

DEMOGRAPHIC SITUATION

According to the preliminary data the number of the resident population in the republic as of July 1, 2018 was 32 900,1 thousand and has increased from the beginning of the current year by 243,4 thousand or 0,7 percent.

The number of urban population was 16 646,1 thousand (50,6 percent of total population) and that of rural population -16 254,0 thousand (49,4 percent).

Number of resident population by region (as of July 1, 2018)

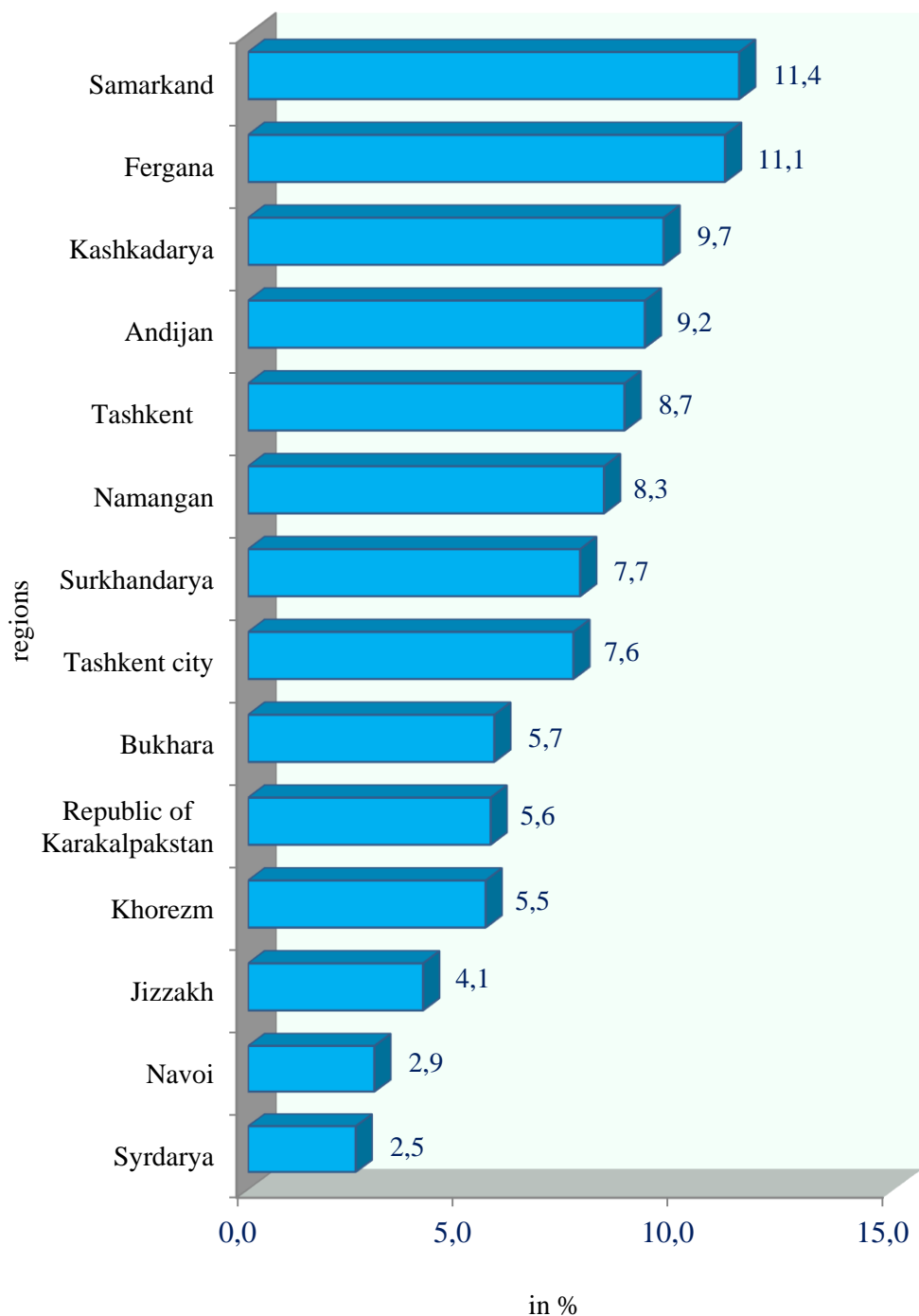
	Number of resident population, thsd.			Growth rate of resident population, %		
	Total	of which:		Total	of which:	
		urban	rural		urban	rural
Republic of Uzbekistan	32 900,1	16 646,1	16 254,0	101,7	101,5	101,9
Republic of Karakalpakstan	1 853,5	910,8	942,7	101,4	101,3	101,6
<i>regions:</i>						
Andijan	3 032,3	1 586,5	1 445,8	101,7	101,5	101,8
Bukhara	1 881,3	701,4	1 179,9	101,5	101,0	101,8
Jizzakh	1 337,0	627,3	709,7	101,9	101,7	102,1
Kashkadarya	3 175,0	1 368,6	1 806,4	102,0	101,9	102,0
Navoi	964,7	469,8	494,9	101,6	101,2	101,9
Namangan	2 720,4	1 757,0	963,4	101,8	101,7	102,0
Samarkand	3 753,3	1 400,4	2 352,9	102,0	101,5	102,3
Surkhandarya	2 537,9	900,8	1 637,1	102,1	101,9	102,3
Syrdarya	821,9	351,9	470,0	101,6	101,2	101,9
Tashkent	2 876,7	1 418,3	1 458,4	101,2	101,0	101,3
Fergana	3 644,9	2 063,0	1 581,9	101,6	101,4	101,8
Khorezm	1 815,3	604,4	1 210,9	101,6	101,4	101,7
Tashkent city	2 485,9	2 485,9	x	101,7	101,7	x

As of July 1, 2018 the largest population is marked in Samarkand region – 3753,3 thousand people (the share in the total population of the republic – 11,4 percent), Fergana

region – 3644,9 thousand people (11,1 percent), Kashkadarya region – 3175,0 thousand people (9,7 percent) and Andijan region – 3032,3 thousand people (9,2 percent).

Number of resident population by region

(as of July 1, 2018, to total population, %)



Vital statistics

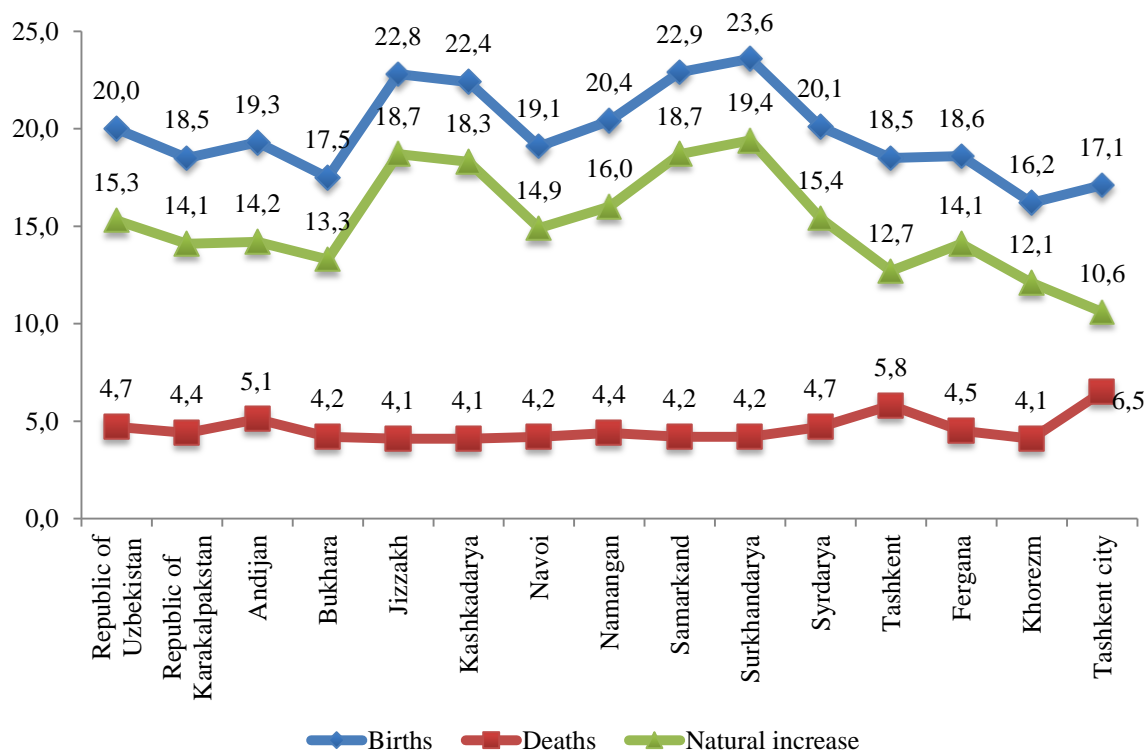
(January-June)

<i>Indicators</i>	<i>thsd. persons</i>		<i>per 1000 population</i>	
	<i>2017</i>	<i>2018</i>	<i>2017</i>	<i>2018</i>
Births	311,8	324,3	19,5	20,0
Deaths	78,7	75,6	4,9	4,7
of which children aged under 1 year	3,9	3,5	11,0 ¹⁾	9,8 ¹⁾
Marriages, <i>thsd.</i>	96,4	104,9	6,0	6,5
Divorces, <i>thsd.</i>	15,6	16,4	1,0	1,0

Births. In January-June 2018 the number of births was 324,3 thousand and in comparison with January-June 2017 (311,8 thousand) increased by 12,5 thousand, the birth rate was 20,0 per mille.

Vital statistics

(January-June 2018, per 1000 population, per mille)



¹⁾ Per 1000 births

The increase in birth rate is observed in Tashkent city (from 16,5 per mille to 17,1 per mille), Samarkand region (from 21,0 per mille to 22,9 per mille), Kashkadarya region (from 21,4 per mille to 22,4 per mille), Djizzak region (from 21,9 per mille to 22,8 per

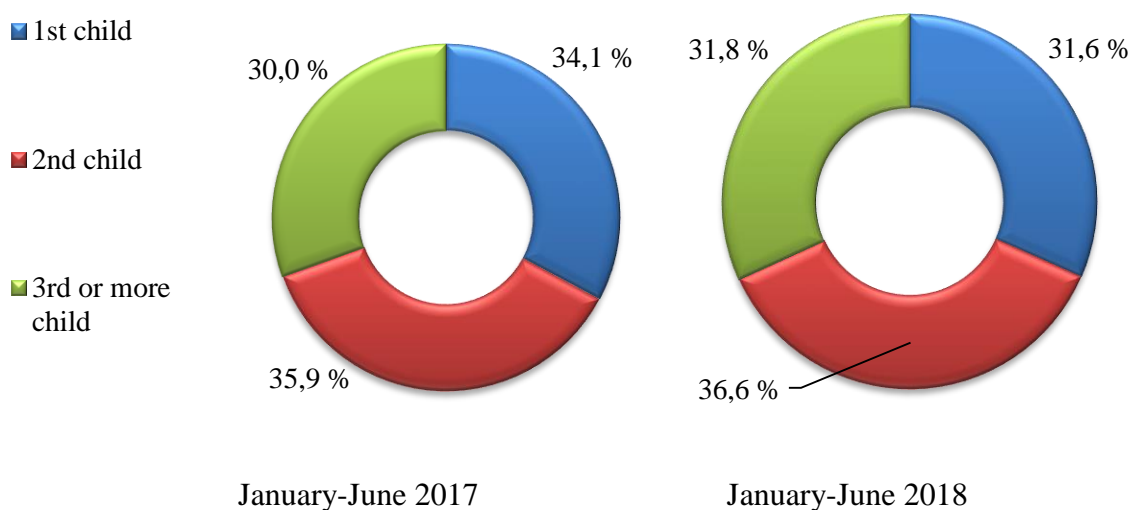
mille), Tashkent region (from 17,9 per mille to 18,5 per mille), Bukhara region (from 17,2 per mille to 17,5 per mille), the Republic of Karakalpakstan (from 18,2 per mille to 18,5 per mille).

The decrease in the birth rate is marked in Navoi region (from 19,8 per mille to 19,1 per mille), Khorezm region (from 16,7 per mille to 16,2 per mille), Syrdarya region (from 20,5 per mille to 20,1 per mille) and Andijan region (from 19,4 per mille to 19,3 per mille)

A high birth rate is observed in Surkhandarya region (23,6 per mille), Samarkand regions (22,9 per mille), Djizzak region (22,8 per mille) and Kashkadarya region (22,4 per mille).

In January-June 2018 according to the birth order 31,6 percent falls on the first child (in January-June 2017 – 34,1 percent), 36,6 percent - on the second child (35,9 percent), 31,8 percent - on the third child and more children (30,0 percent).

Distribution of births by birth order (percent)



Deaths. In January-June 2018 the number of deaths was 75,6 thousand and in comparison with the corresponding period of 2017 (78,7 thousand) decreased by 3,1 thousand, the death rate was 4,7 per mille (in January-June 2017 – 4,9 per mille).

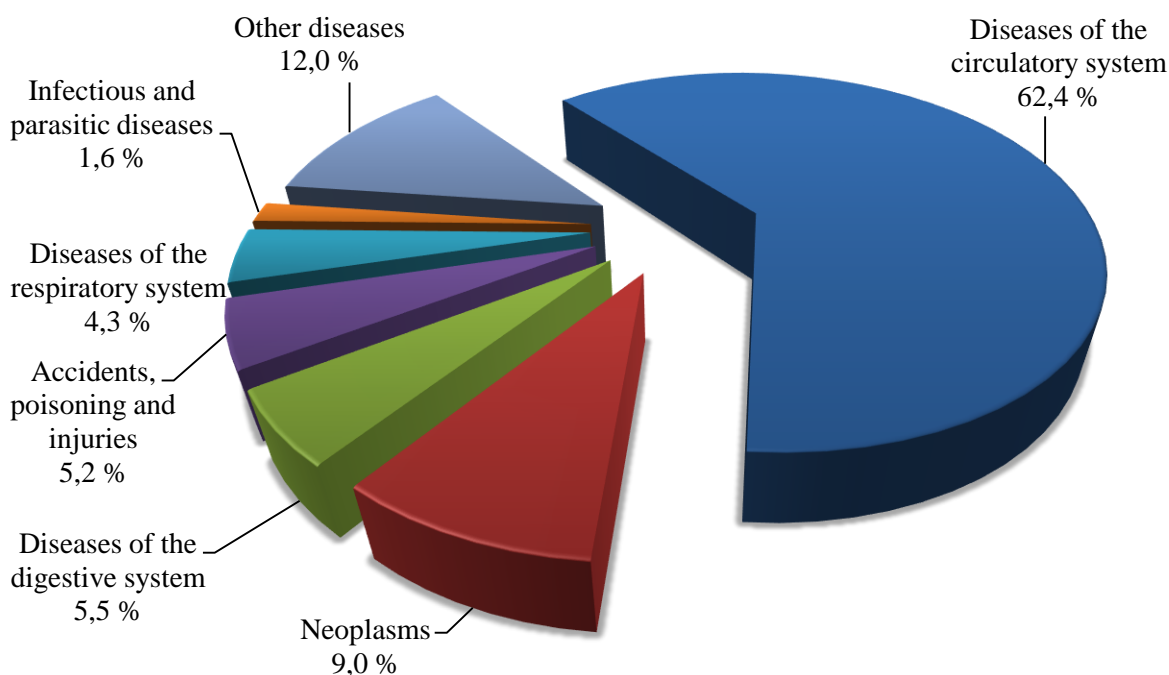
The death rate increased only in Tashkent region (from 5,7 per mille to 5,8 per mille).

The lowest morbidity level was registered in Djizzak, Kashkadarya and Khorezm regions - 4,1 per mille, Bukhara, Navoi, Samarkand and Surkhandarya regions - 4,2 per mille.

In the structure of total mortality cardiovascular diseases make up 61,3 percent, neoplasms – 9,3 percent, poisonings and traumas – 5,6 percent, diseases of digestive organs – 5,5 percent, accidents, respiratory diseases – 4,3 percent, infectious and parasitic diseases – 1,5 percent, other diseases – 12,5 percent.

Distribution of deaths by main cause of death

(to total number of the dead), %



In January-June 2018 according to the preliminary data 3,5 thousand children died at the age under one year. The infant death rate was 9,8 per mille (in January-June 2017 – 11,0 per mille).

High infant mortality was marked in the Republic of Karakalpakstan – 16,1 (per 1000 live births), Tashkent city – 13,9, Andijan region – 14,5, Khorezm region – 11,2, Syrdarya region – 11,0, Namangan region – 10,8.

Of the total number of children who died at the age under 1 year, 59,6 percent died of states occurring in perinatal period, 16,8 percent - respiratory diseases, 12,9 percent - congenital anomalies, 2,0 percent – infectious and parasitic diseases, 2,2 percent - accidents, poisoning and injuries, 0,8 percent - diseases of the digestive organs, 5,7 percent - other diseases.

According to the preliminary data 70 maternal deaths were recorded in January-June 2018, the maternal mortality ratio was 21,6 per mille (per 100,000 live births).

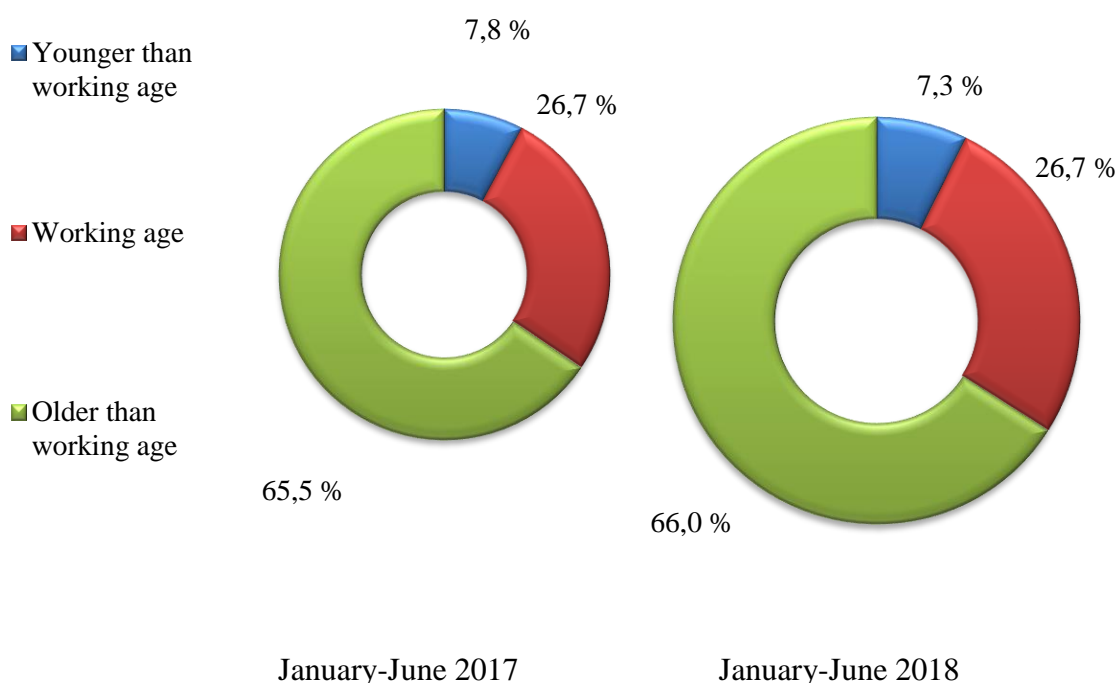
High maternal mortality rate was marked in Surkhandarya region – 40,6 (per 100,000 live births), Djizzak region– 39,8, Tashkent region – 26,7, the Republic of Karakalpakstan - 29,5, Tashkent city – 28,6.

Of the total number of the dead 7,3 percent died under working age (in January-June 2017 – 7,8 percent), 26,7 percent - at working age (26,7 percent), 66,0 percent – over working age (65,5 percent).

The share of deaths at the age of 60 years and older is 66,0 percent.

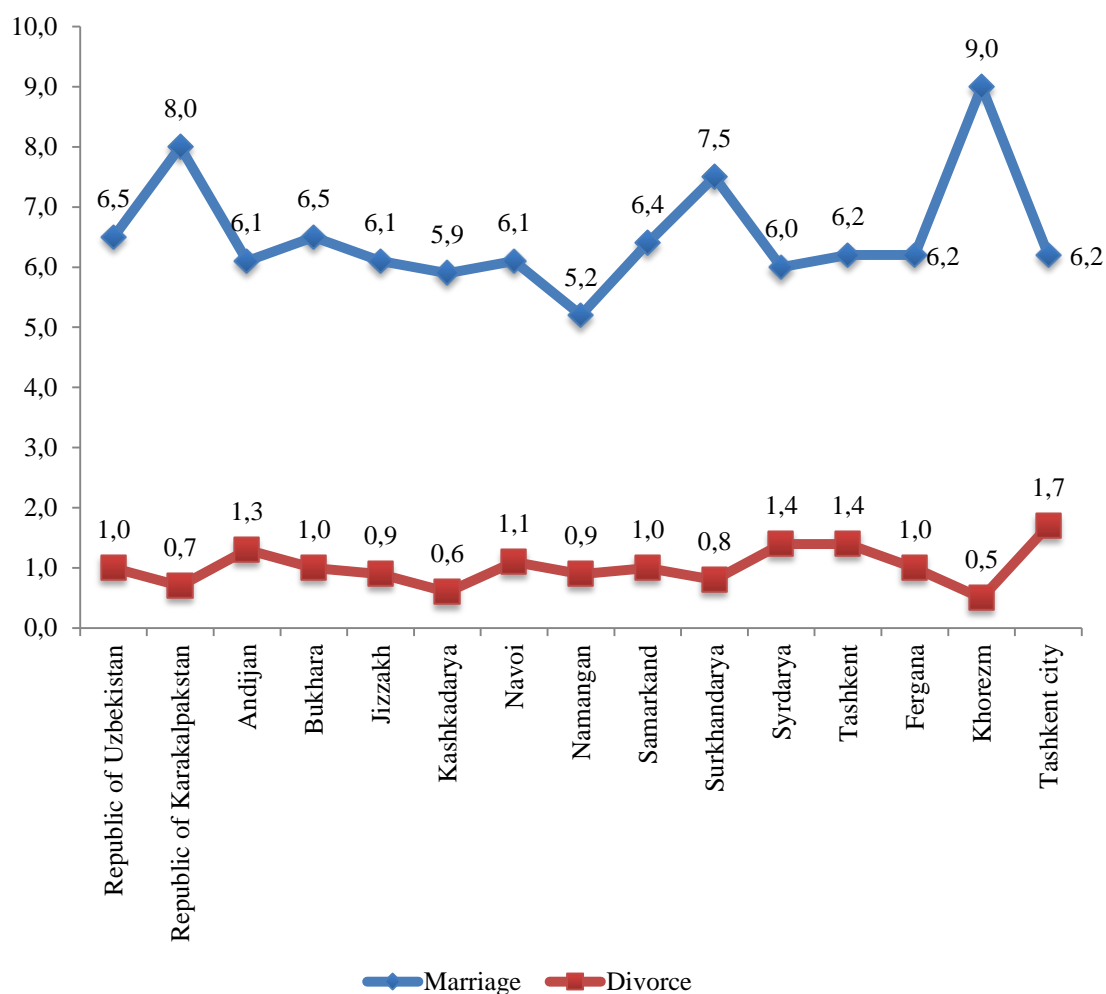
Distribution of deaths by age groups

(to total deaths), %



Marriages and divorces. In January-June of the current year 104,9 thousand marriages and 16,4 thousand divorces were registered. There were 6,5 marriages (in January-June 2017 – 6,0 marriages) and 1,0 divorces (in January-June 2017 – 1,0 divorces) per 1000 population.

Marriage and divorce rates (January-June 2018) (per 1000 population, per mille)



The marriage rate has increased significantly in the Republic of Karakalpakstan (from 7,5 per mille to 8,0 per mille), Tashkent city (from 5,7 per mille to 6,2 per mille), Djizzakh region (from 5,1 per mille to 6,1 per mille), Syrdarya region (from 5,0 per mille to 6,0 per mille), Andijan region (from 5,2 per mille to 6,1 per mille), Tashkent region (from 5,5 per mille to 6,2 per mille), Fergana region (from 5,5 per mille to 6,2 per mille).

Number of marriages and divorces
(January-June, thousands unit)

	<i>Marriages</i>		<i>Divorces</i>	
	<i>2017</i>	<i>2018</i>	<i>2017</i>	<i>2018</i>
Republic of Uzbekistan	96,4	104,9	15,5	16,4
Republic of Karakalpakstan	6,8	7,3	0,7	0,7
<i>regions:</i>				
Andijan	7,7	9,1	1,6	2,0
Bukhara	6,1	6,0	0,9	0,9
Jizzakh	3,3	4,0	0,5	0,6
Kashkadarya	8,8	9,2	0,9	0,9
Navoi	2,8	2,9	0,6	0,5
Namangan	6,6	6,9	1,2	1,2
Samarkand	11,4	11,9	1,8	1,9
Surkhandarya	8,7	9,4	0,8	1,0
Syrdarya	2,0	2,5	0,5	0,6
Tashkent	7,7	8,8	1,8	1,9
Fergana	9,7	11,2	1,7	1,7
Khorezm	8,0	8,0	0,7	0,5
Tashkent city	6,8	7,7	1,8	2,0

Migration. In January-June 2018 according to the preliminary data 83,3 thousand - persons arrived to the republic, 88,6 thousand - persons departed from the republic.

Balance of migration was minus 5,3 thousand versus minus 9,6 thousand in the corresponding period of 2017.

The most negative migration balance was observed in Tashkent region (- 2,6), Kashkadarya region (- 2,1), Samarkand region (- 1,5), Bukhara region (- 1,2), the Republic of Karakalpakstan (- 1,7).

The positive migration balance was marked in Tashkent city (+ 8,0).

Migration
(January-June, thousand persons)

	<i>Arrived</i>		<i>Departed</i>		<i>Balance of migration</i>	
	<i>2017</i>	<i>2018.</i>	<i>2017</i>	<i>2017</i>	<i>2018.</i>	<i>2017</i>
Republic of Uzbekistan	82,5	83,3	92,1	88,6	-9,6	-5,3
Republic of Karakalpakstan	6,0	5,7	8,1	7,4	-2,1	-1,7
<i>regions:</i>						
Andijan	3,3	3,5	4,4	4,3	-1,1	-0,8
Bukhara	3,4	3,1	4,5	4,3	-1,1	-1,2
Jizzakh	5,0	5,8	5,4	6,1	-0,4	-0,3
Kashkadarya	5,7	5,9	7,8	8,0	-2,1	-2,1
Navoi	6,9	6,5	7,0	6,9	-0,1	-0,4
Namangan	2,1	2,4	2,8	3,0	-0,7	-0,6
Samarkand	5,1	6,6	7,8	8,1	-2,7	-1,5
Surkhandarya	6,9	6,8	7,8	7,4	-0,9	-0,6
Syrdarya	4,1	4,4	4,6	4,7	-0,5	-0,3
Tashkent	10,2	9,7	14,0	12,3	-3,8	-2,6
Fergana	6,7	6,6	7,9	7,3	-1,2	-0,7
Khorezm	3,9	3,4	4,4	3,9	-0,5	-0,5
Tashkent city	13,2	12,9	5,6	4,9	7,6	8,0

Also, according to preliminary data in January-June 2018 the number of persons who arrived to Uzbekistan for permanent residence from abroad was 1,3 thousand, while the number of those who left Uzbekistan for permanent residence abroad – 6,6 thousand.

The largest share of those who arrived from abroad to Uzbekistan (as a percentage of the total number of arrivals from abroad) falls on persons arrived from Kazakhstan (31,6 percent), Tajikistan (30,3 percent), and the Russian Federation (25,2 percent).

The largest number of those who left Uzbekistan (as a percentage of the total number of those who left the country) are persons who left to the Russian Federation (46,9 percent) and Kazakhstan (46,2 percent).