

VII. PRIVATIZATION OF ENTERPRISES AND OBJECTS

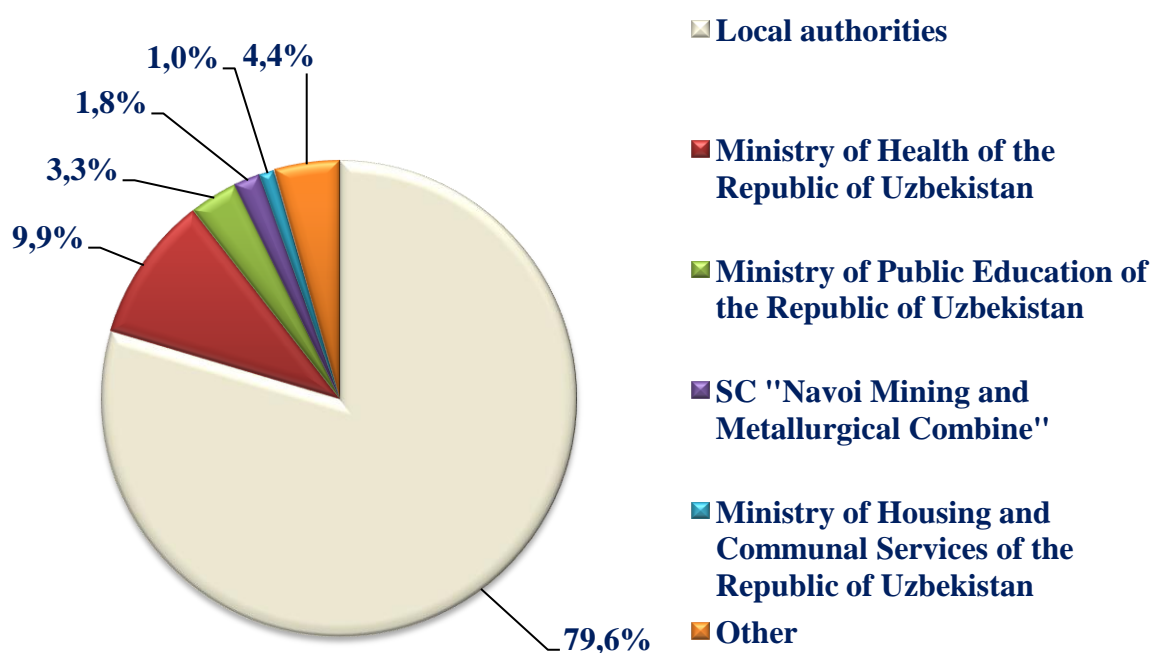
According to the State Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan for the Promotion of Privatized Enterprises and the Development of Competition, in January-September 2018, 541 enterprises and objects (hereinafter referred to as facilities) were privatized (including program and non-program facilities).

Key Privatization Indicators (January-September 2018)

	<i>The number of privatized enterprises and objects</i>		<i>Receipts from the sale of state assets</i>	
	<i>unit</i>	<i>% of total</i>	<i>mln. soums</i>	<i>% of total</i>
Republic of Uzbekistan	541	100.0	173159.9	100.0
Republic of Karakalpakstan	37	6.9	4461.7	2.6
<i>regions:</i>				
Andijan	43	8.0	3171.0	1.9
Bukhara	20	3.7	6055.8	3.4
Jizzakh	29	5.3	4122.3	2.3
Kashkadarya	50	9.2	3826.0	2.2
Navoi	9	1.7	1073.1	1.0
Namangan	36	6.7	9647.7	5.6
Samarkand	45	8.3	7922.5	4.6
Surkhandarya	70	13.0	3067.6	1.8
Syrdarya	21	3.9	1833.6	1.0
Tashkent	119	22.0	11391.3	6.5
Ferghana	19	3.5	7400.6	4.2
Khorezm	35	6.4	3913.4	2.2
Tashkent city	8	1.4	105273.3	60.7

In the reporting period, the largest number of objects were privatized in the Tashkent region - 119 objects (22.0 % of the total number of privatized objects in the republic), Surkhandarya region - 70 (13.0 %), Kashkadarya region - 50 (9.2 %), Samarkand region - 45 (8.3 %), Andijan region - 43 (8.0 %), the Republic of Karakalpakstan - 37 (6.9 %), Namangan region - 36 (6.7 %), Khorezm region - 35 objects (6.4 %).

The structure of privatized state property by ministries and departments
(January-September 2018,% of the total)



In the structure of privatized state property, the largest share falls on objects of local authorities - 431 objects (79.6 % of the total number of objects privatized in the republic), the Ministry of Health - 54 (9.9 %), the Ministry of Public Education - 18 (3.3 %), SE «NGMK » - 10 (1.8 %), the Ministry of Housing and Communal Services - 3 objects (1.0 %).

The flow of funds from the privatization of state property in January-September 2018 amounted to 173.2 billion soums.

Structure of proceeds from the sale of state property by region
(January-September 2018,% of the total)



Territorially, the largest share of state property privatization comes from Tashkent city (60.7 % of all revenues), Namangan (5.6 %), Tashkent (6.5 %), Ferghana (4.2 %), Samarkand (4.6 %) and Bukhara (3.4 %) regions.

In order to effectively use the state non-residential fund, in 2018 more than 26.9 thousand lease agreements were concluded. As a result, more than 10.1 thousand new jobs were created. A total of 97.6 billion soums came from leasing state property.

Territorially, the largest part of revenues from the lease of state property falls on the Tashkent city (51.4 % of all revenues), Tashkent (6.8 %), Andijan (5.0 %) and Khorezm (4.7%) regions.