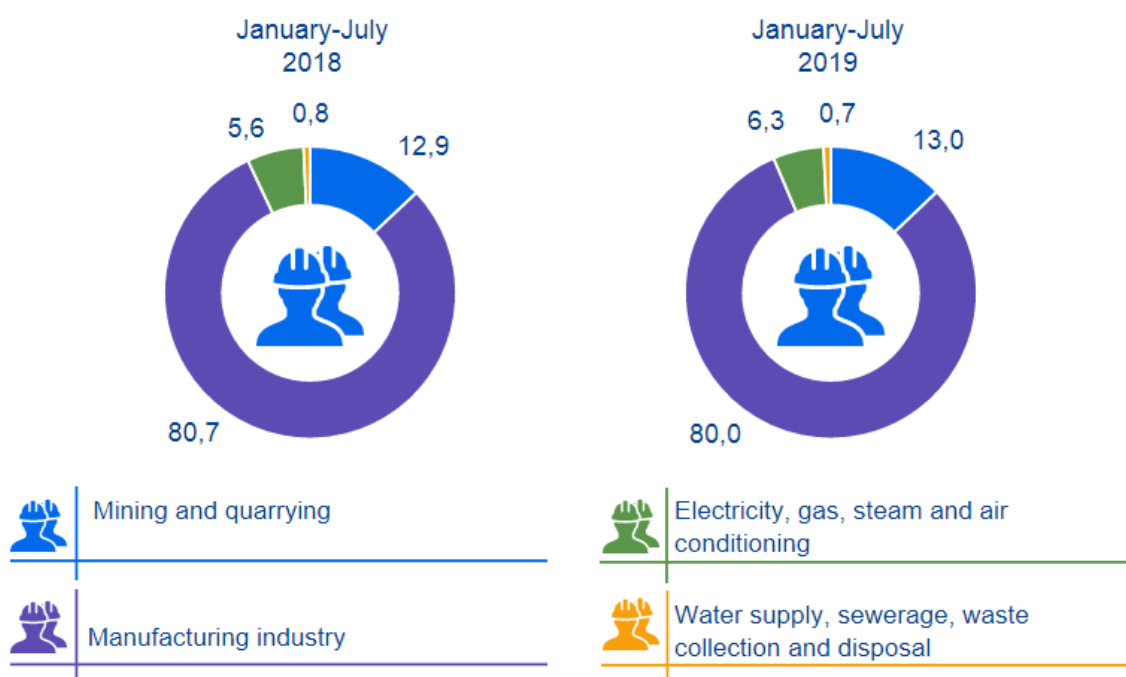


Industrial production of the Republic of Uzbekistan (January-July 2019)

According to preliminary data, in January-July 2019, republican enterprises produced 175.3 trillion industrial products. Sum, the index of physical volume * of industrial production compared to the same period last year amounted to 106.8%. At the same time, labor productivity has increased by 5.8% compared to the same period in 2018, industrial production per worker employed in industry amounted to 97112.1 thousand sums

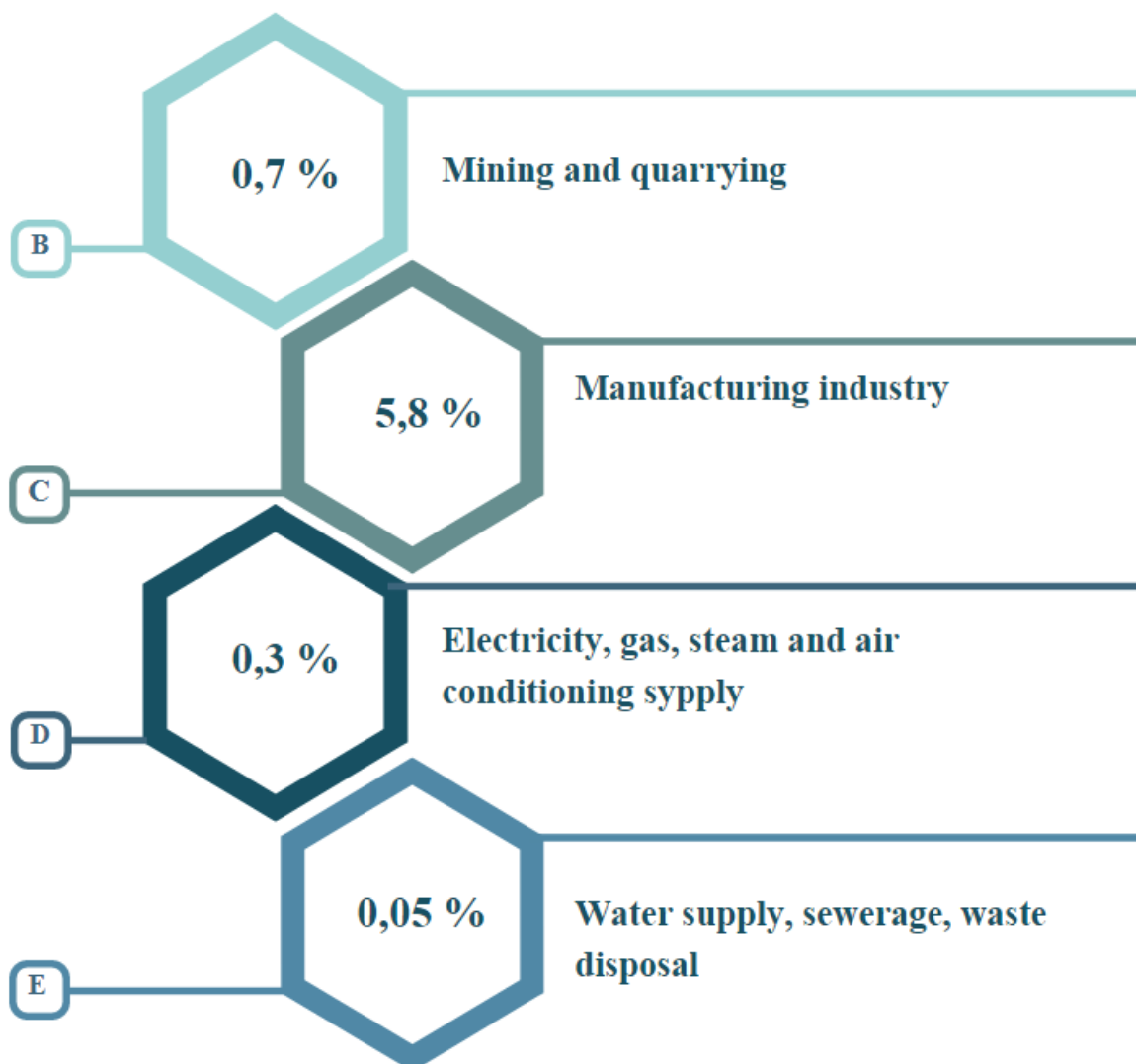
The main factor in the growth of the physical volume of industrial production was an increase in the mining industry and quarrying by 3.9%, manufacturing - by 7.9%, electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning - by 3.5%, water supply, sewage, waste collection and disposal - by 5.4%.

The structure of industrial production by main types of economic activity, %



* **Volume Index** industrial production - a relative indicator characterizing the change in the mass of manufactured products (works, services) in the compared periods.

Contribution of main types of economic activity in the growth of industrial production, %



Mining and quarrying

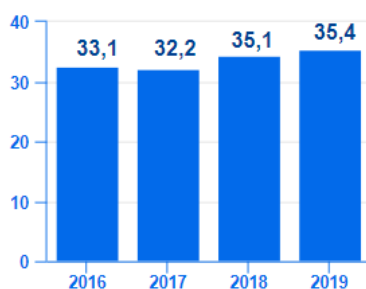

The volume of products produced by mining and quarrying enterprises in January-July 2019 amounted to 22.7 trillion. soums, or 13.0% of the total industry.

Compared with the same period last year, there is an increase in natural gas production by 1.0% and gravel - by 31.8%, while there is a decrease in coal production by 3.9%, oil - by 6.8%, gas condensate - by 2.4%, crushed stone - by 4.5%.

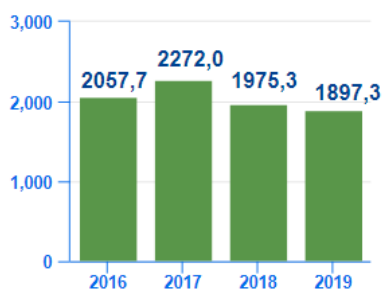
Production of certain types of industrial products large mining enterprises and career development

Industrial products	January-July Production 2018 year	January-July Production 2019 year	To January-July 2018,%
Coal, thousand tons	1975,3	1897,3	96,1 ↓
Oil, thousand tons	437,5	407,7	93,2 ↓
Natural gas, million cubic meters	35075,4	35425,4	101,0 ↑
Gas condensate, thousand tons	1246,8	1216,6	97,6 ↓
Crushed stone, thousand tons	778,7	743,7	95,5 ↓
Gravel, thousand tons	277,0	365,2	131,8 ↑

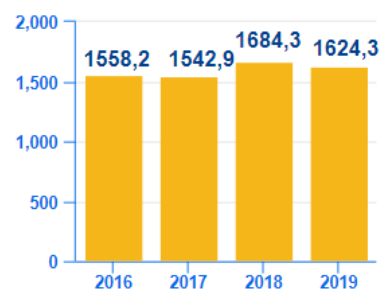

Mining (for January-July)

Natural gas production,
billion cubic meters




Coal mining,
thousand tons

Oil production
(incl. gas condensate),
thousand tons

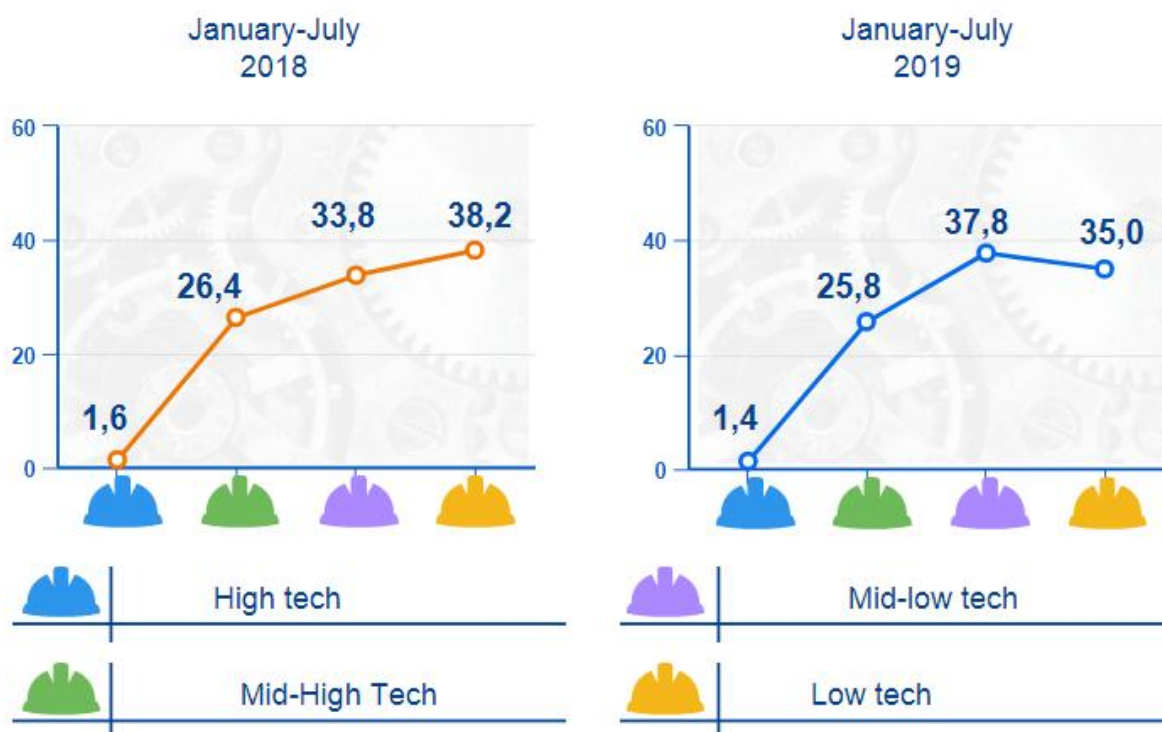
Manufacturing industry

Manufacturing enterprises for January-July 2019 produced products 140.2 trillion soum, or 80.0% of the total industry.

Manufacturing Structure for January-July 2019,%

In the structure of manufacturing, compared with the corresponding period of the previous year, the share of high-tech industries amounted to 1.4% (1.6% for January-July 2018), medium-high-tech - 25.8% (26.4%), medium-low-tech - 37.8% (33.8%) and low-tech - 35.0% (38.2%).

The structure of the manufacturing industry by manufacturability,%



In the manufacturing industry, the share of enterprises for the production, repair, assembly of machinery and equipment, the production of cars, trailers, semi-trailers and other finished products amounted to 22.2% (the growth of the physical volume index increased by 22.5% compared to January-July 2018) , the share of the metallurgical industry - 22.4% (6.1%), enterprises for the production of textile, clothing and leather products - 16.3% (3.9%), for the production of food, beverages and tobacco - 15.5 % (6.4%), enterprises for the production of chemical products, rubber and plastic products - 9.9% (2.8%).

**Production of certain types of industrial products
large manufacturing enterprises**

Industrial products	January-July Production 2018 year	January-July Production 2019	To January-July 2018,%
Passenger cars, pcs.	98700	147650	149,6 ↑
Trucks, pcs.	1925	2985	155,1 ↑
Buses, pcs.	303	1095	3,6 t. ↑
Car engines, pcs.	70534	114561	162,4 ↑
Cotton fiber, thousand tons	480,6	320,7	66,7 ↓
Vegetable oil (refined), thousand tons	125,7	102,7	82,0 ↓

Moreover, in the manufacturing industry, compared with the corresponding period last year, the production of trucks increased by 1.6 times., cars - by 1.5 times., automobile engines - by 1.6 times., buses - by 3.6 times., running wheels, their parts and accessories - 1.5 times., radiators, silencers and exhaust pipes, clutches, steering wheels, steering columns, crankcase steering mechanisms and their parts - 1.5 times.

**Production of certain types of industrial products large manufacturing
enterprises**

Industrial products	January-July Production 2018 year	January-July Production 2019	To January-July 2018,%
Tobacco products, mln. Pcs.	6078	6076	100,0

Industrial products	January-July Production 2018 year	January-July Production 2019	To January-July 2018,%
Gasoline, thousand tons	657,1	595,1	90,6 ↓
Diesel fuel, thousand tons	650,6	626,4	96,3 ↓
Portland cement, thousand tons	4590,7	5399,5	117,6 ↑
Paints and varnishes based on acrylic or vinyl polymers, tons	8162,0	10069,3	123,4 ↑
Tractors, pcs.	2406	797	33,1 ↓



The overhaul of technological equipment allowed increasing the capacity utilization of chemical enterprises and exceeding the previous year's production indicators for mineral fertilizers containing nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium (103.2% compared to January-July 2018), ammonium sulfate (110.7%), potassium chloride (111.0%), ammonium nitrate (114.6%), urea (119.6%), paints and varnishes based on acrylic or vinyl polymers (123,4%), caustic soda (144.2%).

Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning

The volume of products produced by electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning enterprises amounted to 11.1 trillion. Sum (6.3% of the total industry).

In this industry, the index of physical volume, compared with the corresponding period last year, increased by 3.5%.

**Production of certain types of industrial products
large enterprises of electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning**


Industrial products	January-July Production 2018 year	January-July Production 2019	To January-July 2018,%
Electricity, million kW / h	34936,9	35585,6	101,9 
Heat energy thousand Gcal	16981,9	16572,6	97,6 

Water supply, sewerage, waste collection and disposal

The volume of products produced by water supply, sewerage, waste collection and disposal enterprises amounted to 1.3 trillion sum (0.7% of the total industry).

Compared with the corresponding period last year, there is an increase in recyclables containing aluminum in 1.9 t., Recyclables containing copper in 2.9 t., Services for emptying, cleaning and treating cesspools, sumps and septic tanks in 2.1 t., services for the treatment and distribution of water through pipelines - by 26.7%, services for the disposal, transportation of wastewater and their treatment - by 36.3%, services for the collection of non-hazardous waste - by 80.6%.

**Production of certain types of industrial products
large enterprises of water supply, sewerage, waste collection and
disposal**

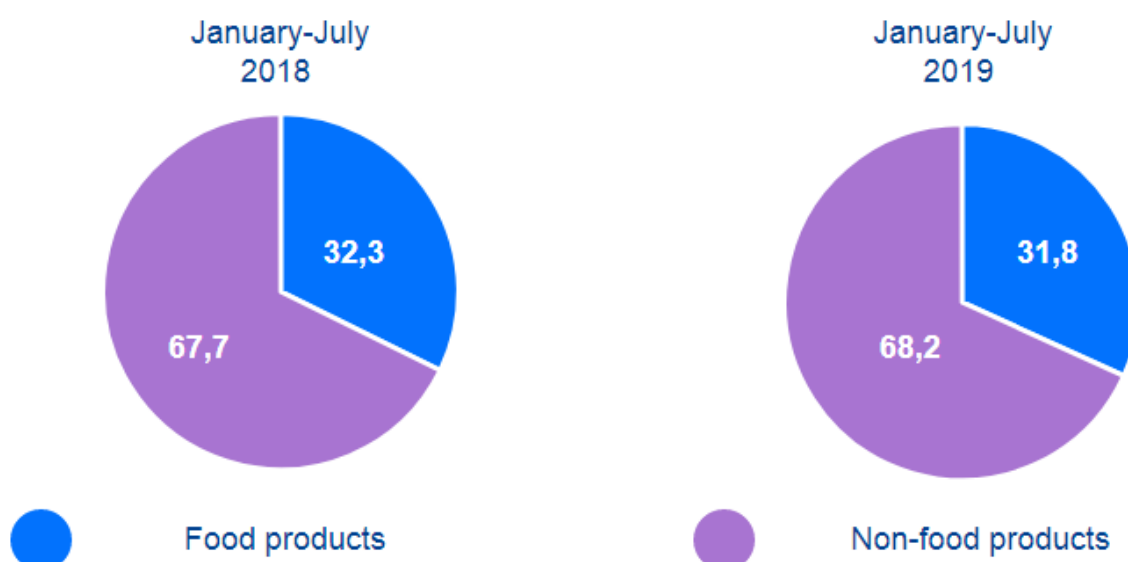
Industrial products	January-July Production 2018 year	January-July Production 2019	TO January-July 2018,%
Recyclable materials containing ferrous metals, thousand tons	196,7	140,7	71,5 

Industrial products	January-July Production 2018 year	January-July Production 2019	TO January-July 2018,%
Recyclable materials containing aluminum, tons	2322,0	4451,0	1,9 t. ↑
Services for the disposal, transportation of wastewater and their treatment, billion sums	90523,8	123351,9	136,3 ↑

Consumer goods manufacturing

As a result of measures taken to expand the assortment and stimulating the production of finished goods, consumer goods production amounted to 58.8 trillion. sum and, in comparison with the corresponding period of 2018, increased by 16.5%, the share in the total industry amounted to 33.5%.

The structure of consumer goods production,%



Compared to the same period of 2018, in the structure of consumer goods production for January-July 2019, an increase in the share of non-food products from 67.7% to 68.2% is noted.

In the structure of food production, the production of wine-vodka products and beer amounted to 6.5% (7.5% for January-July 2018).

The volume of production, structure and growth rates of consumer goods by region for January-July 2019

	Billion sum	Specific weight, %	In % To January-July 2018
Republic of Uzbekistan ¹⁾	58803,8	100,0	116,5
Republic of Karakalpakstan	1219,2	2,1	108,0
<i>regions:</i>			
Andijan	14392,3	24,5	140,6
Bukhara	2728,8	4,6	108,8
Jizzakh	1179,6	2,0	104,1
Kashkadarya	1938,1	3,3	105,8
Navoi	1713,5	2,9	102,5
Namangan	3009,3	5,1	112,4
Samarkand	4787,0	8,1	101,2
Surkhandarya	821,7	1,4	105,6
Syrdarya	1446,9	2,5	109,5
Tashkent	5233,6	8,9	104,3
Ferghana	3429,7	5,8	108,5

¹ Включая нераспределенные данные по регионам

	Billion sum	Specific weight, %	In % To January-July 2018
Khorezm	2952,5	5,0	127,6
Tashkent city	12840,7	21,8	107,5

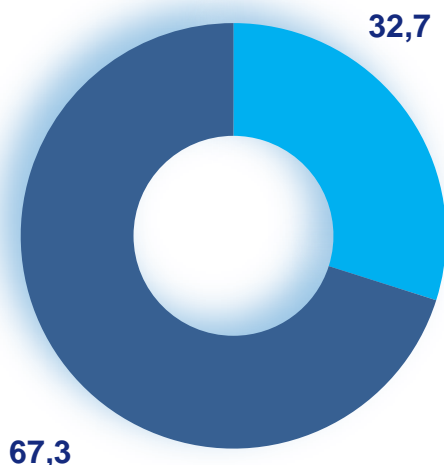
Production of enterprises with foreign investment

During the reporting period, enterprises with foreign investment produced products worth 52.4 trillion soum.

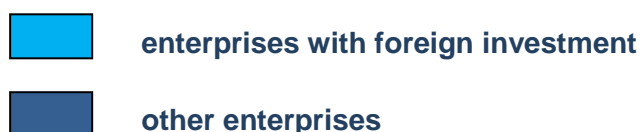
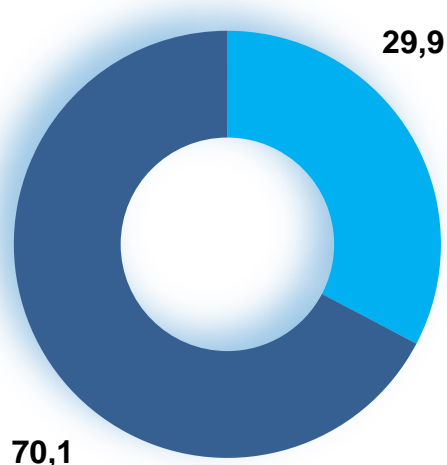
The share of products of enterprises with foreign investment in the total volume of production amounted to 29.9%.

The proportion of products of enterprises with foreign investment in the total industry, %

January-July 2018



January-July 2019



In the total output of enterprises with foreign investment, their share in the mining industry and quarrying amounted to 26.2%, and manufacturing - 73.7%.

Industrial production of the regions

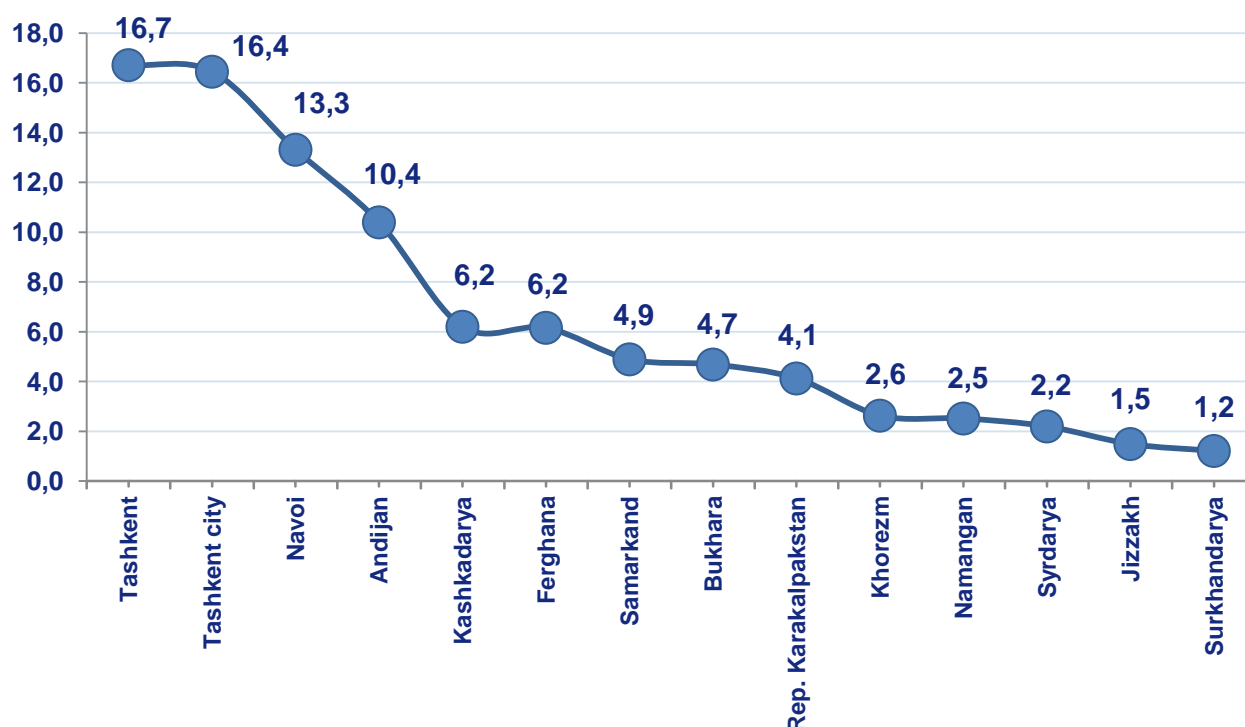
	January-July 2019 billion sums	IFO, in%, from January-July 2018
Republic Uzbekistan ¹⁾	175287,4	106,8
Republic of Karakalpakstan	7230,3	101,9
<i>regions:</i>		
Andijan	18222,4	118,3
Bukhara	8210,1	106,5
Jizzakh	2611,5	104,3
Kashkadarya	10872,3	95,2
Navoi	23336,7	101,1
Namangan	4409,7	109,2
Samarkand	8576,8	109,4
Surkhandarya	2124,4	105,1
Syrdarya	3851,9	101,8
Tashkent	29294,3	110,9

¹ Включая нераспределенные данные по регионам

	January-July 2019 billion sums	Ifo, in%, from January-July 2018
Ferghana	10797,7	106,1
Khorezm	4611,4	112,5
Tashkent city	28832,8	103,3

In the structure of industrial production of the republic, the largest share falls on the Tashkent region (16.7% of the republican volume of industry), Tashkent city (16.4%), Navoi (13.3%), Andijan (10.4%), Kashkadarya (6.2%) and Ferghana (6.2 %) regions.

The proportion of industrial products by region, %



The consistent implementation of measures to increase the industrial potential of the regions contributed to a significant increase in the index of physical volume of industrial production in Andijan (118.3% versus

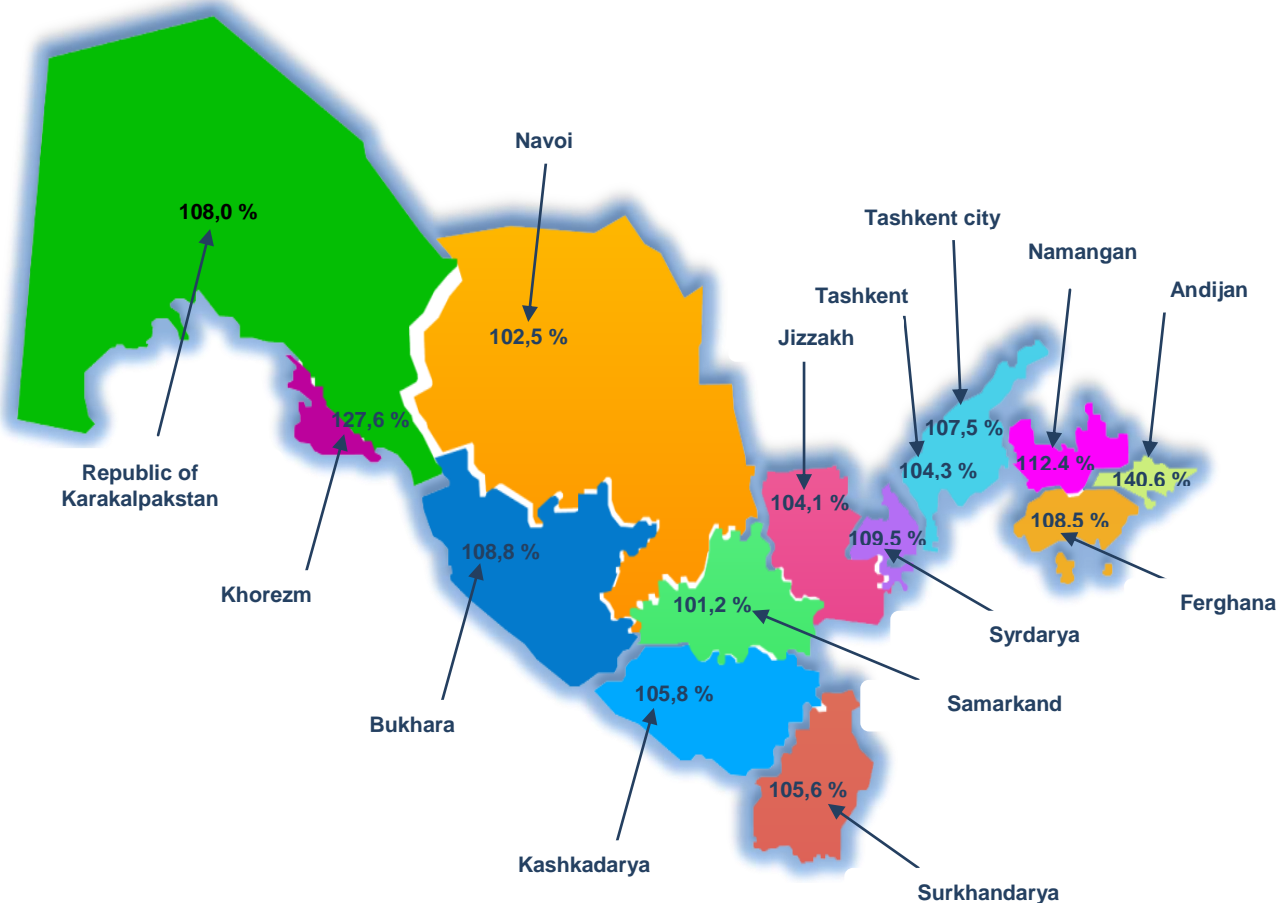
January-July 2018), Khorezm (112.5%), Tashkent (110.9%), Namangan (109.2%), Samarkand (109.4%), Bukhara (106.5%) and Ferghana (106.1%) regions.

At the same time, there has been a significant increase in the production of consumer goods in Andijan (140.6% compared to January-July 2018), Khorezm (127.6%), Namangan (112.4%), Syrdarya (109.5%), Bukhara (108.8%), Fergana (108.5%), Surkhandarya (105.6%)) regions and the Republic of Karakalpakstan (108.0%).

Along with this, it should be noted that the largest share of consumer goods was produced in Andijan region (24.5% of the total consumer goods of the republic), Tashkent city (21.8%), Tashkent (8.9%) and Samarkand (8.1%) regions.

Growth in consumer goods production by region

(January-July 2019,% to January-July 2018)



Analysis of the differentiation of industrial output per capita showed an excess of the national average indicator (5249.8 thousand soum) in the Navoi region (23740.3 thousand soum), Tashkent city (11422.5 thousand soum), Tashkent (10074.4 thousand soum) and Andijan (5920.6 thousand soum) regions.

The production of consumer goods per capita in the reporting period in the republic amounted to 1761.1 thousand soum, including in the city of Tashkent - 5087.0 thousand soum, Andijan region - 4676.2 thousand soum, Tashkent region - 1799.9 thousand soum.

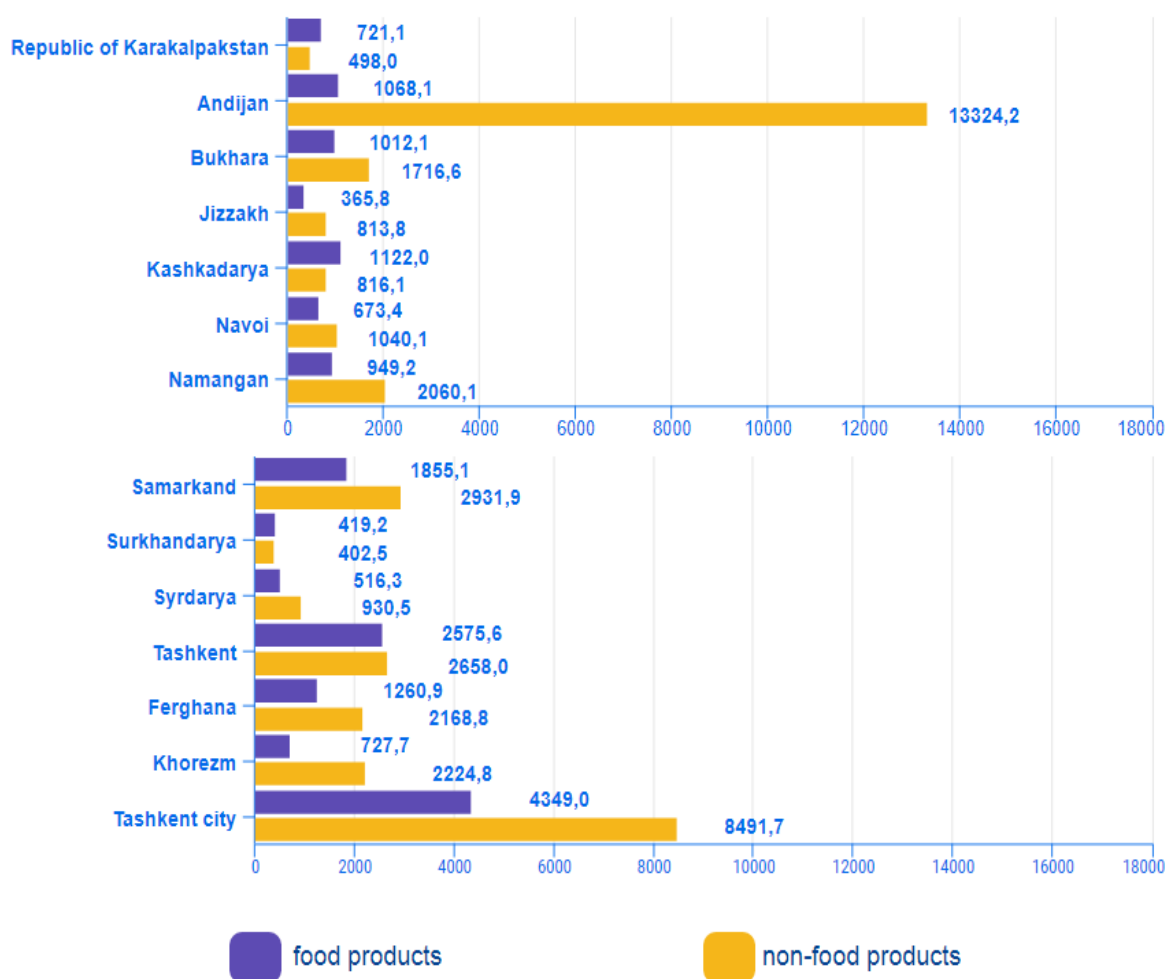
**Volume of industrial production and consumer goods per capita by
region in January-July 2019, thousand sums**

	Industrial products	Consumer goods
Republic of Uzbekistan	5249,8	1761,1
Republic of Karakalpakstan	3854,3	649,9
Regions:		
Andijan	5920,6	4676,2
Bukhara	4319,5	1435,7
Jizzakh	1921,8	868,1
Kashkadarya	3369,5	600,7
Navoi	23740,3	1743,1
Namangan	1595,0	1088,5
Samarkand	2247,6	1254,4
Surkhandarya	822,7	318,2
Syrdarya	4622,0	1736,1

	Industrial products	Consumer goods
Tashkent	10074,2	1799,9
Ferghana	2920,5	927,6
Khorezm	2504,7	1603,7
Tashkent city	11422,5	5087,0

Consumer goods production by regions, billion soums

(January-July 2019)



The contribution of small business to industrial production

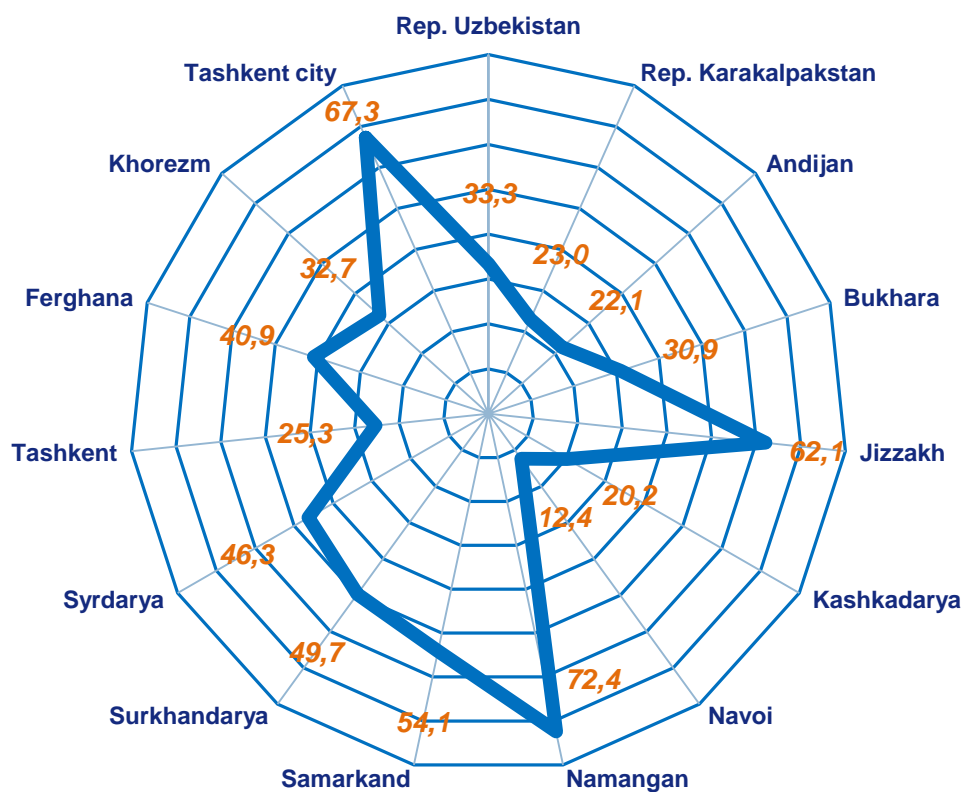
For the reporting period, small businesses produced goods worth 58.4 trillion sum

The share of small business products in total production amounted to 33.3%.

By regions, the largest share of small business was observed in Namangan (72.4% of the total industry of the region), Tashkent city (67.3%), Jizzakh (62.1%), Samarkand (54.1%), Surkhandarya (49.7%), Syrdarya (46.3%) and Ferghana (40.9%) regions.

At the same time, the smallest share of small business was noted in Navoi (12.4%), Kashkadarya (20.2%), Andijan (22.1%) in Tashkent (25.3%) regions, as well as in the Republic of Karakalpakstan (23.0%).

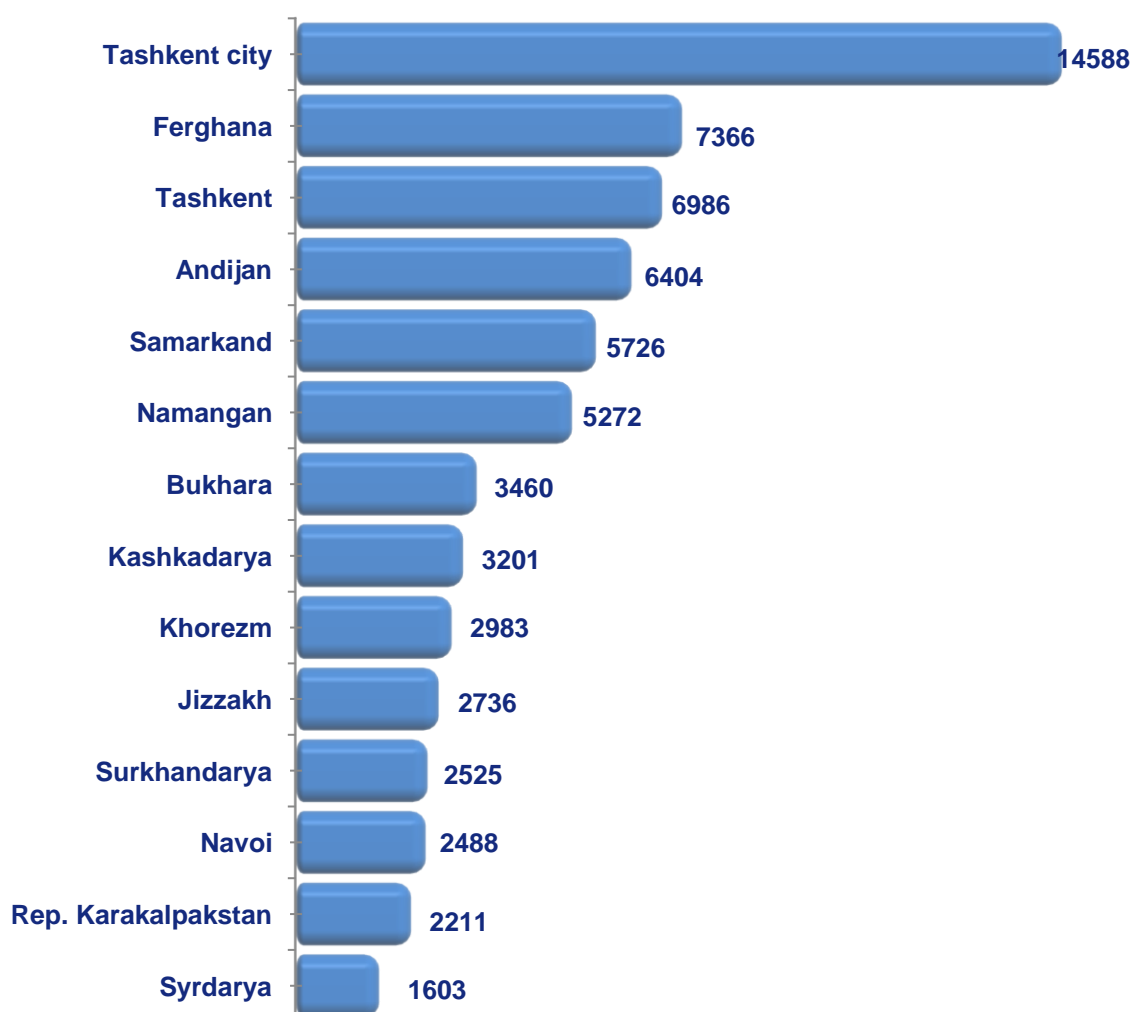
The proportion of small business in the volume of industrial production of the regions, %



Existing and newly created industrial enterprises

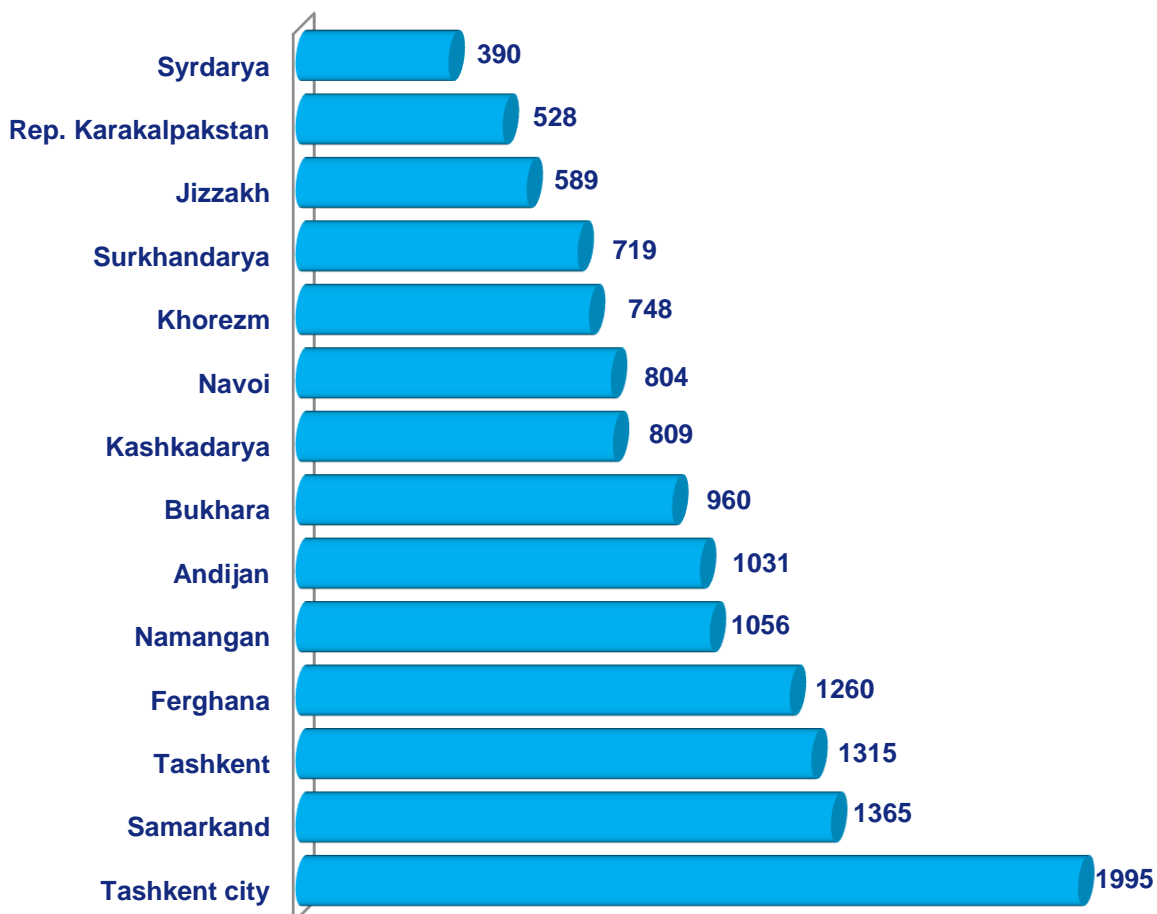
Today, 67.5 thousand industrial enterprises operate in the republic, of which 14.6 thousand (21.6% of the total number of operating enterprises) are in Tashkent, 7.4 thousand (10.9%) - Ferghana and 7.0 thousand (10.3%) - Tashkent region.

Number of operating industrial enterprises, units (as of August 1, 2019)



In January-July 2019, 13,569 industrial enterprises were re-created in the republic, of which 51.5% are in Tashkent city, Namangan, Tashkent, Samarkand and Ferghana regions.

The number of newly created industrial enterprises, units
(January-July 2019)



Statistics Office industry

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