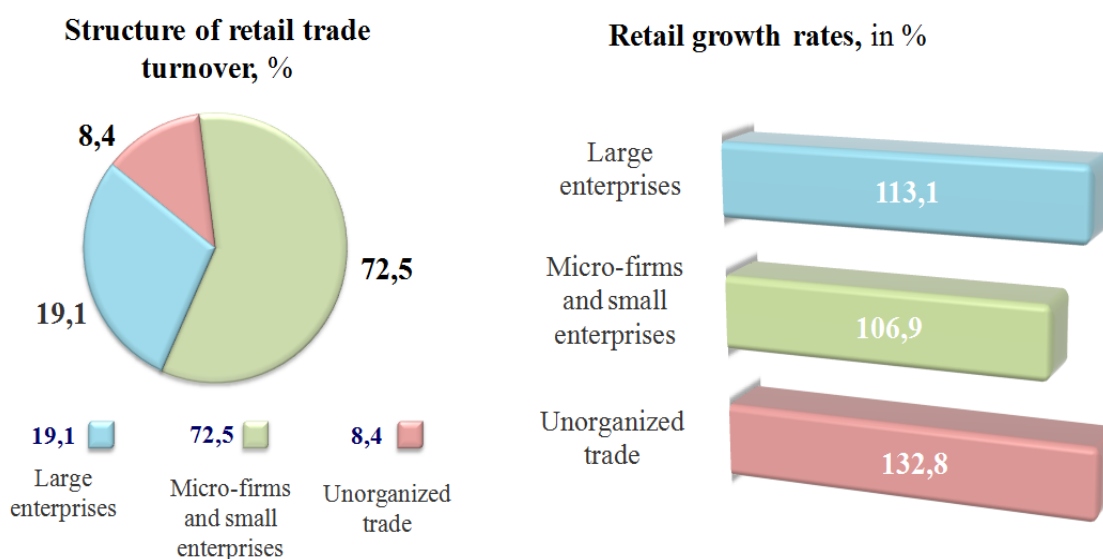


VII. CONSUMER MARKET

SECTION 1. RETAIL TRADE

Retail trade turnover in January-September 2021 reached 167 026.2 billion soums and increased by 9.8% compared to the same period in 2020, the turnover of large enterprises also amounted to 31 994.1 billion soums (growth rate - 113.1%), and small businesses and private entrepreneurship – 121 072.7 billion soums (growth rate - 106.9%), unorganized trade amounted to 13 959.4 billion soums (growth rate - 132.8%).

Structure of retail trade turnover and growth rates, in%



Unorganized trade turnover

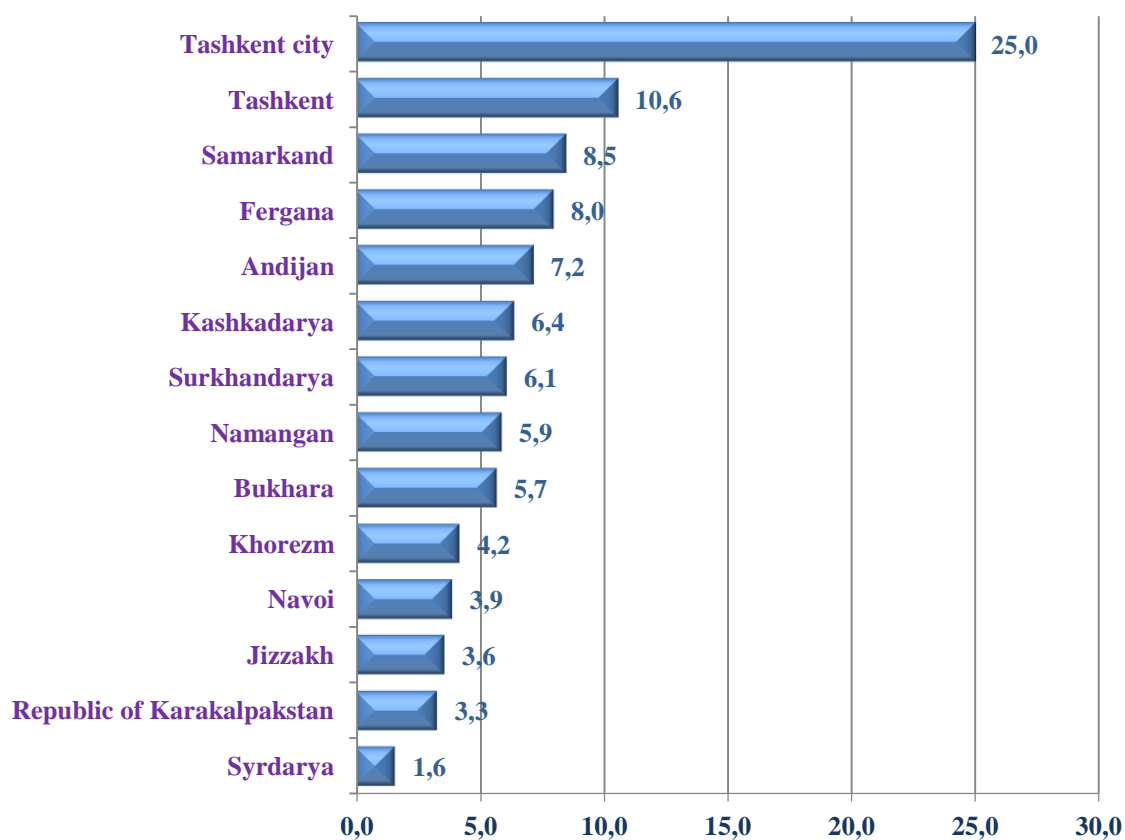
(billion soums)



The highest share in the total volume of retail turnover was noted in Tashkent city and it amounted to 25.0%, Tashkent - 10.6%, Samarkand - 8.5%, Fergana - 8.0% and Andijan - 7.2%. The lowest specific weight was recorded in Syrdarya region - 1.6% and the Republic of Karakalpakstan - 3.3%.

**Share based on the results of retail turnover
in the context of territories, %**

(for January-September 2021)



In the structure of the republic's retail trade turnover, a significant share is noted in the city of Tashkent, which is 25.0%, or 41 730.4 billion soums.

Also, in the structure of retail trade turnover in the period under review, the smallest share was recorded at 1.6%, or 2 665.1 billion soums, which was noted in Syrdarya region.

The retail trade turnover in January-September 2021 reached 167 026.2 billion soums and increased by 9.8% compared to the corresponding period of 2020.

Compared to the same period in 2020, significant growth rates in the period under review were noted in the city of Tashkent (114.9%), Kashkadarya (110.5%) and Namangan (109.4%) regions.

Retail turnover
(for January-September 2021, including catering)

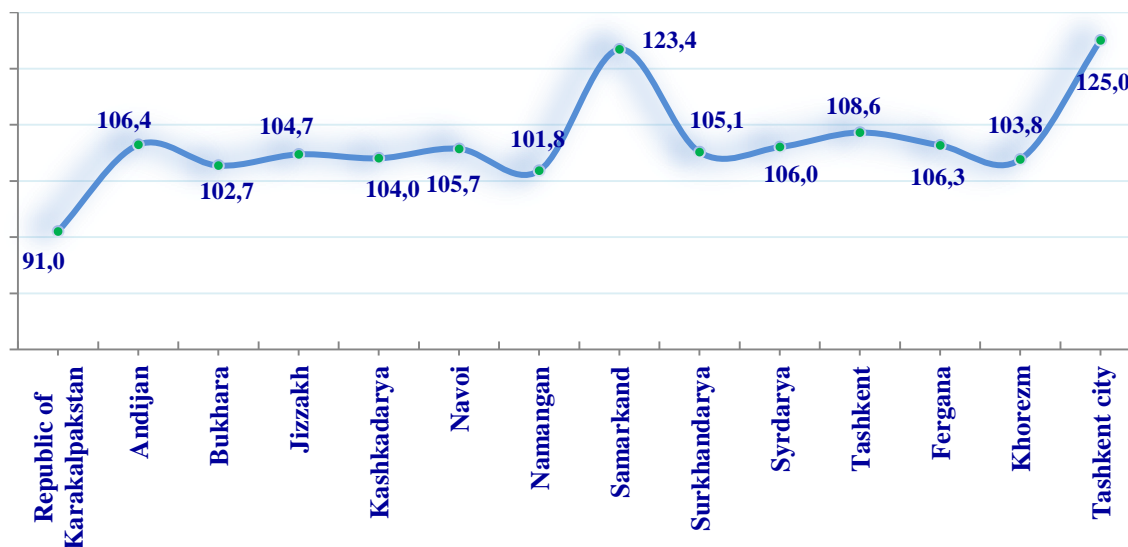
	<i>Total</i>		<i>Per capita</i>	
	<i>billion soums</i>	<i>in % to January-September 2020</i>	<i>thousand soums</i>	<i>in % to January-September 2020</i>
Republic of Uzbekistan	167 026,2	109,8	4 797,0	107,7
Republic of Karakalpakstan	5 591,8	106,3	2 894,9	105,0
<i>regions:</i>				
Andijan	11 978,1	107,2	3 728,3	105,1
Bukhara	9 573,7	104,0	4 890,3	102,7
Jizzakh	6 004,6	108,1	4 220,6	105,8
Kashkadarya	10 640,8	110,5	3 164,9	108,4
Navoi	6 433,4	105,0	6 301,1	103,2
Namangan	9 923,1	109,4	3 432,7	107,2
Samarkand	14 274,1	108,3	3 588,0	106,2
Surkhandarya	10 171,7	108,1	3 762,5	105,9
Syrdarya	2 665,1	108,3	3 072,5	106,4
Tashkent	17 684,5	109,2	6 079,5	111,1
Fergana	13 288,0	107,0	3 452,3	105,1
Khorezm	7 066,8	108,1	3 711,8	106,4
Tashkent city	41 730,4	114,9	14 853,3	106,8

Retail trade turnover, including the turnover of catering enterprises, per capita increased by 7.7% and amounted to 4 797.0 thousand soums (in the corresponding period of 2020 - 3 982.9 thousand soums). The highest per capita trade turnover was noted in Tashkent city (14 853.3 thousand soums), Navoi (6 301.1 thousand soums) and Tashkent (6 079.5 thousand soums) regions, the lowest - in the Republic of Karakalpakstan (2 894.9 thousand soums), Syrdarya (3 072.5 thousand soums) and Kashkadarya (3 164.9 thousand soums) regions.

Public catering enterprises turnover

In January-September 2021, the share of trade turnover of public catering enterprises in the structure of retail trade turnover amounted to 2.6%, reaching 4 334.1 billion soums, and increased, compared to the same period in 2020, by 14.7%. Of these, 75.3% of the trade turnover falls on the share of small businesses.

Growth rates of catering enterprises by region, in%



The turnover of public catering in the period under review amounted to 4 334.1 billion soums (by January-September 2020 - 114.7%), by type of ownership: non-state 4 289.6 billion soums and state - 44.5 billion soums.

Compared to the same period last year, the turnover of public catering enterprises of state ownership decreased from 2.8% to 1.0%.

SECTION 2. WHOLESALE TRADE

According to preliminary data, in January-September 2021, the volume of wholesale trade reached 94 478.4 billion soums and, compared to the same period in 2020, increased by 11.1%. The turnover of wholesale trade of large business entities, according to statistical calculations, amounted to 31 260.6 billion soums and, compared to the corresponding period of 2020, increased by 21.1%. The share of this sector in the wholesale trade turnover in the republic amounted to 33.1%.

The highest growth rates of wholesale turnover of large enterprises, compared to the same period in 2020, were noted in Bukhara (203.0%) region, Tashkent city (134.4%) and Jizzakh (122.7%) regions.

In recent years, the role of the public sector in the total volume of wholesale trade has been steadily decreasing. Thus, for the reporting period, the share of this sector was fixed at the level of 0.1% of the total volume of wholesale trade. Wholesale trade turnover in January-September 2021 amounted to 94 478.4 billion soums, including non-state entities – 94 369.1 billion soums, state entities - 109.3 billion soums.

Wholesale turnover by region
(January-September 2021)

	<i>Total (Billion soums)</i>	<i>in % by 2020</i>	<i>large enterprises (Billion soums)</i>	<i>in % by 2020</i>	<i>small businesses (Billion soums)</i>	<i>in % by 2020</i>
Republic of Uzbekistan	94 478,4	111,1	31 260,6	121,1	63 217,8	106,7
Republic of Karakalpakstan	1 478,9	92,9	374,2	68,1	1 104,6	105,9
<i>regions:</i>						
Andijan	2 749,5	97,9	807,7	78,3	1 941,7	109,2
Bukhara	3 454,5	126,3	1 136,6	203,0	2 317,9	106,6
Jizzakh	1 674,2	106,0	418,4	122,7	1 255,8	101,4
Kashkadarya	2 253,0	106,5	507,4	115,5	1 745,6	104,1
Navoi	1 291,3	94,8	296,7	72,9	994,7	104,2
Namangan	3 544,7	108,7	682,1	107,6	2 862,6	109,0
Samarkand	5 290,5	102,0	1 642,3	102,3	3 648,2	101,9
Surkhandarya	2 314,5	94,5	575,6	73,1	1 738,9	104,6
Syrdarya	1 567,8	99,9	167,9	74,9	1 399,9	104,0
Tashkent	7 790,7	103,4	2 824,2	99,8	4 966,4	105,5
Fergana	5 475,2	101,8	448,6	73,1	5 026,5	105,5
Khorezm	2 145,0	101,1	547,7	87,5	1 597,4	106,8
Tashkent city	53 448,6	115,4	20 831,1	134,4	32 617,6	105,8

Explanation of statistical indicators

Retail trade is an activity in the field of trade that involves the sale of goods by the piece or in small quantities for cash to the population for final consumption, i.e. represents the final stage in the movement of goods, when they move from the sphere of circulation to the sphere of personal or collective consumption;

Retail turnover - the cost of consumer goods sold to the population for cash or paid for with plastic or credit cards, bank checks (which is also counted as a sale for cash), regardless of the distribution channels;

Public catering - the implementation of activities by legal entities specializing in the preparation, sale and organization of consumption of culinary products;

Public catering turnover - reflects the revenue from the sale of own culinary products (dishes, culinary products and semi-finished products), as well as purchased goods without culinary processing (flour, confectionery, bakery), to the population for consumption on the spot, as well as to organizations and individual entrepreneurs for catering various contingents of the population;

Inventory - balances of goods intended for subsequent sale on the balance sheet of retail trade enterprises;

Commodity structure of commodity turnover - the composition of commodity turnover, the ratio between individual goods and commodity groups in the total volume of commodity turnover, which is reflected in the total sales using a relative indicator - the proportion (share) as a percentage of the total;

Wholesale trade - the sale of purchased goods in a non-cash form of payment for their use for commercial purposes or their own production and economic needs;

Consumer goods - goods and services that directly satisfy human needs, intended for final consumption (family or personal);

Products for industrial and technical purposes - products intended for industrial consumption include raw materials, materials, fuel, components, tools, machines, spare parts, semi-finished products, etc.;

Wholesale turnover - represents the proceeds from the sale of goods under concluded contracts in non-cash form of settlements for commercial use (further processing or sale) or for their own production and economic needs;

Commodity stocks - goods in the sphere of commodity circulation, or the remainder of goods on the balance sheet of wholesale enterprises and intended for subsequent sale;

Commodity structure of commodity turnover - the composition of commodity turnover, the ratio between individual goods and commodity groups in the total volume of commodity turnover, which is reflected in the total sales using a relative indicator - the specific weight (share) as a percentage of the total.