of the Center for Staff Retraining and Statistical Research of the State Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan on Statistics (SSC).

Each workplace is provided with a personal computer, software is regularly updated.

The financial resources provided are sufficient to carry out the work stipulated by the State Statistical Work Program on Industrial Statistics.

INTEGRITY

1.1 Professionalism

1.1.1 Impartiality of statistics

State Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan on Statistics

According to the Law on Statistics (Article 4), the basic principles of the State Statistics include accuracy, objectivity and impartiality. In addition, the Statute of the State Statistics Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan (art. 13 c., §6) stipulates that the principles of the SSC should include impartiality.

1.1.2 Selection of sources, methodology, and modes of dissemination

State Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan on Statistics

According to the Law on Statistics (Article 15), statistical data shall be used for state and scientific purposes, for informing the public, ensuring rights, freedoms and lawful interests of users. Primary statistics obtained by state statistics agencies from legal persons, their representations and branches, natural persons, including individual businessmen, shall be used for statistical purposes only for the preparation of summary statistical indicators and shall be published in summary and anonymous form. Statistics that contain the state and trade secrets shall be submitted in the manner prescribed under law.

1.1.3 Commenting on erroneous interpretation and misuse of statistics

State Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan on Statistics

The SSC can, on ad-hoc basis, comment on erroneous interpretation and misuse of statistics

1.2 Transparency

1.2.1 Disclosure of terms and conditions for statistical collection, processing, and dissemination

State Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan on Statistics

According to the Law on Statistics (Article 4), the basic principles of the state statistics include accessibility, transparency and openness. The terms and conditions for statistical collection, processing and dissemination are incorporated into Uzbekistan's laws and resolutions dealing with statistics. These legislative measures are on the websites and thus accessible to the public. Thus, the *Law on State Statistics Committee (2002)* and Resolution Number 368 are posted on the Committee's website (www.stat.uz). The *Law*

is also reproduced in the Bulletin of Oliy Majalis (Parliament), and included in the data base on laws and regulations (www.norma.uz), as well as that of the Ministry of Justice accessible on the address www.Lex.uz.

1.2.2 Internal governmental access to statistics prior to release

State Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan on Statistics

The government has no access to SSC data prior to their release. The State statistics Committee are independent in the dissemination of statistical data. Interference by state agencies shall not be permitted (cf. Article 5 of the Law on Statistics). Only the Chairman of the Committee has access to statistics prior to release.

1.2.3 Attribution of statistical products

State Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan on Statistics

Data released to the public are clearly identified by the data producing agency (logo and footnotes).

1.2.4 Advance notice of major changes in methodology, source data, and statistical techniques.

State Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan on Statistics

Before a move to a new methodology, the SSC provides to the public advance notice when major changes are introduced in methodology and statistical techniques. The SSC posts on its website a relevant methodological note explaining what changes users should expect.

2. METHODOLOGY

2.1 Concepts and definitions

2.1.1 Concepts and definitions (Required)

[Degree to which the overall structure of concepts and definitions follows internationally accepted standards, guidelines, or good practices.]

The methodology for calculating indicators follows the recommendations of the International Monetary Fund (IMF).

The methodological basis for calculating mineral extraction indicators is the “Methodological guidelines for the valuation of total industrial production” approved by Resolution No. 9 of the SSC of June 9, 2015.

Methodological provisions are harmonized with the “International recommendations on industrial statistics for 2008.”

2.2 Scope

2.2.1 Scope (Required)

2.2.1.1 Scope of the data

[Scope of the data.]

The geographical coverage of the data includes the Republic of Karakalpakstan, 12 oblasts and the city of Tashkent.

The total volume of mining includes industrial activities of:

- a) large enterprises;
- b) small enterprises and microfirms;
- c) industrial production by individual entrepreneurs, both for sale and for their own consumption.

2.2.1.2 Exceptions to coverage

[Exceptions to coverage.]

No exceptions

2.2.1.3 Unrecorded activity

[Unrecorded activity.]

The shadow economy is not taken into account.

2.3 Classification/sectorization

2.3.1 Classification/sectorization (Required as relevant to data category)

[Broad consistency of classification/sectorization systems used with internationally accepted standards, guidelines, or good practices.]

The breakdown by type of activity is carried out in accordance with the Classification of Economic Activities of the Republic of Uzbekistan (OKED rev.2), equivalent to NACE-rev2.

The basic unit of account is the institutional unit..

2.4 Basis for recording

2.4.1 Valuation (Required as relevant to data category)

[Types of prices (market, historical, administrative, basic, purchasers', producer, etc.) used to value flows and stocks.]

The cost determination of indicators of the volume of mineral extraction involves the valuation of goods and services in prices at the time of production, regardless of when they are sold.

As a deflator, the producer price index is used to bring the volume of output at current prices in line with the producer prices of the base period

2.4.2 Recording basis (Required as relevant to data category)

[Degree to which recording meets requirements for accrual accounting.]

Transactions and flows are recorded on an accrual basis in accordance with the recommendations of the 2008 SNA.

Data on legal entities are formed on the basis of the accrual principle.

2.4.3 Grossing/netting procedures (Encouraged)

[Broad consistency of grossing/netting procedures with internationally accepted standards, guidelines, or good practices.]

The value of the volume of mineral extraction is defined as a gross indicator. Industrial production indices are calculated using gross value added by economic activity as weights.

3. ACCURACY AND RELIABILITY

3.1 Source data

3.1.1 Source data collection programs (Required)

[Comprehensiveness of source data from administrative and survey data collection programs, and appropriateness of the collection modality for country-specific conditions.]

As a basis for conducting statistical activity is a comprehensive and constantly updated business register (Unified State Register of Enterprises), acting in accordance with the Decree of the Cabinet of Ministers No. 274 dated September 25, 2012 “On Approval of the Provision on the Unified State Register of Enterprises”.

The procedures for maintaining the business register meet the requirements (including the addition of new units, the elimination of units that have ceased to exist, and the record keeping of mergers and changes in ownership). Source data are constantly analyzed to ensure the comprehensive nature of the data collection program. Reporting forms are reviewed periodically to take into account changed circumstances.

The information base for calculating the volume of mineral extraction is the primary statistical data of the state statistical reporting:

- Once a year, updated information on the volume of industrial production is formed on the basis of data from state statistical reporting for large enterprises, unified reporting for small enterprises and micro firms, as well as estimates of the activities of individual entrepreneurs;
- Monthly production is calculated on the basis of reporting data from large industrial enterprises and organizations and estimates of the industrial production of other legal entities and individuals.

3.1.2 Source data definitions, scope, sectorization, classifications, valuation, and time of recording (Encouraged)

[Degree to which source data approximate definitions, scope, sectorization, classifications, valuation, and time of recording required (as described in 2.1.1-2.4.3).]

Source data correspond to the time of reflection in accounting and base periods. The scope of activities within the most important industrial groups is adequate.

Date of data release: monthly - no later than 10 working days after the reporting period, annually - no more than 6 months after the reporting period.

3.1.3 Source data timeliness (Encouraged)

[Source data timeliness relative to what is required for producing statistical outputs whose timeliness meets applicable data standard (SDDS requirements or GDDS recommendations).]

The data collection program is governed by the State Statistical Work Program.

Information on the volume of mineral extraction is formed by the SSC on the 10th day, which corresponds to the current data standard. Annual - no later than 6 months after the reporting period.

3.2 Assessment of source data

3.2.1 Source data assessment (Encouraged)

[Routine assessment of source data—including censuses, sample surveys, and administrative records (e.g., for coverage, sample error, response error, and nonsampling error); whether assessment results are monitored; how results are used to guide statistical processes.]

The data obtained from enterprises are analyzed, monitored and verified not only at the level of district and regional statistical departments, but also at the SSC. If errors of registration, classification, control are detected the information is necessarily specified again with the respondents.

Source data is analyzed for comparability with other related data sources

3.3 Statistical techniques

3.3.1 Source data statistical techniques (Required as relevant to data category)

[Statistical techniques in data compilation to deal with data sources (e.g., to align them with target concepts from 2.1.1).]

Estimated calculations for individual categories (individuals, secondary activities, etc.) are conceptually consistent with the data from the questionnaires and have common approaches.

Mandatory reporting of data by respondents is established by the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan “On State Statistics”.

The calculation of the total volume of mineral extraction is carried out on the basis of statistical reporting for large enterprises, small enterprises and micro-firms, data from sample surveys of individual entrepreneurs.

The index of the volume of mineral extraction is calculated using the deflation method based on the use of data on the dynamics of production in monetary terms with subsequent step-by-step aggregation of individual indices into enlarged one of economic activity.

The gross value added of products by types of economic activity of the base year is used as weights for aggregation. Price indices of enterprises - manufacturers of

products are used in the calculations.

The base period for calculating the production index is the year preceding the reporting period - (t-1); as a base period for price and value added indices, we use the indicators of the year (t-2) previous to the base period adopted for the calculation of the production index.

3.3.2 Other statistical procedures (Required as relevant to data category)

[Statistical techniques employed in other statistical procedures (e.g., data adjustments and transformations, and statistical analysis).]

The volume of production is calculated in accordance with the "Methodological Regulation on Estimation of the Total Industrial Production", approved by the SSC dated June 9, 2015 No. 9 in accordance with the "International Recommendations for Industrial Statistics 2008", "International Recommendations for the Industrial Production Index 2010".

The calculations use data from administrative sources, data from tax authorities, and data from a sample survey of individual entrepreneurs selling their own products.

3.4 Data validation

3.4.1 Validation of intermediate results (Encouraged)

[Assessment and investigation of statistical discrepancies in intermediate data.]

Regular reconciliation of estimated and reported data is carried out. The difference between operational and updated data is insignificant.

3.4.2 Assessment of intermediate data (Encouraged)

[Assessment and investigation of statistical discrepancies in intermediate data.]

An analysis of possible discrepancies in the main intermediate data is carried out, and the data is corrected to eliminate discrepancies.

3.4.3 Assessment of discrepancies and other problems in statistical outputs (Encouraged)

[Investigation of statistical discrepancies and other potential indicators of problems in statistical outputs.]

In case of discrepancies in previously published data, changes are made to these data in subsequent publications. Coordination can be conducted with other agencies, enterprises and organizations.

3.5 Revision studies

3.5.1 Revision studies and analyses (Encouraged)

[Periodicity with which studies and analyses of revisions and/or updates are carried out; whether and how they are used internally to inform statistical processes (see also 4.3.3).]

Preliminary figures for January-December are compared with annual reporting data 6 months after the reporting period. In connection with the transition to the classification of the NACE Rev.2 from 2016, annual production volumes were recalculated from 2010 to 2015.

4. SERVICEABILITY

4.1 Periodicity and timeliness

4.1.1 Periodicity (Required)

[Periodicity of statistical outputs relative to applicable dissemination standard (SDDS requirement or GDDS recommendation).]

Calculations of the volume of mining operations are carried out monthly, updated indicators - according to the annual reporting.

4.1.2 Timeliness (Required)

[Timeliness of statistical outputs relative to applicable dissemination standard (SDDS requirement or GDDS recommendation).]

The volume of mineral extraction is published on the 10th working day, annual figures - no later than 6 months after the reporting period (complies with the data dissemination standards - GDDS). Published in accordance with the schedule established in the calendar of publication of the GDDS data.

4.2 Consistency

4.2.1 Internal consistency (Required as relevant to data category)

[Consistency of statistics within the dataset.]

After confirmation and distribution statistical series are not revised.

4.2.2 Temporal consistency (Encouraged)

[Consistency or reconcilability of statistics over a reasonable period of time.]

There are time series in terms of mineral production since 1992, in the structure of the NACE, the figures have been recalculated since 2010.

4.2.3 Intersectoral and cross-domain consistency (Encouraged)

[Consistency or reconcilability of statistics with those obtained through other data sources and/or statistical frameworks.]

Information on data from the state statistical reporting forms is comparable with indicators from administrative sources.

4.3 Revision

4.3.1 Revision and/or update schedule (Required)

[Transparency and regularity of revision/update schedule.]

The data on the annual volume of mining operations are specified in the terms stipulated by the State Statistical Work Program.

4.3.2 Identification of preliminary and/or revised/updated data (Required)

[Identification of preliminary and/or revised/updated data.]

The data on the volume of mineral extraction are revised on the basis of updated annual reports in the terms established by the State Statistical Work Program.

4.3.3 Dissemination of revision studies and analyses (Encouraged)

[Dissemination of revision studies and analyses (see also 3.5.1).]

Statistical compilations indicate that for the previous year, certain indicators are being revised. Revised (final) data are disseminated through SSC publications.

5. ACCESSIBILITY

5.1 Data

5.1.1 Statistical presentation (Required)

[Statistics are presented in a way that facilitates proper interpretation and meaningful comparisons (layout and clarity of text, tables, and charts).]

Data on the volume of mineral extraction is provided online and electronically to users through the publications “Social and Economic Situation of the Republic of Uzbekistan”, “Statistical Review of the Republic of Uzbekistan”, “National Accounts of the Republic of Uzbekistan”, etc.

5.1.2 Dissemination media and format (Required)

5.1.2.1 Hard copy - New release

[Hard copy - New release.]

The data is disseminated to users in print form through SSC publications: “Social and Economic Situation of the Republic of Uzbekistan” (quarterly), “Statistical Review of the Republic of Uzbekistan” (quarterly), “National Accounts of the Republic of Uzbekistan” (1 time in 2 years), etc.

5.1.2.2 Hard copy - Weekly bulletin

[Hard copy - Weekly bulletin.]

Not available.

5.1.2.3 Hard copy - Monthly Bulletin

[Hard copy - Monthly Bulletin.]

Not available.

5.1.2.4 Hard copy - Quarterly bulletin

[Hard copy - Quarterly bulletin.]

"Socio-Economic Situation of the Republic of Uzbekistan", "Statistical Review of the Republic of Uzbekistan".

5.1.2.5 Hard copy - Other

[Hard copy - Other.]

Tables for special user requests.

5.1.2.6 Electronic - On-line bulletin or data

[Electronic - On-line bulletin or data.]

Monthly Bulletin "Industrial Production"
"Statistical Review of the Republic of Uzbekistan" is published on the site quarterly.
E-press release monthly.

5.1.2.7 Electronic - Other

[Electronic - Other.]

Quarterly and yearly data are presented in the form of electronic tables to government authorities and other users upon request.

5.1.5 Dissemination on request (Encouraged)

[Dissemination on request of unpublished but non-confidential statistics.]

Specific details may be available upon request. According to the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On State Statistics", the Regulation "On the State Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan on Statistics", the Regulations on the organization of work on the preparation and dissemination of statistical information and other regulatory documents, statistical data are submitted to users upon their request in the prescribed manner. The dissemination of statistical information is carried out by providing, upon written request of legal entities or individuals, in the form of printed or electronic tables, statistical compilations, newsletters, press releases, as well as in accordance with the agreements of the parties on information interaction

5.2 Metadata

5.2.1 Dissemination of documentation on concepts, scope, classifications, basis of recording, data sources, and statistical techniques (Required)

[Dissemination of documentation on concepts, scope, classifications, basis of recording, data sources, and statistical techniques, including annotation of differences from internationally accepted standards, guidelines.]

The SSC website(<https://lib.stat.uz/ru/metodicheskie-materialy/promyshlennost>) contains methodological guidelines for the formation and calculation of statistical indicators.

9. PLANS

9.1 Recent

9.1.1 Plans for improvement - Recent improvements

[Plans for improvement - Recent improvements.]

Improving the tools (forms and questionnaires) of state statistical observations.

9.2 General

9.2.1 Plans for improvement - Short-term

[Plans for improvement - Short-term.]

Performing calculations of mineral production in discrete months from September 2019.

9.2.2 Plans for improvement - Medium-term

[Plans for improvement - Medium-term.]

No

9.3 Financial

9.3.1 Plans for improvement - TA/financing needs - Short-term

[Plans for improvement - TA/financing needs - Short-term.]

Funding was provided under the annual State Statistical Work Program.

9.3.2 Plans for improvement - TA/financing needs - Medium-term

[Plans for improvement - TA/financing needs - Medium-term.]

Funding was provided under the annual State Statistical Work Program

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