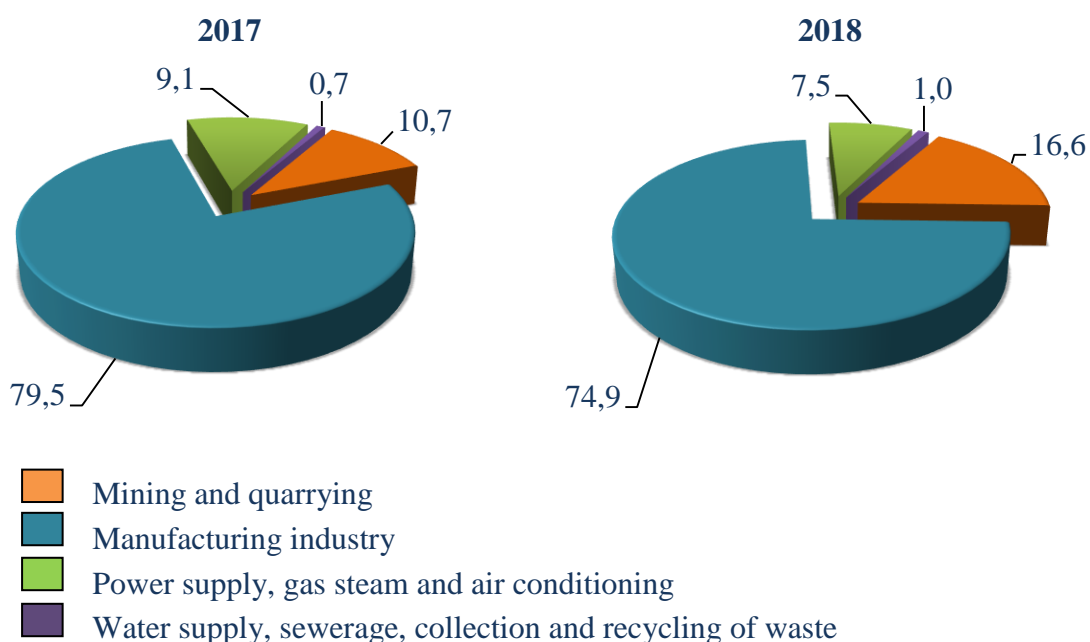


INDUSTRY

According to preliminary data, for January-June of 2018 enterprises of the republic produced industrial products worth 94.0 trillion. UZS, growth rates to the same period last year amounted to 110.7%, and the index of industrial production - 106.1%.

The main factor of growth in the total volume of industrial production was the increase in manufacturing in the manufacturing industry by 7.3% (contribution in the growth of the total volume of industrial production 5.7 points), mining and quarrying - by 32.8% (contribution in increments of 4.6 points), electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning - by 1.4% (contribution to the increase of 0.1 points), water supply, sewerage, collection and disposal of waste - by 36.2% (contribution to an increase of 0.3 points).

The structure of industrial production by main types of economic activity in January-June (% of total industrial output)



Mining and quarrying

The volume of products produced by mining enterprises and quarrying for January-June of 2018 amounted to 15.6 trillion soums, or 16.6% of the total volume of industry.

In the mining industry and the development of quarries by types of products produced, compared to the corresponding period of the previous year, there are growth of kaolin by 1.8 times, extraction of crushed stone by 1.6 times, gas condensate by 17.9%, natural gas by 6, 3% and gravel - by 1.5%, while coal production was reduced by 14.8% and oil by 9.7%.

The volume of production of certain types of industrial products in bulk by large enterprises

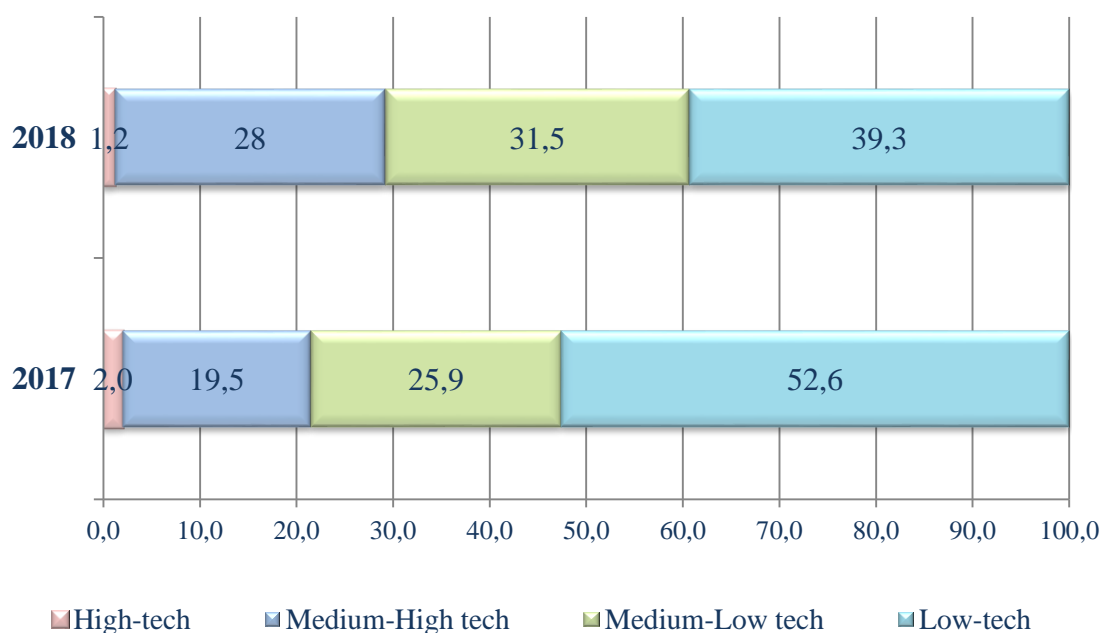
in mining and quarrying
(for January-June of 2018)

	<i>Unit. measure.</i>	<i>January June 2018</i>	<i>% to January-June 2017</i>
Oil	thousand tons	375,2	90,3
Gas condensate	thousand tons	1055,3	117,9
Natural gas	million cubic meters. m	29340,4	106,3
Coal	thousand tons	1689,1	85,2
Gravel	thousand tons	168,7	101,5
Crushed stone	thousand tons	644,9	1,6 t.

Manufacturing industry

The volume of products produced by manufacturing enterprises in January-June of 2018 amounted to 70.5 trillion soums, or 74.9% of the total volume of industry. In the structure of manufacturing industry, the share of high-tech industries was 1.2% (2.0% in January-June 2017), medium-technology (28.0%) (19.5%), medium-technology technology 31.5% (25.9%) and low technology - 39.3% (52.6%).

**Structure of manufacturing industry in terms
of manufacturability in January-June, %**



In the manufacturing industry, in comparison with the corresponding period last year, increased production of tractors in 5.6 times, paints and varnishes on the basis of acrylic or vinyl polymers - by 28.2%, automobile engines - by 22.9%, cars (without specialized) - by 18.4%, diesel fuel - by 17.9%, vegetable oil - by 10.5%, motor gasoline - by 3.1%, cotton fiber - by 1.4%, and portland cement production, buses and trucks, compared with the corresponding period last year, decreased.

**The volume of production of certain species
of industrial products in physical terms
large enterprises in the manufacturing industry
(for January-June of 2018)**

	<i>Unit. measure</i>	<i>January June 2018</i>	<i>% to January-June 2017</i>
Cars (without specialized)		78035	118,4
Trucks		1550	75,0
Buses		269	69,2
Tractors		1799	5,6 t.
Car engines		59860	122,9
Cotton fiber	thsd. tons	490,5	101,4
Vegetable oil (refined)	thsd. tons	121,7	110,5
Tobacco products	mln.	4890	102,2
Gasoline for automobiles	thsd. tons	560,3	103,1
Diesel fuel	thsd. tons	557,2	117,9
Portland cement	thsd. tons	3953,8	94,2
Paints and varnishes on the basis of acrylic or vinyl polymers	thsd. tons	6,7	128,2

Power supply, gas, steam and air conditioning

The volume of products produced by electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning enterprises amounted to 7.0 trillion soums (7.5% of the total industry).

In this industry in January-June 2018, compared to with the corresponding period of the previous year, production increased, transfer

and electricity distribution, steam and air conditioning systems - by 1.4%, and the production and distribution of gaseous fuels - by 1.0%.

Water supply, sewerage, collection and recycling of waste

The volume of products produced by water supply, sewerage, waste collection and disposal enterprises amounted to 955.9 billion soums (1.0% of the total volume of industry).

Compared to the corresponding period of the previous year, there is an increase in recyclables containing ferrous metals - by 32.8%, recycled materials containing aluminum - by 73.9%, services for processing and distribution of water through water pipes - by 22.8%, services for waste water disposal, transportation and processing - by 20.7%.

Manufacture of industrial products by type of economic activity

(for January-June of 2018)

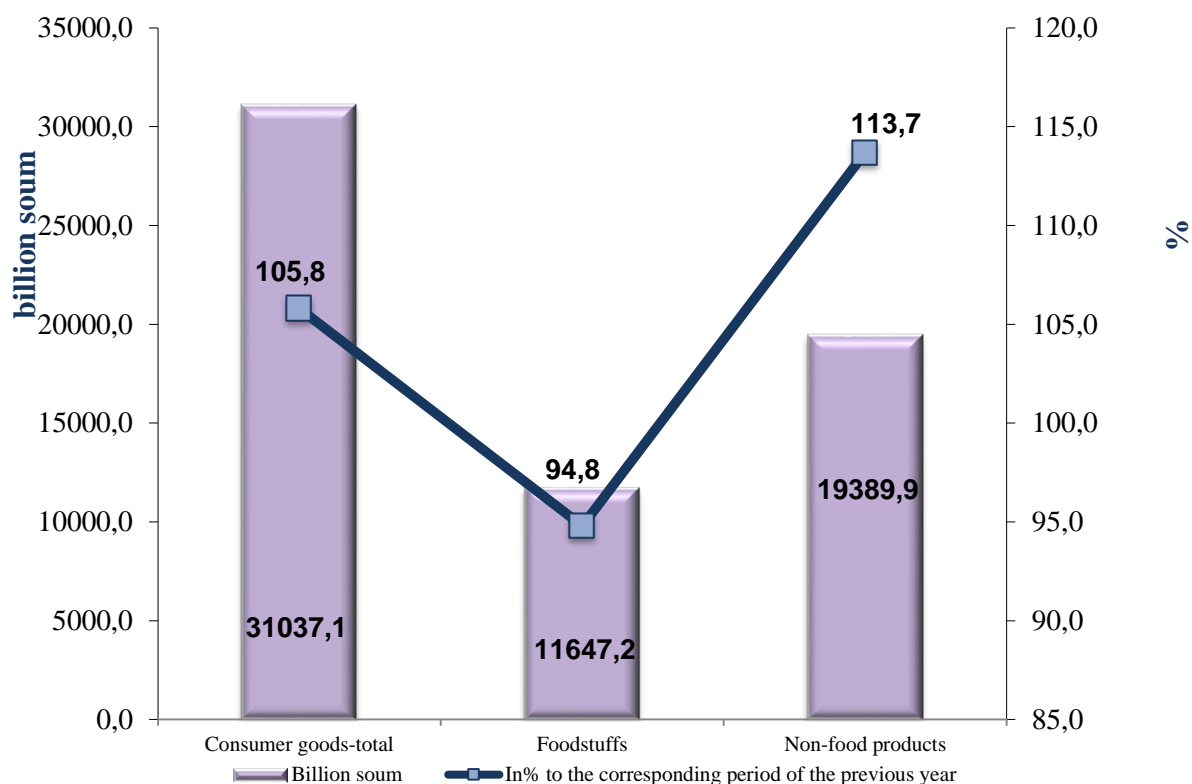
	<i>Billion soums</i>	<i>% to January-June 2017</i>
The volume of industrial production of products - total	94017,2	110,7
Mining industry and quarrying	15596,6	132,8
<i>of which:</i>		
production of coal, lignite, oil and natural gas	10169,3	160,3
mining of metal ores	4816,0	101,0
other mining activities industry	324,7	111,1
Manufacturing industry	70461,6	107,3
<i>of which:</i>		
production of food, beverages, tobacco products	12266,8	93,4
manufacture of textiles, clothing, leather products	12842,5	113,1

	<i>Billion soums</i>	<i>% to January-June 2017</i>
production, repair, installation of machinery and equipment, production of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers, other finished metal products	15715,5	122,6
manufacture of wooden and cork products, products made of straw and plaiting materials, paper and paper products, furniture printing and reproduction of recorded material	1484,3	98,5
manufacture of wooden and cork products, products made of straw and plaiting materials, paper and paper products, furniture printing and reproduction of recorded material	552,5	105,9
production of coke and refined products	2445,5	102,8
production of chemical products, rubber and plastic products	7701,0	107,5
production of basic pharmaceutical products and preparations	614,6	102,7
production of other non-metallic mineral products	4568,0	103,6
metallurgical industry	11753,7	104,1
Power supply, gas supply, steam and air conditioning	7003,1	101,4
Water supply, sewerage, collection and waste management	955,9	136,2

Manufacture of consumer goods

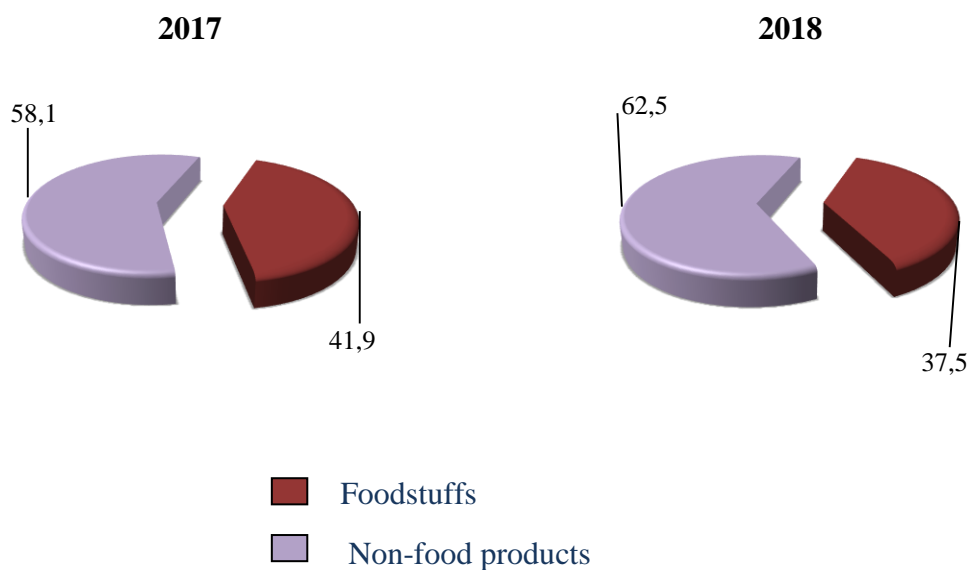
The expansion of the assortment and stimulation of the output of finished products affected the increase in the production of consumer goods in comparison with January-June 2017 (105.8%), the share of which in the volume of industry amounted to 33.0%.

The volume and growth rates of consumer goods production
(for January-June of 2018)



In comparison with January-June, 2017, in the structure of consumer goods in January-June of 2018 there was an increase in the share of production of non-food products from 58.1% to 62.5%.

Structure of industrial production of consumer goods, % of total production of consumer goods
(for January-June)



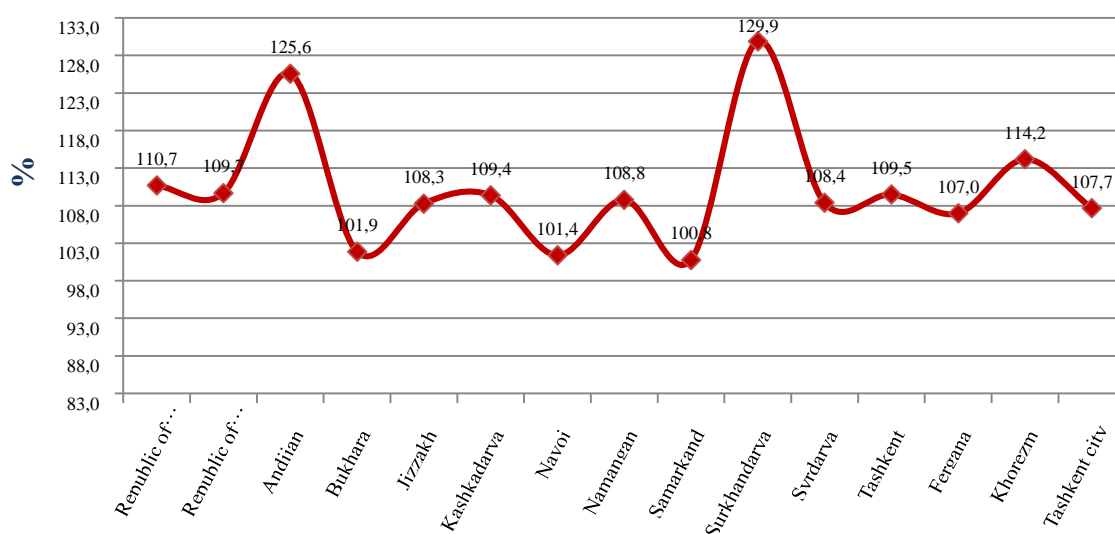
Industrial production of regions

Consistent implementation of measures to increase the industrial potential of the regions contributed to a significant increase in production in Surkhandarya (129.9% against January-June 2017), Andijan (125.6%), Khorezm (114.2%), Tashkent (109.5%), Kashkadarya (109.4%) oblasts and the Republic of Karakalpakstan (109.7%).

The growth rate of industrial production by region

(for January-June of 2018)

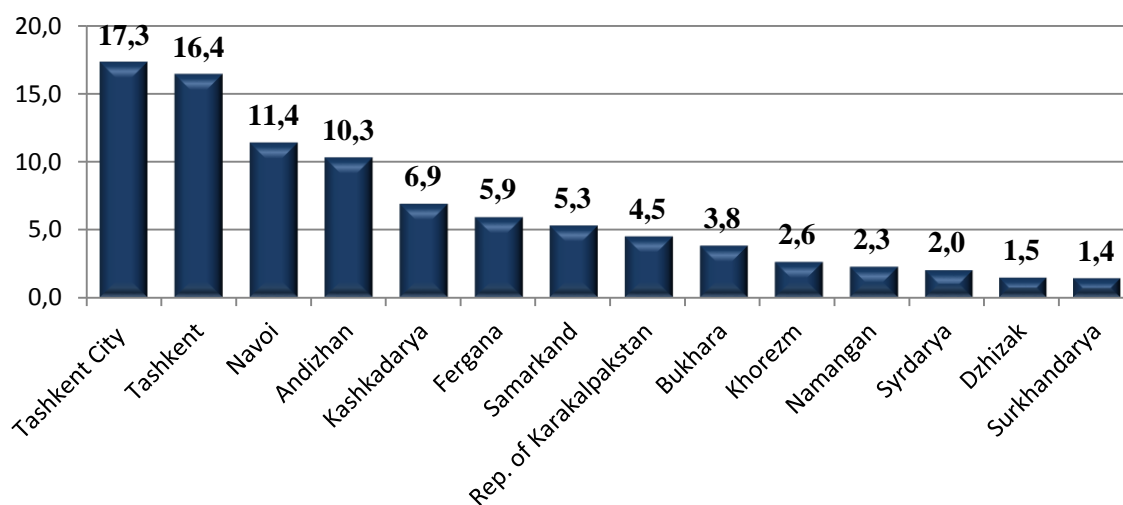
(% of the corresponding period of the previous year)



The largest share in the structure of output of industrial products of the Republic is in Tashkent (17.3% of the republican industrial output), Tashkent (16.4%), Navoi (11.4%), Andijan (10.3%), Kashkadarya (6.9%) and the Ferghana (5.9%) regions.

Share of regions in total industrial production

(for January-June of 2018)



At the same time, the smallest specific weight falls on Surkhandarya (1.4%), Jizzakh (1.5%), Syrdarya (2.0%), Namangan (2.3%) and Khorezm (2.6%) regions.

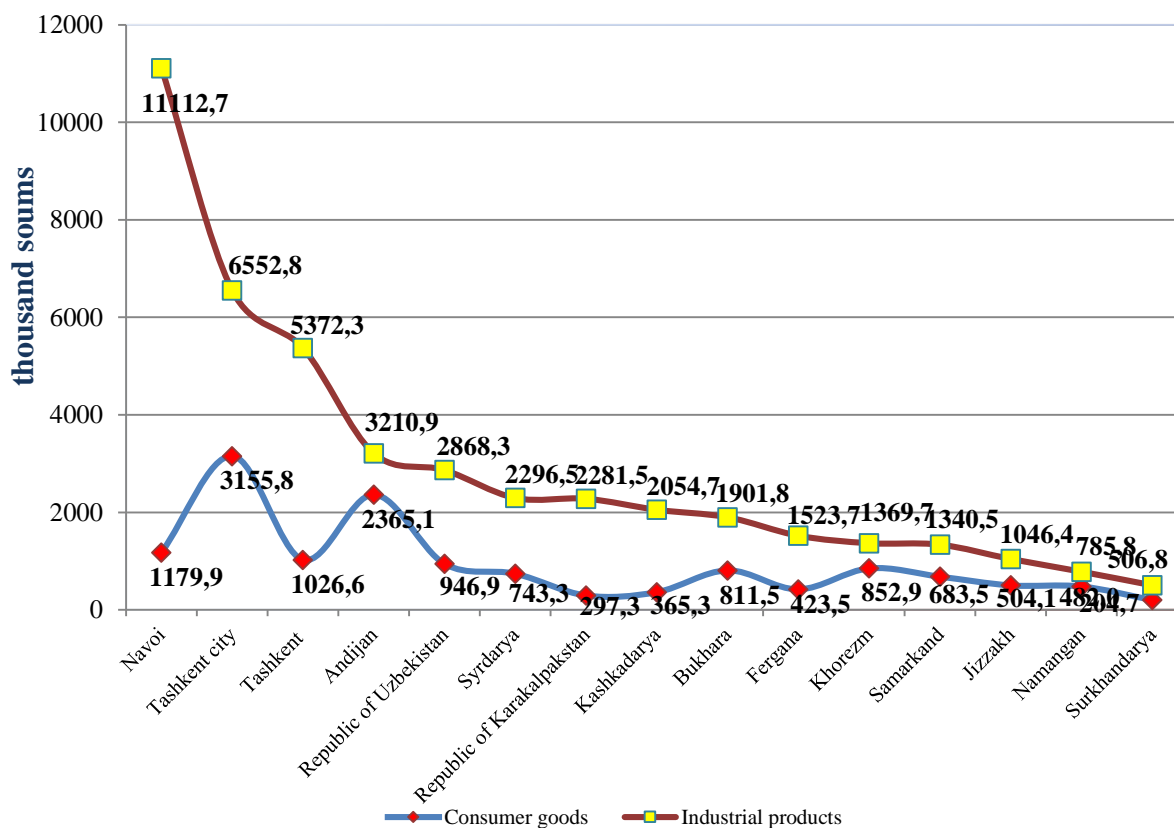
**Volume of production of industrial products
and consumer goods**
(for January-June of 2018)

	<i>Industrial products, billion soums¹⁾</i>	<i>% to January-June 2017</i>	<i>Consumer goods, billion soums¹⁾</i>	<i>% to January-June 2017</i>
Republic of Uzbekistan	94017,2	110,7	31037,1	105,8
Republic of Karakalpakstan	4216,0	109,7	549,5	103,3
<i>regions:</i>				
Andijan	9703,2	125,6	7147,3	128,5
Bukhara	3567,1	101,9	1522,1	104,9
Jizzakh	1392,8	108,3	671,0	102,8
Kashkadarya	6496,3	109,4	1154,9	102,3
Navoi	10683,8	101,4	1134,4	100,9
Namangan	2129,6	108,8	1306,2	105,8
Samarkand	5008,9	100,8	2554,0	106,8
Surkhandarya	1280,3	129,9	517,1	105,2
Syrdarya	1880,6	108,4	608,7	108,7
Tashkent	15412,7	109,5	2945,1	108,2
Fergana	5535,2	107,0	1571,1	103,7
Khorezm	2479,3	114,2	1543,8	115,5
Tashkent city	16220,9	107,7	7811,8	101,8

¹⁾ Including unallocated data by region

Analysis of the differentiation of industrial production per capita showed an excess of the average republican indicator (2,681.3 thousand soums) in Navoi region (11112.7 thousand soums), Tashkent (6552.8 thousand soums), Tashkent (5372.3 thousand soums) .sum) and Andijan (3210.9 thousand soums) regions.

Average per capita output of industrial products and consumer goods by region, thousand soums
(for January-June of 2018)



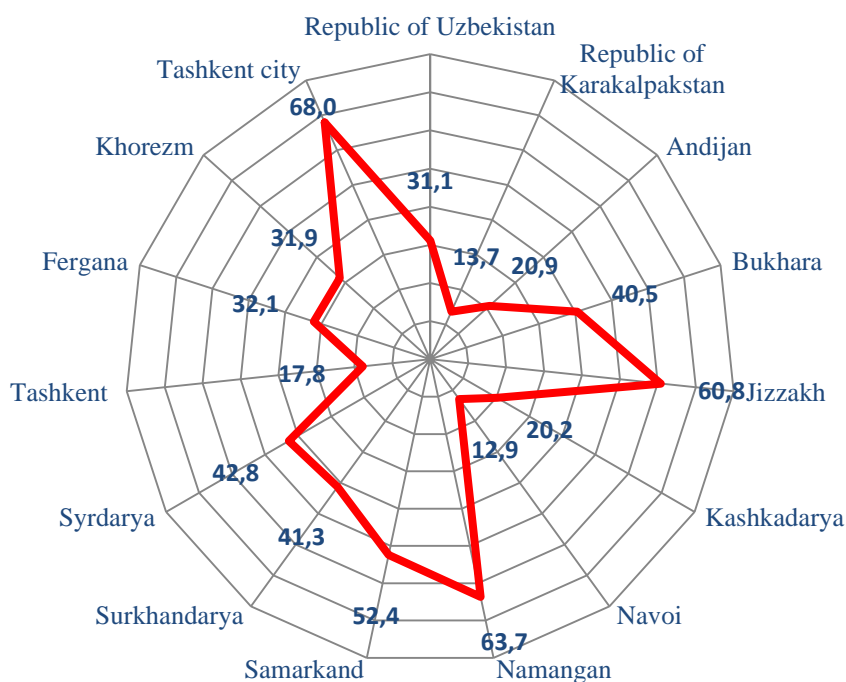
In the context of regions, high rates of growth in average per capita output of industrial output were observed in Surkhandaryya (127.2% compared to January-June 2017), Andijan (123.5%) and Khorezm (112.5%) regions. At the same time, low growth rates were noted in Samarkand (98.9%) and Navoi (99.8%) regions.

The contribution of small business to industrial production

Dynamic development of industrial activity of small business entities ensured the growth of industrial production to the corresponding period of the previous year by 6.6%, while the share of small business in industry was 31.1%.

In the context of regions, the largest share of small business was observed in Tashkent (68.0% of total industry), Namangan (63.7%), Jizzakh (60.8%) and Samarkand (52.4%) regions. At the same time, the smallest share of small business was registered in Navoi region (12.9%), the Republic of Karakalpakstan (13.7%), Tashkent (17.8%), Kashkadarya (20.2%) and Andijan (20.9%) regions .

The share of small businesses in the total industrial production by region,%
(for January-June of 2018)



Implementation of the Program for localization of production of finished products, components and materials

Development of industrial production of the republic was also facilitated by the implementation of the Program for localization of production of finished products, components and materials, in which 667 projects produced goods worth 7.4 trillion. UZS, exported localized products - by 262.5 million dollars, 500 new jobs were created.

Despite the reduction in the number of projects, in January-June 2018, compared to the same period last year, the volume of localized products increased by 2.1 times, and its exports by 14.6%, but at the same time, the number of new workers created places decreased by 70.0%.

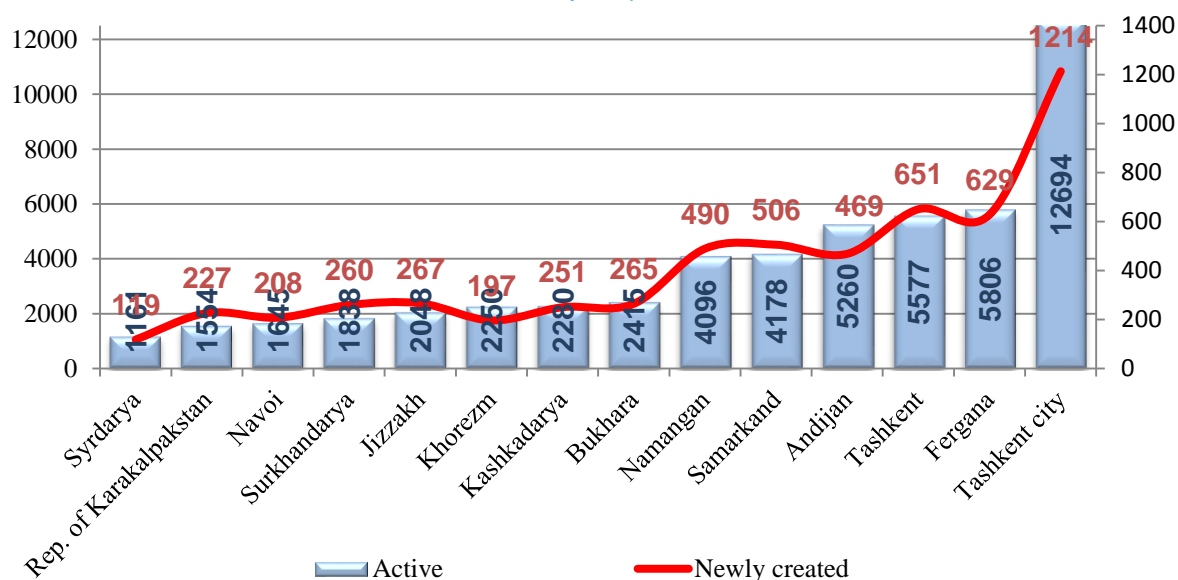
Main indicators of the Program for localization of production of finished products, components and materials
(for January-June)

	2017	2018
Number of projects, <i>units</i>	711	667
Number of enterprises, <i>units</i>	308	281
Volume of production, <i>billion soums</i>	3488,8	7425,4
Implemented for export of localized products, <i>USD million</i>	229,1	262,5
Created new jobs, <i>units</i> .	1665	500

The existing and newly created enterprises of industry

Today there are more than 52,800 enterprises in the republic, of which 12,694 enterprises are located in Tashkent, 5,806 in Fergana, 5,577 in Tashkent, 5260 in Andijan, 4178 in Samarkand, and 4,096 in Namangan, 2415 to Bukhara, 2280 to Kashkadarya, 2250 to Khorezm, 2048 to Jizzakh, 1838 to Surkhandarya, 1645 to Navoi, 1161 to Syrdarya and 1554 to the Republic of Karakalpakstan.

The number of existing and newly established industrial enterprises
(as of July 1, 2018)



Over January-June this year, more than 5.7 thousand industrial enterprises were re-established in the republic, of which about 69% fall in Tashkent, Tashkent, Fergana, Andijan, Samarkand and Namangan regions.